Data Subcommittee Measure A Baselines Report

Executive Committee on Regional Homelessness Alignment January 24, 2025

Overview

- Data Subcommittee and process
- Description of data sources
- For each of the Measure A goals 1–4, we will discuss:
 - Point in Time Count data: 2024 baseline and trends from 2019-2024
 - Administrative data: FY 2023–24 baseline and trends from 2019-2024
- Key takeaways

Key Milestones

- October–January: Leadership table and other partners developed concepts for Measure A performance metrics
- <u>January 24</u>: Data Subcommittee presents baseline measures and five-year trends for Measure A Goals 1-4
- <u>February</u>: Leadership Table recommends goals
- <u>March–April</u>: Executive Committee considers and adopts goals

Data Sources

Point in Time Count

HMIS (Homeless Management Information System) service data

CHAMP (Comprehensive Health Accompaniment and Management Platform) service data

Linked data from County Depts (DMH, DHS, DPH) through the County Infohub

Visual count and demographic survey

People accessing homelessness services in LA County

People accessing DHS housing programs in LA County

For mental health and substance use disorder diagnoses

Future work on equity

- The Data Subcommittee is currently working to produce metrics by demographic group (race, ethnicity, gender, age, veteran status)
 - Supplemental report due March 1, 2025

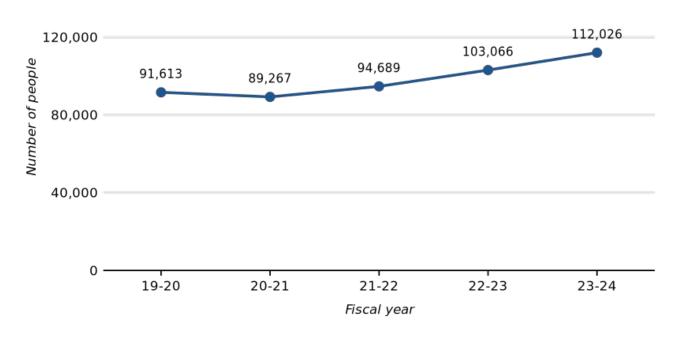
 Will also continue to provide data and consultation to Equity Subcommittee

Notes on interpreting this data

- Administrative data only captures people who access services. More people are counted as services expand or outreach improves
- Estimates will change in the future as data quality improves or changes
- Survey data only reflects those willing to respond to the questions
- Some survey questions are imperfectly aligned with the metrics

Five-year trend: Services data

Count of service participants experiencing homelessness during fiscal year



Change year over year:

+5% on average

Five-year change:

+22%

Key Takeaways (Preview)

- The number of people experiencing homelessness in Los Angeles County is growing.
- Inflow into the homelessness system is significant and constant over time.
- There have been gains in moving people from homelessness to permanent housing and serving unsheltered people in interim housing.
- The proportion of people with service histories indicating serious mental illness or substance use disorder is relatively constant over time.

Goal 1 Encampments to Housing

Goal 1

Measure A language

Increase the number of people moving from encampments into permanent housing to reduce unsheltered homelessness (Section 4.A.1)

Goal 1: Survey/PIT data metric

Baseline:

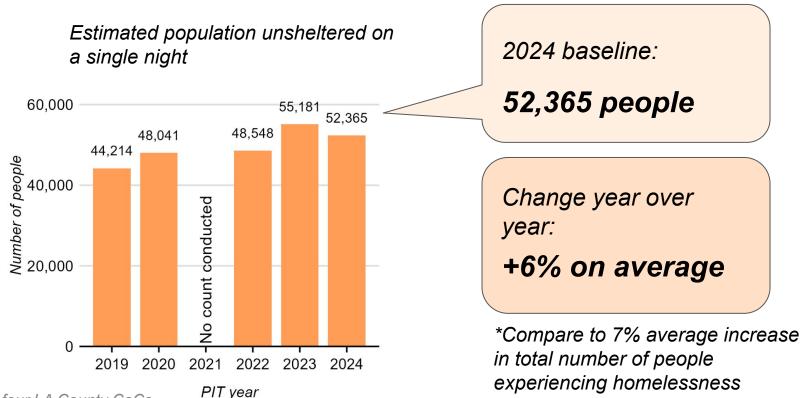
Estimated population of people sleeping unsheltered on a single night in 2024 PIT Count

