

Mission

The Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) promotes Child Safety and well-being by partnering with communities to strengthen families, keeping children at home whenever possible, and connecting them with stable, loving homes in times of need.

Mandatory & Major Duties

- Ensure equity, inclusion and access for underserved children and families.
- Make placements in the least restrictive and most suitable care setting.
- Decreasing timelines to reunification and permanency for children.
- Provide resources to help transition-age youth achieve independence.
- Support families and youth who are experiencing/at risk of homelessness.
- Reimagining services/approach from reactive to proactive/preventative.
- Deliver advanced data analytics for informed child welfare decisions.

Department Strategic Plan Exists?

X No Strategic Plan

2024-25 Budget (\$Thousands)

As of Supplemental Budget Phase

EXPENDITURES/APPROPRIATIONS

Total Salaries & Employee Benefits	\$	1,521,105	
Total Services & Supplies	\$	414,652	
Other Charges		1,475,552	
Cap Assets – Equip 5			
Other Financing Uses		-	
TOTAL GROSS APPROP	\$	3,411,895	
Intrafund Transfers		8,515	
TOTAL NET APPROP	\$	3,403,380	
TOTAL NET APPROP Revenue	\$	3,403,380 2,627,469	
	\$		

1 Includes restricted and unrestricted locally generated revenues



Department Budget Request:

Budget Priorities

Listed in order of priority, Amounts in \$Thousands



#	Requ	est Title/Short Descriptor	Fund Source	Gross Approp	less IFT	less Revenue	= NCC	Position Change	Board Priority	Directed By	Metrics Plan?
1	†ŤŤ Ť	Placement Payments (Foster Care, Adoptions, & Guardianship)	NCC	50,573	-	28,680	21,893	-	Child Protection	Fund Req	Ν
2	Ê	Antelope Valley Social Worker Incentive Bonus	NCC	6,678	-	1,736	4,942	-	Child Protection	n/a	N
3	†ŤŤ Ť	Program Services	RO	2,826	1,326	1,500	-	-	Child Protection	Statute	N
4	Â	Information Technology Support	RO	4,154	-	4,154	-	-	Child Protection	n/a	Ν
5	††† †	Youth Transportation	RO	6,000	-	6,000	-	-	Child Protection	Statute	Ν
6	Â	Prevention Services	RO	559	-	559	-	2.0	Child Protection	n/a	Ν
7	Â	Program and Administrative Support Services	NCC	34,231	87	33,884	260	71.0	Child Protection	n/a	Ν
*		Other Ministerial Changes		30,411	-	18,860	11,551	-	Child Protection	n/a	N
		TOTAL		\$ 135,432	\$ 1,413	\$ 95,373	\$ 38,646	73.0			

Service Delivery to the Public

Service Delivery to Other Departments

📠 Administration

Funding Source RO: Revenue Offset | NCC: Net County Cost Change | AFB: Available Fund Balance | DAFB: Department Available Fund Balance | CO: Carryover | Other - SBI: State Budget Impact

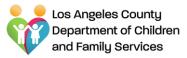
TOTAL BUDGET REQUEST FOR 2025-26 RECOMMENDED BUDGET PHASE (\$Thousands)



2025-26 Department Budget Presentation Summary Department Budget Request: Unmet Needs

Amounts in \$Thousands

#	Unmet Need	A	oprop	IFT	Re	venue	NCC
Tier 1:	Critical Unmet Needs						
1	LGBTQ+ & Equity Services	\$	1,630	\$ -	\$	1,630	\$ -
Tier 2	: Priority Unmet Needs						
2	Administrative Support Services	\$	9,411	\$ -	\$	9,411	\$ -
	TOTAL UNMET NEEDS	\$	11,041	\$ -	\$	11,041	\$ -





Tiering Definitions

TIER 1: Critical Unmet Needs

Requests where, if unfunded in the upcoming budget year, a department would be prevented from meeting mandatory obligations imposed by settlement, contract, audit finding, new legislation, Board mandate, or imminently cause a health or safety risk.

