



**PUBLIC REQUEST TO ADDRESS  
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA**

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

HILDA L. SOLIS  
HOLLY J. MITCHELL  
LINDSEY P. HORVATH  
JANICE HAHN  
KATHRYN BARGER

**Correspondence Received**

The following individuals submitted comments on agenda item:				
Agenda #	Relate To	Position	Name	Comments
1.		<b>Other</b>	Monisha Parker	<p>The term "Homeless Industrial Complex" refers to a critique of the systems and organizations that address homelessness, suggesting that they function more as an industry than as compassionate entities focused on genuinely solving the issue. Critics argue that this complex includes non-profit organizations, government agencies, and service providers that may rely on the existence of homelessness for funding and operational sustainability. Here are some key points often associated with the concept:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Dependency on Funding: Organizations may become dependent on grants, donations, and government funding that tie their financial success to the persistence of homelessness rather than its elimination.</li> <li>2. Resource Allocation: Critics argue that resources may be allocated toward maintaining services rather than implementing long-term solutions that could reduce or eliminate homelessness.</li> <li>3. Bureaucratic Inefficiencies: Some believe that the complexity and bureaucracy within these organizations can lead to inefficiencies and a lack of coordinated efforts, hindering impactful solutions.</li> <li>4. Focus on Symptoms vs. Causes: The critique often emphasizes that many programs address the symptoms of homelessness (like providing temporary shelter) rather than the root causes (such as affordable housing, mental health services, and economic opportunities).</li> <li>5. Lack of Representation: There is concern that people experiencing homelessness are not adequately represented in decision-making processes about policies and services that directly impact their lives.</li> <li>6. Stigmatization and Criminalization: The complex can also contribute to the stigmatization of homeless individuals and the criminalization of homelessness, rather than addressing it as a social and economic issue.</li> </ol> <p>Proponents of this critique advocate for a more systemic approach to addressing the root causes of homelessness and ensuring that the voices of those impacted by homelessness are at the forefront of discussions and solutions.</p> <p>Ending the "Homeless Industrial Complex" in Los Angeles County—a term often used to critique the inefficiencies and profit-driven nature of some organizations and systems addressing homelessness—requires a multifaceted approach that prioritizes systemic change, accountability, and community-driven solutions. Here are key strategies to address the issue:</p>



# PUBLIC REQUEST TO ADDRESS THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

HILDA L. SOLIS  
HOLLY J. MITCHELL  
LINDSEY P. HORVATH  
JANICE HAHN  
KATHRYN BARGER

## Correspondence Received

### 1. Increase Transparency and Accountability

**Audit Nonprofits and Service Providers:** Regularly audit organizations receiving public funds to ensure resources are being used effectively and ethically.

**Performance Metrics:** Implement clear, measurable outcomes for homelessness programs, such as permanent housing placements, rather than focusing on outputs like the number of beds provided.

**Public Reporting:** Require organizations to publicly report their spending, outcomes, and client satisfaction rates.

### 2. Shift to Housing-First Solutions

**Prioritize Permanent Housing:** Redirect funding from temporary shelters and services to permanent housing solutions, such as affordable housing, rapid rehousing, and housing vouchers.

**Streamline Housing Processes:** Reduce bureaucratic barriers to housing placement, such as lengthy eligibility requirements and paperwork.

**Expand Affordable Housing:** Invest in building and preserving affordable housing units, including supportive housing for individuals with mental health or substance use issues.

### 3. Decentralize and Localize Services

**Community-Based Solutions:** Empower local communities and grassroots organizations to design and implement homelessness solutions tailored to their specific needs.

**Reduce Reliance on Large Nonprofits:** Shift funding to smaller, community-driven organizations that may be more effective and less bureaucratic.

### 4. Address Root Causes

**Economic Inequality:** Advocate for policies that address wage stagnation, rising rents, and lack of affordable healthcare.

**Mental Health and Addiction Services:** Expand access to mental health care, addiction treatment, and wraparound services to address underlying issues contributing to homelessness.

**Prevention Programs:** Invest in eviction prevention, rental assistance, and other programs to keep people from becoming homeless in the first place.

### 5. Reform Funding Structures

**Outcome-Based Funding:** Tie funding to measurable outcomes, such as the number of people moved into permanent housing, rather than the number of services provided.

**Reduce Administrative Overhead:** Cap the percentage of funding that can be used for administrative costs to ensure more resources go directly to helping people experiencing homelessness.

### 6. Engage People with Lived Experience

**Include Homeless Individuals in Decision-Making:** Involve people who have experienced homelessness in the design, implementation, and evaluation of programs.

			<p>Peer Support Programs: Fund peer-led initiatives that provide mentorship and support to individuals transitioning out of homelessness.</p> <p>7. Advocate for Policy Changes  State and Federal Support: Push for increased state and federal funding for affordable housing and homelessness prevention.  Zoning and Land Use Reforms: Advocate for changes to zoning laws to allow for more high-density and affordable housing developments.  Tenant Protections: Strengthen tenant rights and protections to prevent evictions and displacement.</p> <p>8. Foster Collaboration  Cross-Sector Partnerships: Encourage collaboration between government agencies, nonprofits, private sector partners, and community organizations to create a unified approach to homelessness.  Data Sharing: Improve data sharing between organizations to better coordinate services and avoid duplication of efforts.</p> <p>9. Public Awareness and Advocacy  Educate the Public: Raise awareness about the systemic causes of homelessness and the need for long-term solutions.  Mobilize Advocacy: Build coalitions to advocate for policy changes and increased funding for effective homelessness solutions.</p> <p>10. Evaluate and Adapt  Continuous Improvement: Regularly evaluate programs and policies to identify what works and what doesn't, and be willing to adapt and innovate.</p> <p>By focusing on systemic change, accountability, and community-driven solutions, Los Angeles County can move toward dismantling the inefficiencies and profit-driven aspects of the current homelessness response system and create a more equitable and effective approach to ending homelessness.</p>
		<b>Item Total</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>1</b>