Includes people sleeping on the streets, in tents, and in vehicles

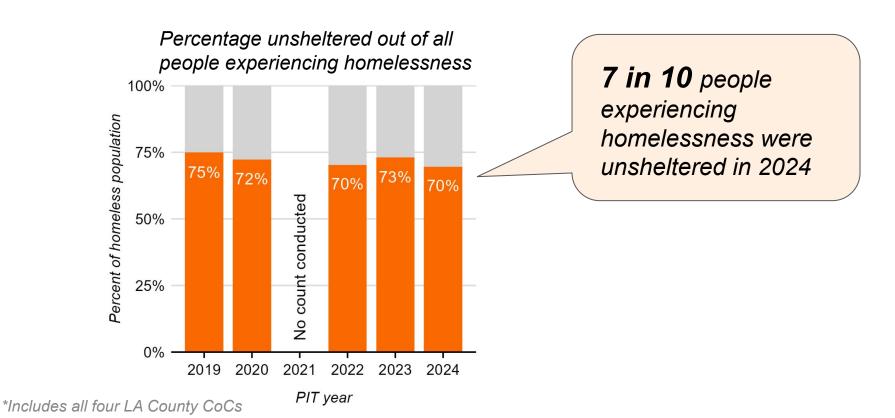
Trend:

Average change in population year over year

PIT estimate: Population unsheltered on a single night



Unsheltered people as percentage of all people experiencing homelessness



Goal 1: Service data metric

Baseline (a):

Count of service participants who experienced unsheltered homelessness during the 2023–24 fiscal year

Goal 1: Service data metric

Baseline (a):

Count of service participants who experienced unsheltered homelessness during the 2023–24 fiscal year

Baseline (b):

How many of those people also accessed interim housing

Baseline (c):

How many of those people exited to permanent housing

Goal 1: Service data metric

Baseline (a):

Count of service participants who experienced unsheltered homelessness during the 2023–24 fiscal year

Trend:

Change in count of (a), (b), and (c) year over year

Baseline (b):

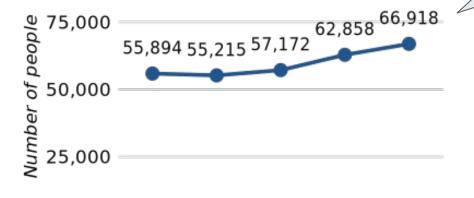
How many of those people also accessed interim housing

Baseline (c):

How many of those people exited to permanent housing

Service data estimate (a): Service participants who experienced unsheltered homelessness

Count of service participants who experienced unsheltered homelessness



0 19-20 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24 Fiscal year FY 2023–24 baseline:

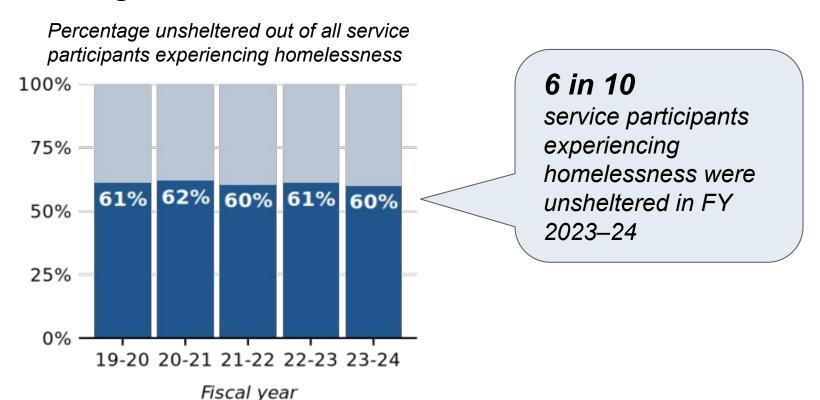
66,918 people

Change year over year:

+5% on average

*Compare to **5**% average increase in total service participants experiencing homelessness

Unsheltered people as a percentage of service participants experiencing homelessness



Gains in sheltering and housing unsheltered people over five years

Unsheltered service participants who...

