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July 28, 2026

The Honorable Board of Supervisors
County of Los Angeles
383 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration
500 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, CA 90012

Dear Supervisors:

**HEARING ON ORDINANCE EXTENDING THE EATON FIRE DISASTER INTERIM
ORDINANCE NO. 2025-0034U, PROJECT NO. PRJ2025-001033-(5)
ADVANCE PLANNING CASE NO. RPPL2025003574
(FIFTH SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT) (4-VOTES)**

SUBJECT

On September 2, 2025, the Board of Supervisors (Board) enacted Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U to ease development restrictions and allow for disaster recovery in unincorporated areas affected by the Eaton Fire, including reconstruction and permitting for properties that suffered irreparable damage or destruction. The ordinance amended Title 22 – Planning and Zoning of the Los Angeles County Code to provide flexibility for disaster rebuild projects, allow temporary uses that support disaster recovery, and establish a Disaster Recovery Permit for rebuild projects that includes reduced fees and a streamlined procedure for modifying development standards. On October 7, 2025, the Board extended the Interim Ordinance to August 22, 2026. This ordinance extends Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U to August 22, 2027.

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE BOARD AFTER THE PUBLIC HEARING,

1. Find that the ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U pursuant to Government Code 65858 is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) under Sections 15061(b)(3), 15308, and 15183 of the State CEQA Guidelines; and
2. Adopt the ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U for a period of one year to August 22, 2027.

PURPOSE/JUSTIFICATION OF RECOMMENDED ACTION

In adopting Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U on September 2, 2025, the Board found that it is essential that the changes made by the ordinance to the County Code related to development standards and modifications to development standards be implemented immediately to allow the fastest possible rebuild and recovery for residents and businesses in the areas impacted by the Eaton Fire. The Board also directed the Director of Regional Planning to develop a permanent ordinance(s) that would provide specific permanent regulations addressing these adverse impacts. Extending Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U will allow Regional Planning sufficient time to continue developing the permanent ordinance(s) for the Board's consideration upon completion.

Implementation of Strategic Plan Goals

This action supports the County's Strategic Plan North Star 1/Housing and Homelessness goal by providing more options and flexibility for fire survivors to rebuild, which can help save time and money. This will prevent further displacement of residents and help facilitate affordable and sustainable homeownership.

FISCAL IMPACT/FINANCING

Extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U would not result in any additional costs to the County that were not already contemplated when the Board approved fee deferrals for fire rebuild survivors. Implementation of the Interim Ordinance is an ongoing responsibility of Regional Planning under State law. The Ordinance establishes fees to implement the Disaster Recovery Permit; it should be noted that under the Board's direction to defer all rebuild fees to qualified fire survivors, this new fee would not be implemented. However, the fee would be implemented for rebuild applications not associated with qualified fire survivors. The fee associated with the new permit type is consistent with actual costs for similar rebuilds verified in previous fee studies, including a recent analysis conducted by the Auditor-Controller as part of the fee deferral process approved by the Board.

FACTS AND PROVISIONS/LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

The Eaton Fire led to the destruction of more than 6,900 structures in Altadena and Kinneloa Mesa. On January 7, 2025, the Chair of the Board of Supervisors declared a local emergency. Following that declaration, and in accordance with Section 22.256.030 of Title 22, the Director of Regional Planning activated the provisions of the adopted Disaster Recovery Ordinance (DRO). The DRO provides for streamlined rebuild provisions for disaster survivors and has been used as the basis to assist Eaton Fire survivors with their rebuild applications. This is the first large scale implementation of disaster recovery activities under the DRO.

As of April 1, 2026, rebuild building permits for over 2,200 properties have been issued in the Eaton Fire burn area. Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U will expire on August 22, 2026, unless extended by Board action. If the Interim Ordinance is not extended, Eaton Fire survivors will

have fewer by-right options for their rebuilds. Due to financial gaps between rebuilding costs and insurance proceeds, delays in rebuilding could irreparably harm the area's physical condition and character, and negatively impact the health, safety, and welfare of the general public. It is imperative that the County continue to support rebuilding the unincorporated communities impacted by the Eaton Fire as soon as possible. One way is to ensure that the thousands of people displaced by the Eaton Fire can return to permanent, stable housing. Such conditions pose an immediate threat to human health, safety, or welfare absent the extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U easing development restrictions.

The provisions of Government Code Section 65858 limit the effective period of the Interim Ordinance to two years, with two extensions from the initial 45-day term. In light of the approaching expiration date of the first extension on August 22, 2026, it is recommended that this ordinance be extended one additional year, as provided in Government Code Section 65858. This would extend the applicability of the ordinance to August 22, 2027, and would allow sufficient time for Regional Planning to prepare the permanent ordinance(s), including environmental review(s) pursuant to CEQA, for the Board to consider.

Background

Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U amended Title 22 – Planning and Zoning of the Los Angeles County Code to provide more flexibility for disaster rebuild projects than previously anticipated under the existing DRO and the West San Gabriel Valley Planning Area Standards District.

Specifically, the Interim Ordinance allows additional flexibility in development standards for like-for-like rebuilds, including expansions up to the larger of 10 percent of original square footage or 200 square feet, front yard setbacks, and minor relocation of structures. The Ordinance also eliminates covered parking requirements for all rebuilds and makes covered parking optional. The Ordinance clarifies that no replacement parking is required where garages are destroyed and rebuilt with ADUs, in accordance with State law, and allows ADUs to be used as the primary dwelling unit until 2030.

