

## TRAINED OBSERVER

You should have a Trained Observer provide safety oversight in doffing procedures

## **The Trained Observer:**

- 1. Leads, protects, and guides others through the process
- 2. Reads checklist and makes sure steps are followed correctly

Hand sanitize after each doffing step

Doffing PPE must be slow, deliberate, and methodical

Visually inspect
PPE for gross
contaminants
before exiting
patient room

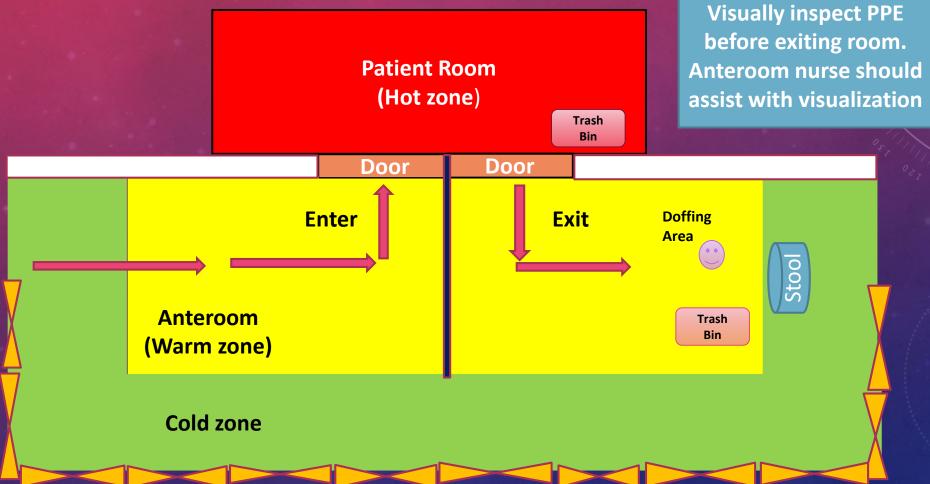
Doffing must be done in designated area

Use Beak
Method to
remove gloves

Trained observer should be in PPE

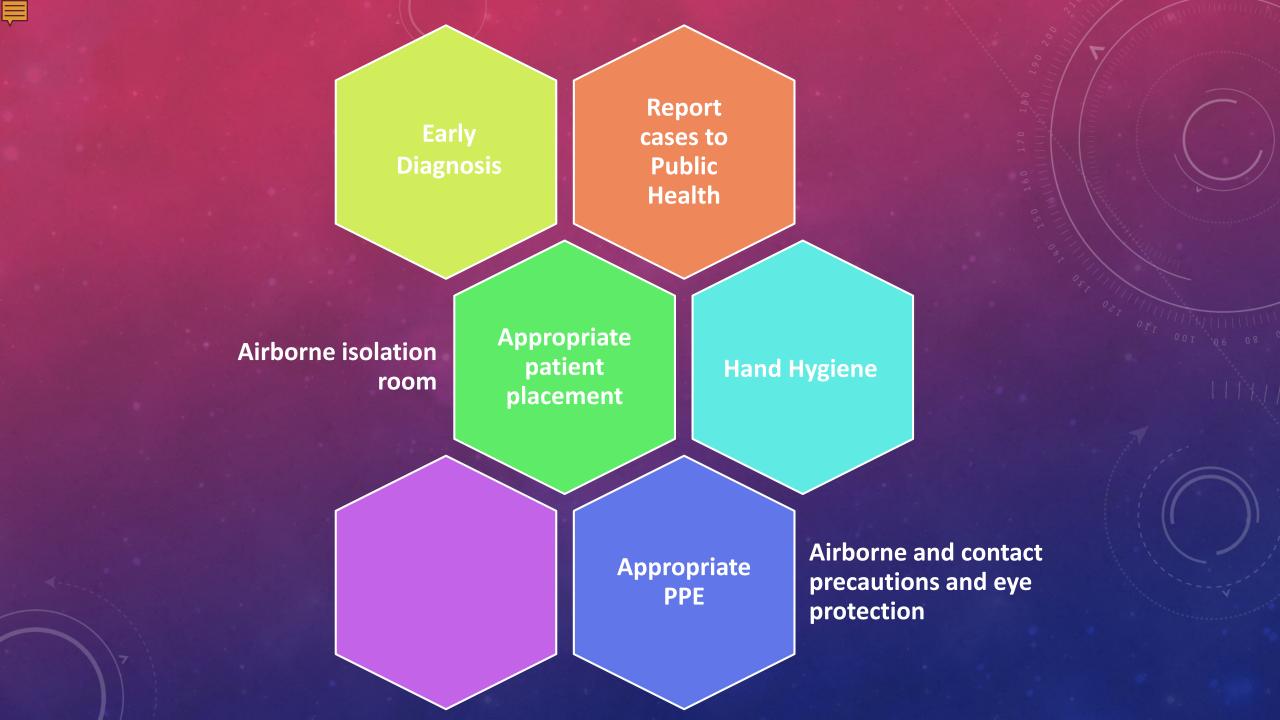
### "Beak Method" Glove Removal Steps STEP 1: Using one gloved STEP 2: Use the middle finger STEP 3: Pull the glove inside hand, pinch and pull the base of to scoop the cuff of the glove. out over all the fingers and the other gloved hand. thumb to form a "beak." STEP 4: With the beaked hand, STEP 5: Roll the glove inside STEP 6: With the ungloved pinch the opposite glove at the out and off the hand. hand, use the index finger to base and pull the cuff. pull the beaked glove off at the base of the beak and dispose into the appropriate waste container. Always wash your hands after glove removal.