FY 2023–24 baseline

Change year over year

Also accessed interim housing (b)

22,852 people (34% of all unsheltered service participants)

→ +14% on average

Exited to permanent housing (c)

5,937 people (9% of all unsheltered service participants)

→ +19% on average

*Compare to **5%** average increase in total service participants experiencing <u>unsheltered</u> homelessness

Goal 2

People Experiencing Homelessness With Mental Illness and Substance Use Disorder

Goal 2

Measure A language

Reduce the number of people with mental illness and/or substance use disorders who experience homelessness (Section 4.A.2)

Goal 2: Survey/PIT data metric (self-reported)

Baseline:

Estimated population who report long-term serious mental illness (SMI) or long-term substance use disorder (SUD) in 2024 PIT Count

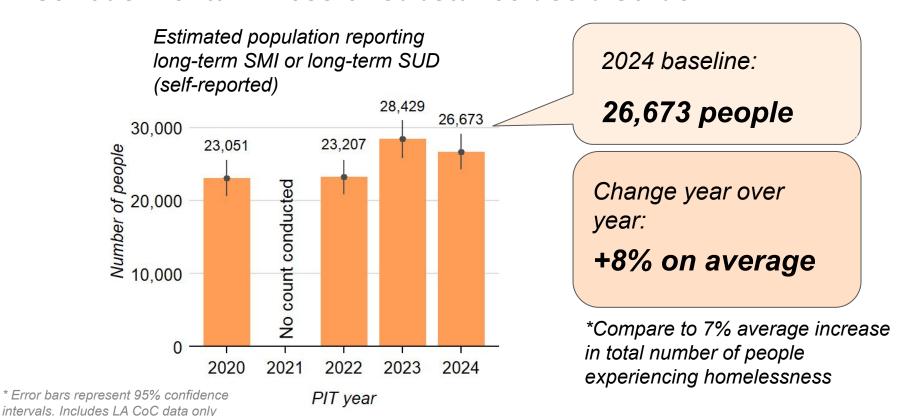
Trend:

Change in population year over year

Survey questions ask about:

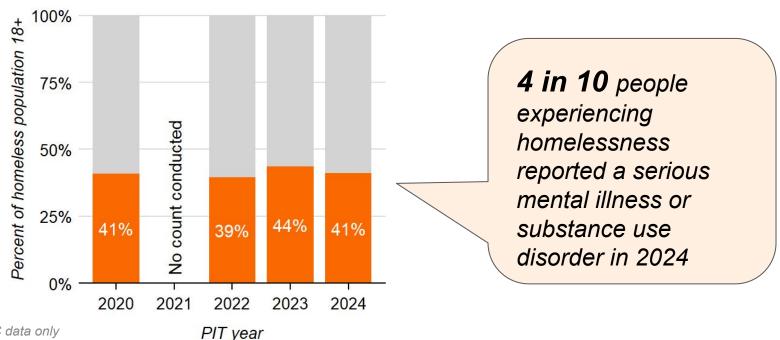
- Permanent or long-term difficulties with drugs/alcohol
- Permanent or long-term serious mental illnesses

PIT estimate: People experiencing homelessness with serious mental illness or substance use disorder



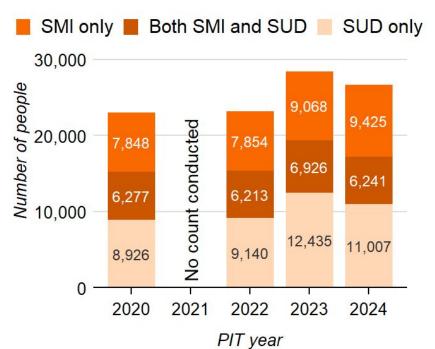
People with serious mental illness or substance use disorder as percentage of all adults experiencing homelessness