The Ordinance also establishes a streamlined modifications procedure, which can provide flexibility for non-like-for-like rebuilds. Discretionary reviews for modifications to development standards can be made without a public hearing, in accordance with Government Code section 65901(b), which allows the legislative body, by ordinance, to authorize the zoning administrator to decide on applications for variance from the terms of Title 22 without a public hearing on the application.

The Ordinance provides more flexibility and allowances for temporary commercial uses to support economic redevelopment and addresses the [BOS motion](#) in April 2025 to support small businesses impacted by the Eaton Fire.

Furthermore, the Ordinance establishes a streamlined Disaster Recovery Permit for disaster rebuild projects to address various BOS directives to streamline and consolidate applications checklists with clear timelines.

Due to a clerical error, the Ordinance's first extension by the Board on October 7, 2025, omitted a phrase that was part of the Ordinance's initial approval by the Board on September 2, 2025. That phrase is in the middle of the second sentence of Section 22.258.030.F and reads "... so long as 50 percent of the original footprint is maintained and..." The omission was an inadvertent error that occurred when County Counsel was finalizing the Ordinance. It has been properly restored in the Ordinance for this second and final extension.

ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION

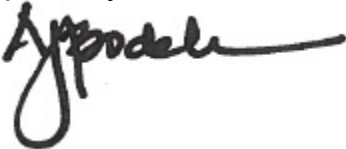
Adoption of the ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U pursuant to Government Code section 65858 is exempt from CEQA under Sections 15061(b)(3) (common sense exemption), 15308 (Class 8 categorical exemption for actions taken by a regulatory agency), and 15183 (projects consistent with a community plan or zoning for which an EIR was certified) of the State CEQA Guidelines. As noted above, any ordinance(s) prepared for the Board's consideration will be subject to environmental review(s) pursuant to CEQA.

IMPACT ON CURRENT SERVICES (OR PROJECTS)

The proposed action will not impact current County services or projects.

For additional information regarding this item, please contact Connie Chung, Deputy Director, at cchung@planning.lacounty.gov.

Respectfully submitted,



AMY J. BODEK, AICP
Director of Regional Planning

AJB:CC:ER:lj

c: Executive Officer, Board of Supervisors
Chief Executive Office
County Counsel
Fire
Public Health
Public Works

S_07_28_2026_AP_BL_EATON_FIRE_DISASTER_INTERIM_ORDINANCE_EXTENSION.REVISED 06082026

Revised: 6/8/26



County of Los Angeles

June 8, 2026

Dawyn R. Harrison
County Counsel

Amy J. Bodek, Director
Department of Regional Planning
320 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, California 90012



**Re: Altadena Development Standards Interim Ordinance
Extension Amending County Code Title 22 – Planning and
Zoning**

Dear Ms. Bodek:

As requested, our office has prepared an ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U for one year to July 28, 2027 (Extension Ordinance). The Extension Ordinance extends amendments to Title 22 – Planning and Zoning of the Los Angeles County Code to ease development restrictions and provide more flexibility for Eaton Fire disaster rebuild projects. It establishes a framework to allow certain temporary uses that support disaster recovery and creates a disaster recovery permit for rebuild projects that includes certain reduced fees and a streamlined procedure to modify certain development standards to aid disaster recovery in unincorporated areas affected by the Eaton Fire. The Extension Ordinance is an urgency measure and will require a four-fifths vote by the Board of Supervisors (Board) for adoption. The enclosed analysis and Extension Ordinance may be presented to the Board for its consideration.

Very truly yours,

DAWYN R. HARRISON
County Counsel

By 
ROLAND TRINH
Assistant County Counsel
Property Division

APPROVED AND RELEASED:


JENNIFER A. D. LEHMAN
Senior Assistant County Counsel

RT:II

Enclosures

ANALYSIS

This ordinance extends Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U for one year to August 22, 2027 (Extension Ordinance), which eases development restrictions and allows for disaster recovery in unincorporated areas affected by the Eaton Fire, including reconstruction and permitting for properties that suffered irreparable damage or destruction.

This Extension Ordinance extends amendments to Title 22 – Planning and Zoning of the Los Angeles County Code to provide more flexibility for disaster rebuild projects, establish a framework to allow certain temporary uses that support disaster recovery, and establish a Disaster Recovery Permit for disaster rebuild projects that includes certain reduced fees and a streamlined procedure to modify certain development standards.

The Extension Ordinance restores a short phrase in Section 22.258.030.F regarding relocation of a replacement structure when 50 percent of its original footprint is maintained, that was included in Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U when initially adopted by the Board of Supervisors (Board) on September 2, 2025, but inadvertently omitted when the Board approved the first extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U on October 7, 2025.

Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U is scheduled to expire on August 22, 2026, unless extended pursuant to Government Code 65858. The Extension Ordinance is an urgency measure and requires a four-fifths vote by the Board for adoption. It is the

second and final extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U allowed under
Government Code section 65858.

DAWYN R. HARRISON
County Counsel

By 
ROLAND TRINH
Assistant County Counsel
Property Division

RT:ll

Requested: 05/05/26

Revised: 06/08/26

ORDINANCE NO. _____

An ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U for one year to August 22, 2027 (Extension Ordinance), which eases development restrictions and allows for disaster recovery in unincorporated areas affected by the Eaton Fire, including reconstruction and permitting for properties that suffered irreparable damage or destruction. The Extension Ordinance extends amendments to Title 22 – Planning and Zoning of the Los Angeles County Code (County Code) to provide more flexibility for disaster rebuild projects, establish a framework to allow certain temporary uses that support disaster recovery, and establish a Disaster Recovery Permit for disaster rebuild projects that includes certain reduced fees and a streamlined procedure to modify certain development standards.

Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U is scheduled to expire on August 22, 2026, unless extended pursuant to Government Code section 65858.

The Board of Supervisors (Board) of the County of Los Angeles (County) ordains as follows:

SECTION 1. Interim Regulations.

Section 22.256.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

22.256.050 Like-For-Like Replacement.

Notwithstanding the existence of any covenants, conditions, or restrictions that may conflict, and nNotwithstanding any community standards district, specific plan, or

any other applicable regulation in this Title 22, like-for-like replacement shall be permitted, subject to the following standards:

. . .

Chapter 22.258 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Chapter 22.258 ~~TEMPORARY HOUSING AFTER A DISASTER~~EATON
FIRE DISASTER RECOVERY

22.258.010 ~~Implementation~~Intent and Purpose.

22.258.020 ~~General Provisions~~Definitions.

22.258.030 ~~Development Standards.~~

22.258.040 ~~Temporary Uses.~~

22.258.050 ~~Disaster Recovery Permit.~~

22.258.060 ~~Fees.~~

22.258.070 ~~Area of Applicability.~~

22.258.010 ~~Implementation~~Intent and Purpose.

A. ~~— This Chapter shall not apply where the Director has implemented Chapter 22.256 (Disaster Recovery).~~

B. ~~— A Ministerial Site Plan Review (Chapter 22.186) application is required for temporary housing in accordance with this Chapter.~~

In January 2025, the Eaton Fire caused the damage or destruction of 6,921 structures in the unincorporated Altadena and Kinneloa Mesa communities. The regulations and standards herein will help facilitate disaster recovery, including reconstruction and permitting for properties that suffered irreparable damage or

destruction, while protecting the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents and businesses within the declared disaster area.

22.258.020 ~~General Provisions~~Definitions.

~~Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title 22, where an existing residence is damaged or destroyed by a disaster, as defined by Section 22.14.040(D), a mobilehome may be used as a residence on the same lot or parcel of land by the owner and his family for a period not to exceed one year. This Section authorizes only the temporary replacement of a damaged or destroyed residence and not an increase in the number of living quarters permitted on the property.~~The following definitions shall apply to this Chapter:

Like-for-like rebuild project. A development project on a property that was damaged or destroyed and consists entirely of like-for-like replacement structures. A like-for-like rebuild project may include new accessory dwelling unit(s) and/or new junior accessory dwelling unit(s), provided those new dwelling units comply with applicable Title 22 requirements in effect at the time the complete application was filed. A like--for--like rebuild project may also include new accessory structures in accordance with Section 22.258.030.A.

Like-for-like replacement structure. The rebuild, repair, or replacement of a legally-established structure that was damaged or destroyed and generally has the same or smaller floor area, size, and bulk, and generally covers the same footprint as the prior legally-established structure.

New structure. The construction of a new structure on a property that was damaged or destroyed.

Non-like-for-like rebuild project. A development project on a property that was damaged or destroyed and consists entirely of non-like-for-like replacement structures and/or new structures, or a mix of like-for-like replacement structures, non-like-for-like structures, and new structures. Non-like-for-like replacement structures and new structures shall comply with applicable Title 22 requirements in effect at the time the complete application was filed. The project shall also comply with applicable Title 22 requirements that apply to the entire project and/or the entire property at the time the complete application was filed, including, but not limited to, the requirements in Division 3 (Zones), Division 4 (Combining Zones and Supplemental Districts), Division 5 (Special Management Areas), Division 6 (Development Standards), Division 7 (Standards for Specific Uses), and Division 10 (Planning Area and Community Standards Districts).

Non-like-for-like replacement structure. The rebuild, repair, or replacement of a legally-established structure that is not a like-for-like replacement structure.

Standalone accessory dwelling unit. A new accessory dwelling unit on a property that was damaged or destroyed and does not have a primary dwelling unit. A standalone accessory dwelling unit shall comply with applicable Title 22 requirements in effect at the time the complete application was filed.

22.258.030 Development Standards.

Notwithstanding the existence of any covenants, conditions, or restrictions that may conflict, and notwithstanding any community standards district, specific plan, or any other applicable regulation in this Title 22, like-for-like replacement shall be permitted, subject to the following standards:

A. Accessory Structures. Notwithstanding Section 22.256.060 (Accessory Structures), a like-for-like rebuild project or a non-like-for-like rebuild project may include any accessory structure, not just accessory structures that are necessary to prevent damage to like-for-like replacement structures, or to prevent further damage to the lot or to remaining structures. A new accessory structure that is part of a like-for-like rebuild project, or a non-like-for-like replacement accessory structure, or a new accessory structure that is part of a non-like-for-like rebuild project, such as fences, retaining walls, or utilities, shall comply with applicable Title 22 requirements in effect at the time the complete application was filed.

B. Direct Pedestrian Access. Notwithstanding Section 22.140.520.F.3.b (Direct Pedestrian Access), a non-like-for-like rebuild project associated with a residential use on a lot where sidewalks are not present and the front property line does not directly adjoin a street may provide the direct pedestrian pathway to the primary building entrance through a vehicle driveway.

C. Expansion. A like-for-like replacement structure associated with a residential use may exceed the damaged or destroyed structure's previous footprint and total gross floor area by 10 percent or 200 square feet, whichever is greater, provided it

meets all setback requirements in Subsections D (Front Yard Setback) and F (Minor Relocation), below, and current Building Code, Fire Code, and Health and Safety Code requirements.