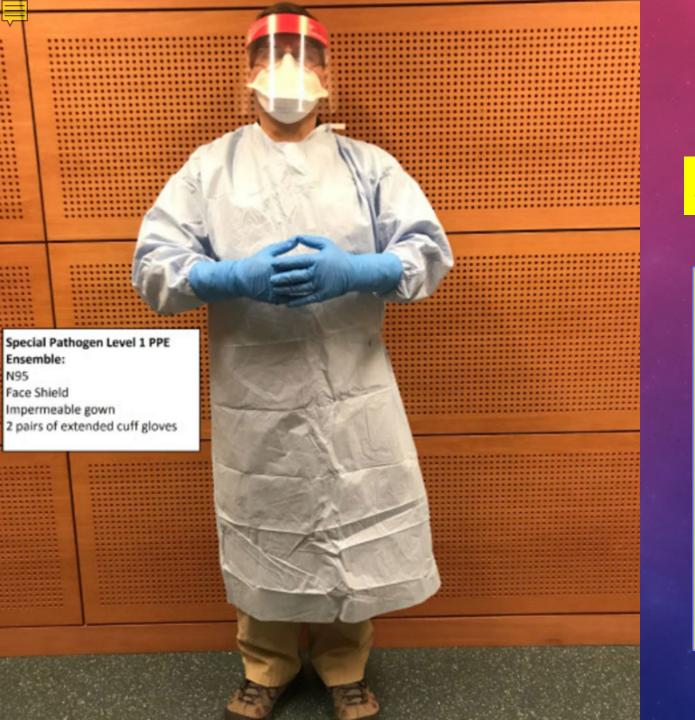
# Example of Frontline Facility Layout for Doffing PPE Visually before 6





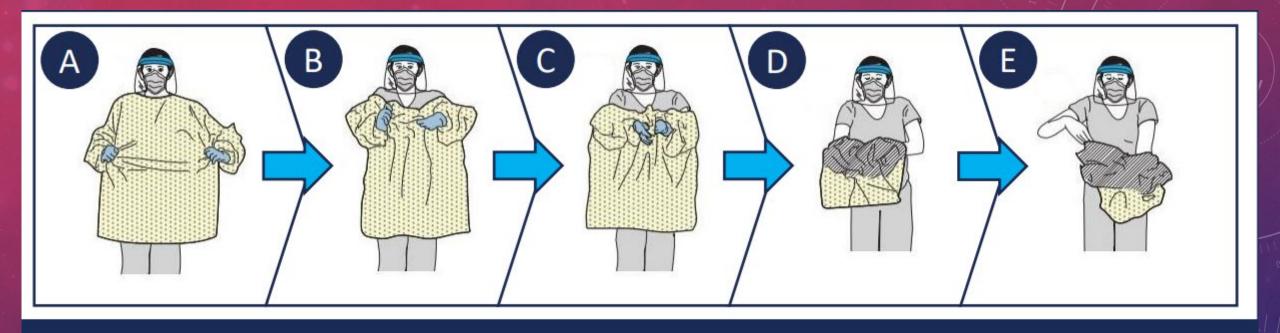
## PRINCIPLES OF INFECTION CONTROL FOR SEVERE ACUTE RESPIRATORY ILLNESSES





## **SPECIAL PATHOGEN LEVEL 1 PPE**

- Fit tested N95 mask
- Fluid resistant gown that extends to mid-calf
- Nitrile gloves with extended cuffs 2 pairs
- Face shield



This is a good demonstration of removing your gown and outer gloves together.

The face and eye protection is staying on in cases where removing the gown may cause a splash or an aerosolization of contaminated materials.