Percentage with SMI/SUD out of all adults experiencing homelessness (self-reported)

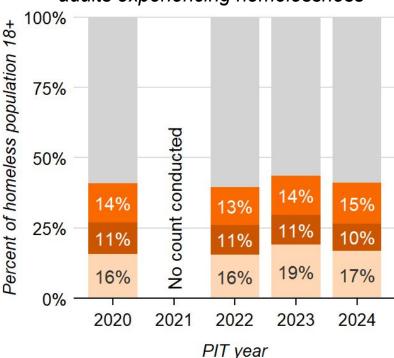


Goal 2: Breakdown by type of disorder (serious mental illness, substance use disorder, or both)

Population with SMI/SUD broken down by type of disorder (self-reported)



Percentage with SMI/SUD out of all adults experiencing homelessness



Goal 2: Service data metric

Baseline:

Count of service participants with evidence of a substance use disorder (SUD) or serious mental illness (SMI) during 2023–24 fiscal year

Trend:

Change in count year over year

Evidence of mental illness or SUD is based on:

- Reports in homelessness services records
- Diagnoses or treatments recorded in linked clinical data

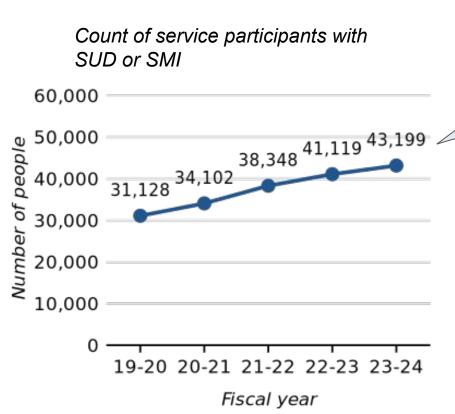
Service data definitions

Substance use disorder (SUD): Mental and behavioral disorders due to psychoactive substance use (excluding nicotine dependence)

Serious mental illness (SMI)*: Schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders, bipolar and related disorders, and depressive disorder

^{*} PTSD is not included in the SMI metric, but is reported separately

Service data estimates: participants with substance use disorder (SUD) or serious mental illness (SMI)



FY 2023–24 baseline:

43,199 people

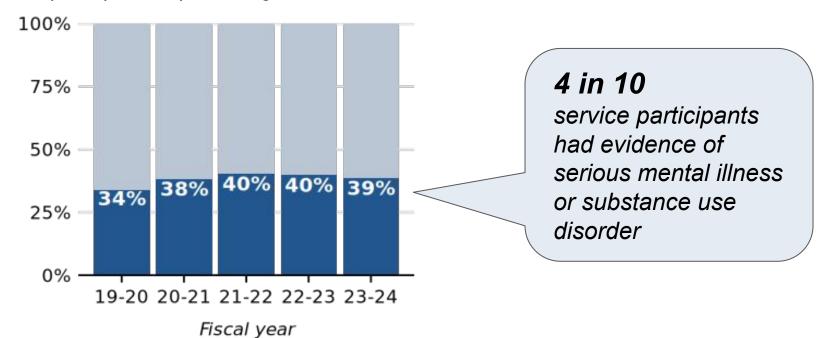
Change year over year:

+9% on average

*Compare to **5**% average increase in total service participants experiencing homelessness

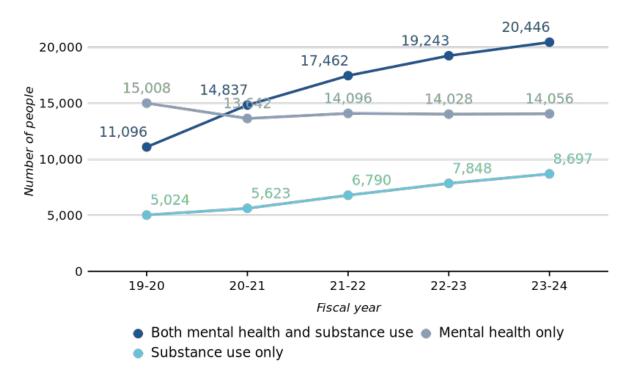
People with serious mental illness or substance use disorder as percentage of all service participants experiencing homelessness