D. Front Yard Setback.

1. Notwithstanding Section 22.320.090.D.1.a (Zone Specific Development Standards, Zone R-1, Yard Requirements), the minimum front yard setback in Zone R-1 within the Altadena Community Standards District shall be 20 feet, unless the property is subject to Section 22.320.090.E.2, in which case the minimum front yard setback in the Front Yard Setback District shall apply.

2. If a damaged or destroyed structure had a previous front yard setback greater than 20 feet, the like-for-like replacement structure may have a smaller front yard setback, provided it is at least 20 feet, and the like-for-like replacement structure otherwise complies with the setback requirements in Subsection F (Minor Relocation), below, and all applicable requirements for like-for-like replacement structures in Chapter 22.256 (Disaster Recovery).

3. If a damaged or destroyed structure had a previous front yard setback less than 20 feet, the like-for-like replacement structure may have the same front yard setback or a front yard setback that is larger than the previous front yard setback but less than 20 feet, provided the like-for-like replacement structure otherwise complies with the setback requirements in Subsection F (Minor Relocation), below, and all applicable requirements for like-for-like replacement structures in Chapter 22.256 (Disaster Recovery).

E. Height. Notwithstanding Section 22.256.050.B (Like-for-Like Replacement), the maximum height of any like-for-like replacement structure shall be the height of the damaged or destroyed structure or the maximum height limit of this Title 22, whichever is greater, provided that the number of stories does not increase.

F. Minor Relocation. Notwithstanding Section 22.256.050.E (Like-for-Like Replacements), minor relocation of a like-for-like replacement structure, including a like-for-like replacement accessory structure, shall be allowed. The like-for-like replacement structure may have setbacks that are larger than the damaged or destroyed structure's setbacks, so long as 50 percent of the original footprint is maintained and provided the like-for-like replacement structure otherwise complies with all applicable requirements for like-for-like replacement structures in this Section and in Chapter 22.256 (Disaster Recovery).

G. Oak Tree Permits. Notwithstanding Section 22.256.070 (Waiver of Certain Permit Requirements), a like-for-like replacement structure or a non-like-for-like replacement structure shall not be subject to Chapter 22.174 (Oak Tree Permits), if the replacement structure results in equal to or fewer impacts to the protected zone of a protected oak tree than the damaged or destroyed structure.

H. Parking. Required parking for like-for-like rebuild projects and non-like-for-like rebuild projects associated with a residential use shall be as follows:

1. Notwithstanding Section 22.112.070 (Required Parking Spaces), parking for a non-like-for-like rebuild project may be uncovered;

2. Notwithstanding Section 22.256.050.E (Like-for-Like Replacements), parking for a like-for-like rebuild project may be uncovered; and

3. If an accessory dwelling unit fully or partially overlaps with the footprint of a damaged or destroyed covered parking structure, no replacement parking is required.

I. Standalone Accessory Dwelling Units. A household may temporarily occupy a standalone accessory dwelling unit while they wait for a like-for-like rebuild project or a non-like-for-like rebuild project to be constructed on the property until January 7, 2030, which is five years after the Board of Supervisors proclaimed the existence of a local emergency for the January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Events.

J. Yard Measurement. Required front, side, and rear yards shall be measured from the property boundary, unless such boundary is located within a public or private street or right-of-way providing access to one or more lots, in which case required yard areas shall be measured from the edge of the street or right-of-way closest to the interior of the lot.

22.258.040 Temporary Uses.

A. Purpose. This Section allows the Director to approve applications for the following temporary uses with a Zoning Conformance Review, which is a ministerial Type I Review, pursuant to Chapter 22.226 (Type I Review – Ministerial), for an initial period of up to one year with one-year extensions up to one year each, subject to the requirements and limitations set forth herein:

1. Pop-up events, pop-up restaurants and other eating establishments, and pop-up retail and commercial uses in parking lots and vacant lots that have been cleared of debris in Commercial and Industrial Zones. The use shall not be an adult business, as defined in Section 22.14.010, and may include alcoholic beverages sales for on-site and/or off-site consumption, if authorized by a valid California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control license, and the outdoor display of any goods, equipment, merchandise, or exhibits. The use shall be sponsored by one of the following:

a. A public agency, a nonprofit, or a religious, fraternal, educational, or service organization directly engaged in civic, charitable, or public service endeavors;

b. A business currently operating in the area impacted by the Eaton Fire. The use can be on a parking lot on the same property where the business is located or on a parking lot or a vacant lot on a different property than where the business is located; and

c. A business that operated in the area impacted by the Eaton Fire within the 12 months prior to January 7, 2025. The use can be on a parking lot or a vacant lot on the same property where the business previously operated, or on a parking lot or a vacant lot on a different property than where the business was located.

2. Temporary uses necessary to facilitate rebuilding and disaster recovery, as determined by the Director, such as sawmills and construction equipment,

machinery, and/or materials storage, on a property owned by a public agency or a public utility.

B. Decision. When making a decision on the application in accordance with Section 22.226.040 (Decision), the Director may consider whether:

1. Adequate parking, including bicycle facilities, will be available in the vicinity of the use;

2. The proposed site is adequate in size and shape to accommodate the use without material detriment to the use and enjoyment of the property of other persons located in the vicinity of the site;

3. The use will jeopardize, endanger, or otherwise constitute a menace to public health, safety, or general welfare;

4. If the use is a pop-up event, a pop-up restaurant or other eating establishment, and/or a pop-up retail and commercial use, whether the sponsor has a history of noncompliance with this Title 22, or other applicable federal, State, or local codes, laws, rules, regulations, and statutes, including those of the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control; and

5. If the use is a temporary use necessary to facilitate rebuilding and disaster recovery, as determined by the Director, whether the use can operate without negative impacts on residential uses within a 300-foot radius of the property.