Detailed justification for critical unmet needs must be included in a department's budget requests submission.

TIER 2: Priority Unmet Needs

Requests where, if unfunded in the upcoming budget year, a department would be prevented from establishing, maintaining or enhancing programs and services having a close nexus to the department's statutory obligation(s) and/or core mission.

Detailed justification for priority unmet needs must be included in a department's budget requests submission.

TIER 3: Other Unmet Needs

Requests that do not meet the criteria in either category above. Other Unmet Needs include requests that are not characterized by urgency but are included to establish a record of the request (whether submitted with or without justification) or to signal a current intent to submit the request in one of the two prior categories in a future budget phase. Requests in this category are not limited to requests funded by NCC.

Documentation for these requests does not need to be included in a department's budget requests submission.



Budget Challenge/Pressure	Source	Impact Summary
 Immigration 	External	Budget challenges are straining DCFS's ability to provide immigration relief services, de children and families. New federal policies and an anti-immigrant climate are further co creating backlogs and increasing deportation risks. Without additional funding for lega without care, raising the likelihood of their entry into the Child Welfare System.
 Transition Age Youth Placement, Support, and Housing 	Internal	Budget challenges are significantly straining both the placement and support services available to Transition Age Youth. Limited funding is reducing access to essential emerg making long-term success harder to secure. Rising placement costs further compound scarce resources. As financial constraints persist, the ability to provide comprehensive s they exit the system – is increasingly jeopardized.
 Birth to 5 children 	Internal	Children ages 0-5 are among the most vulnerable in the foster care system, facing uniq address these challenges, the Department has established a specialized children's cour whose early results demonstrate that a focused approach on young children is essentia program is currently understaffed. Increasing staffing is crucial to enhance assessment and strengthen family supports through specialized expertise.
• Community Cultural Brokers	Internal	The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) along with Department have prioritized Anti-Racism a that interface with County systems. The Department has further uplifted equity and the priorities, but this has not come with staffing to support program operation. It is crucial Community Cultural Broker Program even amid budget constraints because the progra improving outcomes, and reducing disparities in child welfare services.
 Financial Pressures in Foster Care 	External	Foster Family Agency (FFA) and Short-Term Residential Therapeutic Program (STRTP) pressures as rising service costs have reduced resources and heightened concerns over Department of Social Services rate structure. Additionally, FFAs now confront escalating expensive insurance coverage, with updated policies costing two to four times higher.
 Federal Reduction in Foster Care Funding 	External	The 1996 AFDC income threshold for a family of 4 was \$858 per month which equals to standard has not increased, the number of families qualifying for federal funding has de amount of federal participation the Department receives for both placement as well as
 Structural Deficits 	Internal	Due to on-going loss of Federal funding, the department has been in structural deficits. deficits due to one-time funding opportunities and a fiscally conservative approach. Th potential revenue sources to continue to meet the needs of children and families.

Other Impact from January 2025 Windstorm and Critical Fire Event

		The Department's challenge has been to meet the needs of children, families, and staff a
 Recent Wildfires 	External	unanticipated costs, including evacuations. While immediate assistance has been provid
		and trauma care requires sustained funding that is not yet secured.



Los Angeles County Department of Children and Family Services

lelaying legal protections for vulnerable complicating SIJS and U-Visa processes, al services, more children may be left

s and the stable housing opportunities rgency housing and transitional programs, d these pressures by stretching already support for TAY – both while in care and as

ique risks and being overrepresented. To urt and launched a Birth to Five program ial for improving outcomes. However, the nts, expand community-based resources,

and Equity for African American families ne Community Cultural Broker Program as al for the Department to staff the gram plays a vital role in building trust,

providers are facing significant budget er program losses under the new California ng liability risks that require far more

o 11 hours per week at \$20 per hour. As this decreased significantly. This impacts the s administrative costs.

ts. The Department has been able to avoid he Department continues to explore

affected by the wildfires resulting ided, long-term support such as housing