Percentage with SMI/SUD out of all service participants experiencing homelessness



Goal 2: Service data estimates by condition

Breakdown by type of disorder



Goal 3Permanent Exits From Homelessness

Goal 3

Measure A language

Increase the number of people permanently leaving homelessness (Section 4.A.3)

Goal 3: Admin data metric

Baseline (a):

Count of service participants who exited homelessness to permanent housing during 2023–24 fiscal year

Goal 3: Admin data metric

Baseline (b):

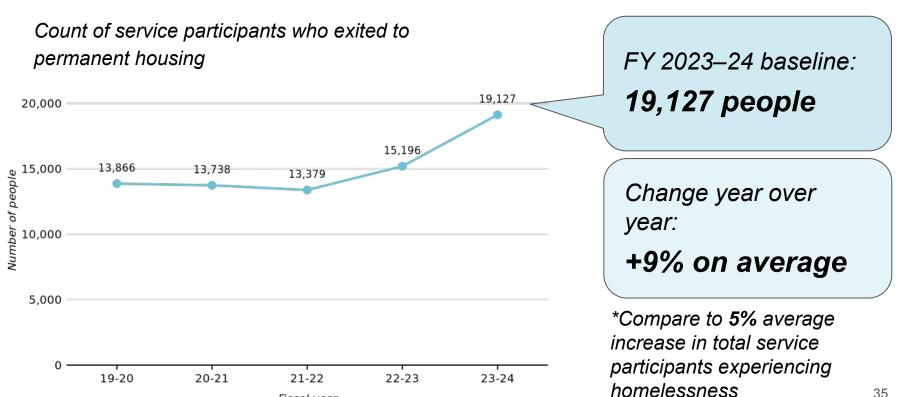
Count of service participants who exited homelessness to permanent housing during 2023–24 and did not return to homelessness within 24 months

Trend:

Change in count of (b) year over year

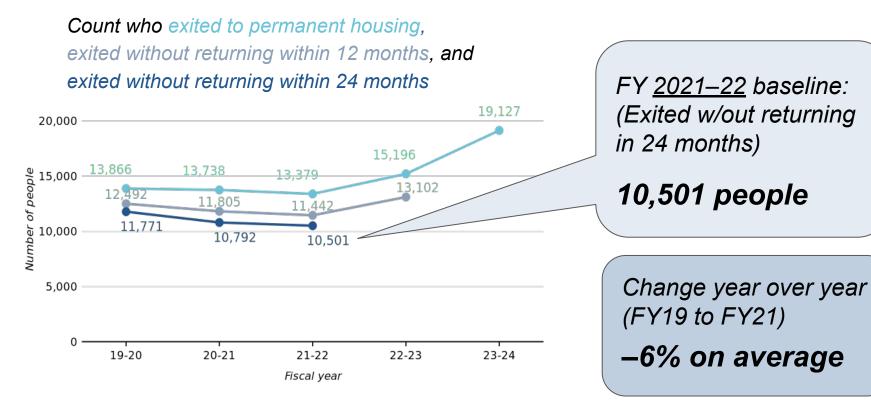
We count a person as "returning to homelessness" if:
They enter homelessness services again 24 months or less after their exit to housing.

Service data estimates: People who exited to permanent housing (a)



Fiscal year

Service data estimates: People who exited to permanent housing without returning in 24 months (b)



Goal 4New Entries Into Homelessness

Goal 4

Measure A language

Prevent people from falling into homelessness (Section 4.A.4)

Goal 4: Survey/PIT data metric

Baseline:

Estimated population of unsheltered people who report in 2024 PIT count that they are in their first episode of homelessness (of any duration)

Trend:

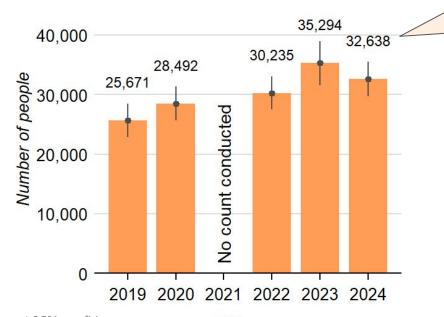
Change in population year over year

Measured only for adults who were unsheltered at the time of the PIT count (data for sheltered people not available)

PIT estimate: Unsheltered population in first episode of

homelessness

Estimated unsheltered population in first episode of homelessness (of any duration)



PIT year

2024 baseline:

32,638 people

Change year over year:

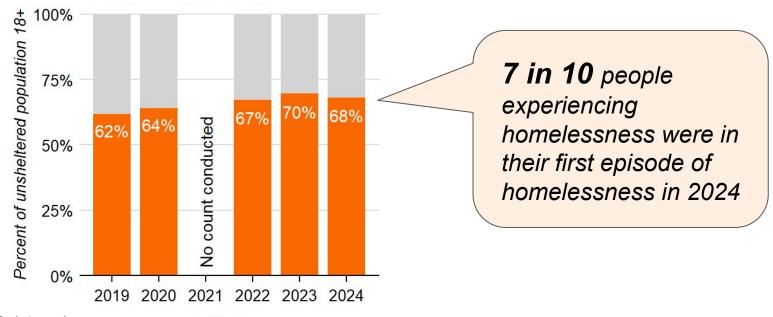
+7% on average

*Compare to **5**% average increase in total number of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness

Population in first episode of homelessness, as percentage of all unsheltered adults experiencing homelessness

Percentage in first episode out of all unsheltered adults experiencing homelessness

PIT year



Goal 4: Service data metric

Baseline:

Count of service participants newly accessing homelessness services during the 2023–24 fiscal year

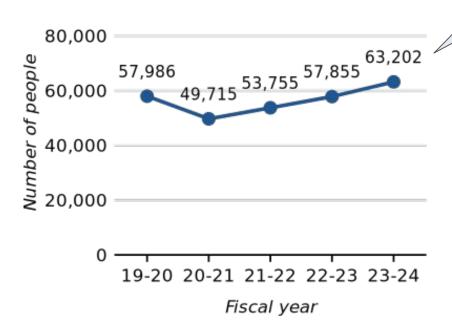
We count someone as "newly accessing services" if: at least 24 months prior, they have not appeared in admin data with evidence they are homeless

Metric:

Change in count year over year

Admin data estimate: People newly accessing homelessness services

Count of service participants newly accessing homelessness services



FY 2023–24 baseline:

63,202 people

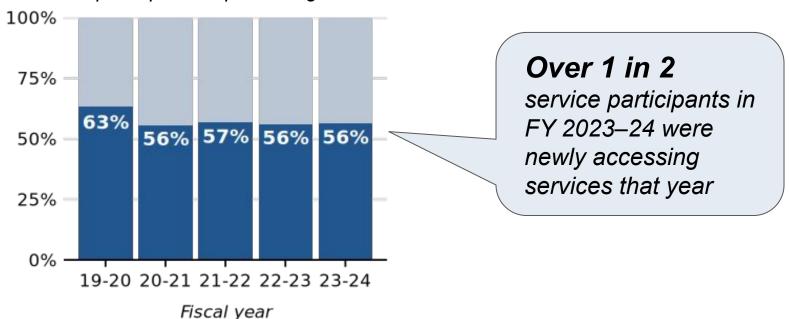
Change year over year:

+3% on average

*Compare to **5**% average increase in total service participants experiencing homelessness

People newly accessing services, as percentage of all service participants experiencing homelessness

Percentage newly accessing services out of all service participants experiencing homelessness



Key Takeaways

- The number of people experiencing homelessness in Los Angeles County is growing.
- Inflow into the homelessness system is significant and constant over time.
- There have been gains in moving people from homelessness to permanent housing and serving unsheltered people in interim housing.
- The proportion of people with service histories indicating serious mental illness or substance use disorder is relatively constant over time.

Thank you