C. Development and/or Performance Standards. If the Director approves the application, the Director may apply development and/or performance standards to the use, including, but not limited to, those in Sections 22.188.040.A (Short-Term Special

Events Permit) and 22.140.030.I (Performance Standards for Deemed-Approved Uses), and those in a valid conditional use permit authorizing alcoholic beverages sales for on-site and/or off-site consumption that is associated with the business sponsoring the use.

D. Inspections. If the Director approves the application, the Director may require inspections to be conducted to determine the permittee's compliance with the applicable development and/or performance standards included in the approval.

E. Revocation. The Director may revoke an approval at any time, if the temporary use does not comply with the applicable development and/or performance standards included in the temporary approval, this Title 22, or other applicable federal, State, or local codes, laws, rules, regulations, and statutes, including those of the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control. The Director's decision shall be final and not subject to an appeal.

22.258.050 Disaster Recovery Permit.

The Disaster Recovery Permit is established to allow disaster rebuild projects, which can be a like-for-like rebuild project, a non-like-for-like rebuild project, or a standalone accessory dwelling unit.

A. Like-for-Like Rebuild Project.

1. Applicability. This Subsection A applies to an application for a like-for-like rebuild project.

2. Application and Review Procedures.

a. Application Checklist. The application submittal shall contain all of the applicable materials required by the Disaster Recovery Permit Checklist.

b. Type I Review. The application shall be filed and processed in compliance with Chapter 22.226 (Type I Review – Ministerial) with the following modifications:

i. Section 22.226.030.A shall not apply because only one application shall be required;

ii. Notwithstanding Section 22.226.030.C, the fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees); and

iii. Notwithstanding Section 22.226.080 (Expiration Date and Extension for Unused Permits and Reviews), an approved application shall be used by January 7, 2030, which is five years after the Board of Supervisors proclaimed the existence of a local emergency for the January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Events. If an application requesting an extension is timely filed prior to such expiration date, the Director may, one time, extend the time limit for a period not to exceed one year.

B. Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Ministerial Review.

1. Applicability. This Subsection B applies to an application for a non-like-for-like rebuild project or a standalone accessory dwelling unit. The application shall be used for any of the following projects without a separate application, provided the Disaster Recovery Permit complies with the applicable provisions of this Title 22:

a. A project that requires an administrative housing permit, in which case the application shall be reviewed in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 22.166 (Housing Permits);

b. A project that requires an Oak Tree Permit without a public hearing, pursuant to Section 22.174.040.D (Application Without a Public Hearing), in which case the application shall be reviewed in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 22.174 (Oak Tree Permits); and

c. A project that requires a ministerial Significant Ecological Area review, pursuant to Section 22.102.060 (Ministerial SEA Review), in which case the application shall be reviewed in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 22.102 (Significant Ecological Areas).

2. Application and Review Procedures.

a. Application Checklist. The application submittal shall contain all of the applicable materials required by the Disaster Recovery Permit Checklist.

b. Type I Review. The application shall be filed and processed in compliance with Chapter 22.226 (Type I Review – Ministerial) with the following modifications:

i. Section 22.226.030.A shall not apply because only one application shall be required;

ii. Notwithstanding Section 22.226.030.C, the fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees); and

iii. Notwithstanding Section 22.226.080 (Expiration Date and Extension for Unused Permits and Reviews), an approved application shall be used by January 7, 2030, which is five years after the Board of Supervisors proclaimed the existence of a local emergency for the January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Events. If an application requesting an extension is timely filed prior to such expiration date, the Director may, one time, extend the time limit for a period not to exceed one year.

C. Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Discretionary Review.

1. Applicability. This Subsection C applies to an application for a non-like-for-like rebuild project that requires discretionary review, pursuant to this Title 22. When the non-like-for-like rebuild project requires applications for an animal permit, conditional use permit, conditional use permit, minor, oak tree permit with a public hearing, protected tree permit, variance, parking deviation, minor, discretionary housing permit, and/or a parking permit, separate applications shall not be required provided that the Disaster Recovery Permit complies with the applicable corresponding provisions of these permits in this Title 22.

2. Procedure A.

a. Applicability.

i. Procedure A shall apply to the following applications:

(1) An application that would otherwise require a parking deviation, minor;

(2) An application that would otherwise require a yard modification;

(3) An application that includes modifications to development standards in Chapter 22.110 (General Site Regulations);

(4) An application that includes modifications to the development standards in Section 22.140.520 (Residential Design Standards);

(5) An application that includes modifications to the development standards in Section 22.140.580 (Single-Family Residences);

(6) An application that includes modifications to the development standards in Section 22.320.070.A (West San Gabriel Valley Planning Area Standards District Zone-Specific Development Standards for Commercial and Mixed Use Zones);

(7) An application that includes modifications to the development standards in Section 22.320.090 (Altadena Community Standards District); and

(8) An application that includes modifications to front yard setbacks in Chapter 22.72 (Setback Districts).

ii. Procedure A shall not be used to modify development standards that would conflict with any legal covenants, conditions, and restrictions for the property.

b. Review Authority. The Review Authority shall be the Zoning Administrator, as referenced in California Government Code section 65900. The

Director, as defined in Section 22.14.040 – D, shall serve as the Zoning Administrator, in accordance with the powers and duties provided in Section 22.220.050 (Director of Regional Planning).

c. Application and Review Procedures.

i. Application Checklist. The application submittal shall contain all of the materials required by the Disaster Recovery Permit Checklist.

ii. Review Procedures.

(1) Application filing and withdrawal shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.070 (Application Filing and Withdrawal).

(2) The fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees), although other applicable fees in Chapter 22.250 (Applications, Petitions, and Fees), including, but not limited to, fees for appeals, e-recordation, environmental assessments, inspections, and rehearings, shall be required.

(3) Initial application review shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.090 (Initial Application Review).

iii. Noticing. Prior to taking action, the Director shall provide notice of application in compliance with Section 22.222.130 (Notice of Application), except where modified herein:

(1) Notice Content. The notice shall also indicate that any individual may oppose the granting of the application by a written protest to the Director;

(2) Comment Period. The Director shall allow a minimum comment period of 15 days after the notice has been sent and digitally posted. The end of the comment period shall be stated on the notice; and

(3) Mailing. Notices shall be mailed or delivered in accordance with Section 22.222.150 (Mailing). Notwithstanding Section 22.222.160.A (Notification Radius), the notices shall only be sent to owners of properties adjoining the exterior boundaries of the subject property, and if applicable, owners of properties across a street or alleyway from the exterior boundaries of the subject property noted on the application, as shown on the County's last equalized assessment roll. Notices shall also be:

(a) Emailed to any available email addresses on file within the unincorporated Altadena or Kinneloa Mesa communities that, in the Director's judgment, may be affected by or be interested in such application;

(b) Sent to any known active community-based group on file within the unincorporated Altadena or Kinneloa Mesa communities that, in the Director's judgment, may be affected by or be interested in such application; and

(c) Posted on the following County websites: Planning.lacounty.gov and Recovery.lacounty.gov.

iv. Findings and Decision.

(1) Findings and decision shall be made in compliance with Section 22.222.200 (Findings and Decision), and notwithstanding

anything to the contrary in this Title 22, include the findings in Section 22.160.050.B (Findings) for conditional use permits, minor, and any additional findings required by Title 22 for corresponding applications, pursuant to Subsection C.2.a.1 of this Section.

(2) Findings for modifications to front yard setbacks within a Setback District shall be made in compliance with Section 22.320.090.F.4.a.

v. Notice of Action. The Director shall issue and mail a notice of action in compliance with Section 22.222.220 (Notice of Action), except that, in accordance with Section 22.222.220.B (Delivery), notices shall also be:

(1) Emailed to any available email addresses on file within the unincorporated Altadena or Kinneloa Mesa communities that, in the Director's judgment, may be affected by or be interested in such application.

(2) Sent to any known active community-based group on file within the unincorporated Altadena or Kinneloa Mesa communities that, in the Director's judgment, may be affected by or be interested in such application.

(3) Posted on the following County websites: Planning.lacounty.gov and Recovery.lacounty.gov.

vi. Effective Date of Decision and Appeals.

(1) The effective date of decision and appeals shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.230 (Effective Date of Decision and Appeals).

(2) Notwithstanding Section 22.222.230 (Effective Date of Decisions and Appeals), the decision of the Director shall become final, unless an appeal is timely filed pursuant to Chapter 22.240 (Appeals).

(3) The decision on an appeal shall be made by a Hearing Officer, and the decision shall be final and effective on the date of decision.

vii. Post-Decision Actions and Regulations.

(1) Documentation, scope of approval, and Exhibit "A" shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.240 (Documentation, Scope of Approval, and Exhibit "A").

(2) Use of property before final action shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.250 (Use of Property Before Final Action).

(3) Performance guarantee and covenant shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.260 (Performance Guarantee and Covenant).

(4) Expiration date and extension for unused permits and reviews shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.270 (Expiration Date and Extension for Unused Permits and Reviews).

(5) Cessation of use shall be in compliance with Section 22.222.280 (Cessation of Use).

3. Procedure B.

a. Applicability. Procedure B shall apply to applications that would otherwise require an animal permit, a conditional use permit, minor, an oak tree permit with a public hearing, and/or a protected tree permit.

b. Application and Review Procedures.

i. Application Checklist. The application submittal shall contain all of the materials required by the Disaster Recovery Permit Checklist.

ii. Type II Review. The application shall be filed and processed in compliance with Chapter 22.228 (Type II Review – Discretionary) with the following modifications:

(1) Section 22.228.030.A shall not apply because only one application shall be required.

(2) Notwithstanding Section 22.228.030.C, the fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees), although other applicable fees in Chapter 22.250 (Applications, Petitions, and Fees), including, but not limited to, fees for appeals, County biologist review, e-recordation, environmental assessments, inspections, and rehearings, shall be required.

4. Procedure C.

a. Applicability. Procedure C shall apply to applications that would otherwise require a conditional use permit, a discretionary housing permit, a parking permit, and/or a variance.

b. Application and Review Procedures.

i. Application Checklist. The application submittal shall contain all of the materials required by the Disaster Recovery Permit Checklist.

ii. The application shall be filed and processed in compliance with Chapter 22.230 (Type III Review – Discretionary) with the following modifications:

(1) Section 22.230.030.A shall not apply because only one application shall be required; and

(2) Notwithstanding Section 22.230.030.C, the fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees), although other applicable fees in Chapter 22.250 (Applications, Petitions, and Fees), including, but not limited to, fees for appeals, County biologist review, e-recordation, environmental assessments, inspections, and rehearings, shall be required.

D. Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Discretionary Review, Time Extension.

1. Applicability. This Subsection D applies to an application requesting an extension of the time limit to use an approved Disaster Recovery Permit that was subject to discretionary review, as specified in the conditions of approval.

2. Application and Review Procedures.

a. If an application requesting an extension is timely filed prior to such expiration date, the Hearing Officer may, one time, extend the time limit for a period not to exceed one year.

b. The fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees).

E. Rebuild Project, Amendment.

1. Applicability. This Subsection E applies to an application requesting amendments to any approved Disaster Recovery Permit.

2. Application and Review Procedures.

a. Application Checklist. The application submittal shall contain all of the applicable materials required by the Disaster Recovery Permit Checklist.

b. Type I Review. The application shall be filed and processed in compliance with Chapter 22.226 (Type I Review – Ministerial) with the following modifications:

i. Section 22.226.030.A shall not apply because only one application shall be required;

ii. Notwithstanding Section 22.226.030.C, the fee is established in Section 22.258.060 (Fees); and

iii. Notwithstanding Section 22.226.080 (Expiration Date and Extension for Unused Permits and Reviews), an approved application that amends a Disaster Recovery Permit that was subject to ministerial review shall be used by January 7, 2030, which is five years after the Board of Supervisors proclaimed the existence of a local emergency for the January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Events. If an application requesting an extension is timely filed prior to such expiration date, the Director may, one time, extend the time limit for a period not to exceed one year. If an approved application amends a Disaster Recovery Permit that was subject to discretionary review, it shall be used within the timeframe specified in the conditions of approval.

c. Criteria for Amendment. If the Disaster Recovery Permit was subject to discretionary review, the Director may approve the amendments, if they meet the criteria below. If they do not meet the criteria below, an application for a new Disaster Recovery Permit shall be required:

- i. Are consistent with the scope of the project and the findings made in the original approval;
- ii. Comply with all existing conditions of approval; and
- iii. Comply with the standards and regulations of the zone, unless specifically modified by the conditions of approval.

22.258.060 Fees.

A. For the purpose of defraying the expense involved with any application or petition required or authorized by Section 22.258.050 (Disaster Recovery Permit), the following fees, as provided in Table 22.258.060-A, below, shall accompany the application or petition. Table 22.258.060-A may be referred to as the Disaster Recovery Permit Filing Fee Schedule.

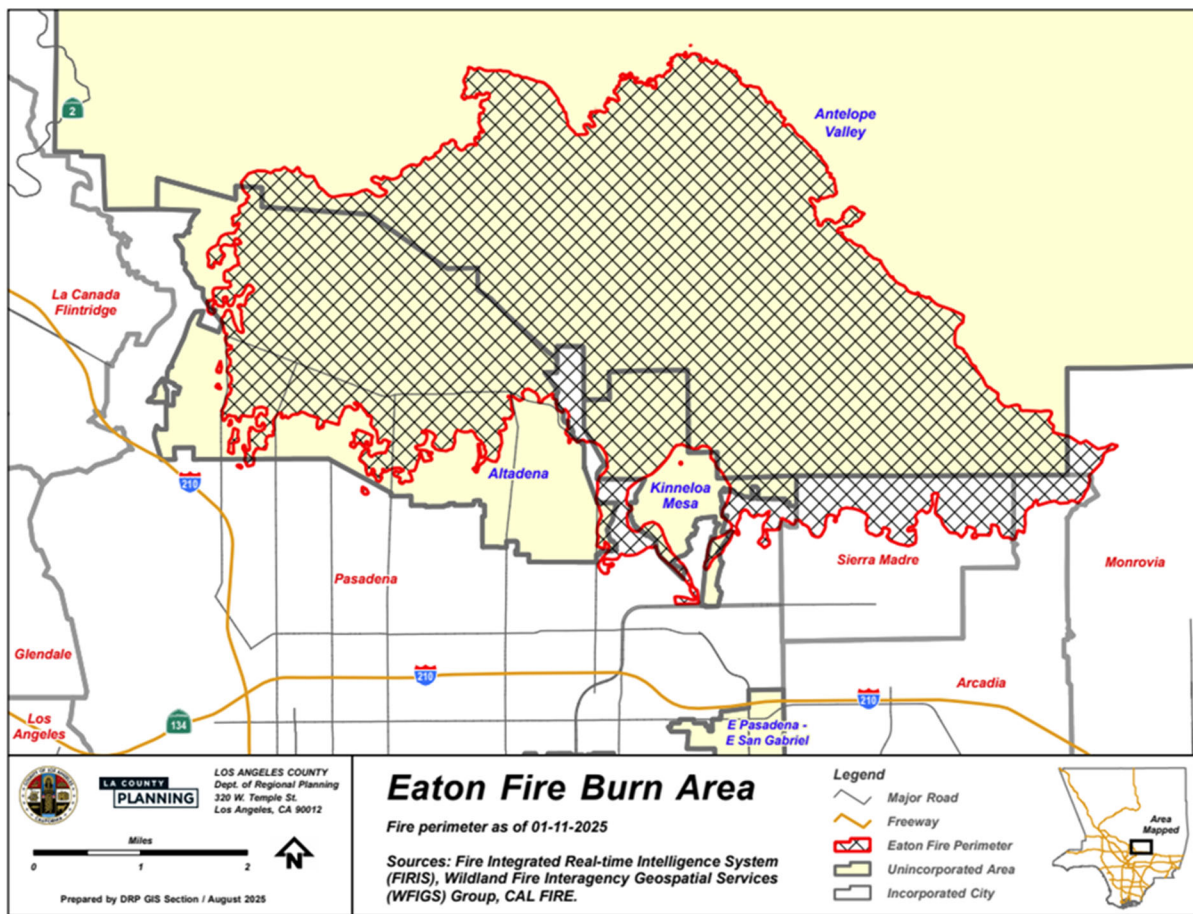
TABLE 22.258.060-A: DISASTER RECOVERY PERMIT FILING FEE SCHEDULE		
<u>Like-for-Like Rebuild Project</u>		<u>\$1,320</u>
<u>Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Ministerial Review</u>		<u>\$1,623</u>
<u>Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Discretionary Review, Category 1</u>	<u>Procedure A, Procedure B</u>	<u>\$5,319</u>
<u>Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Discretionary Review, Category 2</u>	<u>Procedure C, except as noted below</u>	<u>\$14,070</u>
<u>Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Discretionary Review, Category 3</u>	<u>Procedure C, for development in a Significant Ecological Area exceeding 3,500 square feet of total new building area</u>	<u>\$23,094</u>

TABLE 22.258.060-A: DISASTER RECOVERY PERMIT FILING FEE SCHEDULE		
<u>Non-Like-for-Like Rebuild Project, Discretionary Review, Time Extension</u>		<u>\$2,084</u>
<u>Rebuild Project, Amendment</u>		<u>\$760</u>

B. Annual Fee Review. The fees in this Section shall be reviewed annually by the Auditor-Controller. Beginning on January 1, 2026, and thereafter on each succeeding January 1, the amount of each fee in this Section shall be adjusted as follows: calculate the percentage movement in the consumer price index for Los Angeles during the preceding January through December period, adjust each fee by said percentage amount and round off to the nearest dollar. However, no adjustment shall decrease any fee, and no fee shall exceed the reasonable cost of providing services.

22.258.070 Area of Applicability.

This Chapter applies to parcels located in the unincorporated areas affected by the Eaton Fire, as identified on the Eaton Fire Burn Area map, below.



SECTION 2. Authority.

Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U was adopted on September 2, 2025, and extended on October 7, 2025, for 10 months and 15 days. Unless this Extension Ordinance takes effect on or before August 22, 2026, Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U will expire. Section 65858 of the California Government Code provides that an urgency measure in the form of an interim ordinance may be extended, after notice pursuant to Government Code section 65090 and a public hearing, by a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors. Government Code section 65858 further

provides that such an interim ordinance may be extended, following compliance with that section, for an additional year. This is the second and final extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2025-0034U allowed under Government Code section 65858.

SECTION 3. Updates to the Planning and Zoning Code Underway.

The County Department of Regional Planning is considering updates to the County's Disaster Recovery Ordinance to add more flexibility and determine the appropriate development standards and streamlined procedures for disaster recovery, including reconstruction and permitting for properties that suffered irreparable damage or destruction and are seeking disaster rebuilds or disaster rebuilds that request modifications of development standards.

SECTION 4. Determination of Immediate Threat.

Prior to the adoption of Interim Ordinance 2025-0034U, the County's existing regulations did not satisfactorily address regulatory barriers and limited rebuild options for Eaton Fire survivors, which could irreparably harm the physical condition and character of the area and negatively impact the health, safety, and welfare of the general public. This Extension Ordinance is necessary to protect public safety, health, and welfare, based upon the following facts:

1. Conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the County were caused by fast-moving and widespread fires, referred to as the January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Events in the County, commencing on January 7, 2025.

2. California Government Code section 8630 and County Code Section 2.68.110 empower the Board to proclaim the existence of a local emergency when the County is affected or likely to be affected by a public calamity, subject to ratification by the Board at the earliest practicable time.

3. On January 7, 2025, the Governor of the State of California proclaimed a state of emergency for the County, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency approved a fire management assistance grant to assist with the mitigation, management, and control of the wildfires, including the Eaton Fire.

4. On January 7, 2025, the Chair of the Board proclaimed the existence of a local emergency for the January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Events in the County, which included the Eaton Fire.

5. On January 8, 2025, the President of the United States declared the existence of a major disaster in the County and ordered federal aid to supplement State and local recovery efforts in the areas affected by wildfires, including the Eaton Fire.

6. The Eaton Fire has led to the destruction of more than 6,900 structures in the County.

7. This Extension Ordinance outlines the process by which discretionary reviews for modifications to development standards can be made without a public hearing, in accordance with Government Code section 65901(b), which allows the legislative body by ordinance, to authorize the zoning administrator to decide on applications for variance from the terms of Title 22 without a public hearing on the

application, provided the ordinance specifies the kinds of variances that may be granted by the zoning administrator, and the extent of variation the zoning administrator may allow.

8. It is essential that the changes made by this Extension Ordinance to the County Code related to development standards and modifications to development standards be extended to allow the fastest possible rebuild and recovery for residents and businesses in the areas impacted by the Eaton Fire.

SECTION 5. Severability.

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Extension Ordinance is for any reason held to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Extension Ordinance, which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and, to this end, any such provisions are hereby declared to be severable. The Board hereby declares that it would have passed this Extension Ordinance and every section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase thereof irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, or phrases be declared unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 6. Urgent Need.

This Extension Ordinance is urgently needed for the immediate preservation of public health, safety, and welfare. It shall take effect on July 28, 2026, immediately upon adoption. It shall be of no further force and effect one year following the date of its adoption.

[FINEXTURGORDALTADENARTCC]