### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES – DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM SUPPORT BUREAU – MHSA IMPLEMENTATION AND OUTCOMES DIVISION





WELLNESS • RECOVERY • RESILIENCE

### **Prevention & Early Intervention: Child Parent Psychotherapy (CPP)**

# Countywide Aggregate Practice Outcomes Dashboard Report Outcome Data Submission through May 18, 2015

#### **Participating Legal Entities Include:**

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CALIF INSTITUTE HEALTH SOCIAL SVS	CHILDRENS HOSPITAL OF LOS ANGELES
CHILD AND FAMILY CENTER	CHILDRENS INSTITUTE INC
DIDI HIRSCH PSYCHIATRIC SVS	COUNSELING N RESRCH ASC DBA MASADA
DIGNITY HEALTH DBA CAL HOSP MED CTR	FAMILIES FIRST INC
FOOTHILL FAMILY SERVICE	HAMBURGER HOME DBA AVIVA CENTER
FOR THE CHILD	HATHAWAY SYCAMORES CHILD FAM SRVCS
HILLSIDES	INTERCOMMUNITY CHILD GUIDANCE CTR
LOS ANGELES CHILD GUIDANCE	PACIFIC ASIAN COUN SVS
PACIFIC CLINICS	PENNY LANE CENTERS
SAINT JOHNS HEALTH CENTER	PROTOTYPES
SAN FERNANDO VALLEY COMMUNITY MHC	PROVIDENCE COMMUNITY SERVICES
SHIELDS FOR FAMILIES	ST ANNES
STAR VIEW ADOLESCENT CENTER INC	THE GUIDANCE CENTER
THE HELP GROUP CHILD AND FAMILY CTR	THE REGENTS OF UNIVRSITY OF CA
THE VILLAGE FAMILY SERVICES	VISTA DEL MAR CHILD AND FAMILY SVC
VIP COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CTR INC	L.A. COUNTY DMH
CHILD AND FAMILY GUIDANCE CENTER	ROYBAL FAMILY MHS
CHILDNET YTH AND FAM SVS INC	TIES FOR FAMILIES
CHILDREN BUREAU OF S CALIFORNIA	

Table 1. CPP Status Since Inception to May 18, 2015							
			Clients				
# of Clients	# of Clients	# of Tx	with	Clients	Clients	Clients	
Claimed to	Entered into	Cycles in	Multiple	Completing	Dropping-	Still in	
Practice	PEI OMA	PEI OMA	Tx	Tx	Out of Tx	Tx	
			Cycles				
4789	55.96%	2764	2.99%	33.32%	35.24%	31.44%	
n=	2680	n=	80	921	974	869	

Note 1: Clients Claimed was based on CPP being selected as the EBP in a PEI Plan and having  $\geq 2$  core services claimed to the practice starting July 1, 2011.

Note 2: Number of clients Completing Tx or Dropping-Out of Tx was determined by whether the EBP was said to be completed (e.g. answered "yes" or "no") in the PEI OMA.

Table 2. Client Demographics - Clients Who Entered CPP											
	Age	Ger	nder			Ethnicity	1		Prim	ary Langu	age
Total Number of Clients	Average	Female	Male	African-American	Asian / Pacific Islander	Caucasian	Hispanic / Latino	Other	English	Spanish	Other
2680	3	48.02%	51.98%	18.69%	1.01%	8.77%	64.81%	6.72%	69.66%	29.22%	1.12%
	n=	1287	1393	501	27	235	1737	180	1867	783	30

Note1: Age is calculated at the date of the first EBP.

Note2: Percentages may not total 100 due to missing data and/or rounding.

Table 3. Top	Table 3. Top 5 Most Frequently Reported DSM-IV Primary Axis Diagnosis - Clients Who Entered CPP							
Total Treatment Cycles	Disorder of Infancy, Childhood, or Adolescence NOS	Disruptive Behavior Disorder NOS	Post- Traumatic Stress Disorder	Anxiety Disorder NOS	Adjustment Disorder W/Mixed Disturbance Emotion and Conduct	Other		
2764	18.99%	16.43%	13.24%	10.42%	6.87%	34.04%		
n=	525	454	366	288	190	941		

Note: As reported in PEI OMA beginning of treatment information.

Table 4. Program Process Data - Clients Who Entered CPP						
Outcome Measures Administered	Pre-Test with Scores	Post-test with Scores	Clients Who Completed both a Pre and Post Measure with Scores			
Trauma Symptom Checklist for Young Children (TSCYC)	64.46%	43.99%	20.78%			
n=	1219	512	393			
Ackn=	1891	1164	1891			
Youth Outcome Questionnaire - 2.01 (Parent)	67.38%	46.25%	21.30%			
n=	851	351	269			
Ackn=	1263	759	1263			

Note 1: Number of acknowledged measures (Ackn=) is determined by the number of required measures that receive a score or an unable to collect reason code.

Note 2: The % indicated for Pre-test with scores, Post-test with scores, and both a Pre- and Post-test with scores is calculated by dividing the (n=#) by the number acknowledged (Ackn=#) in the PEI OMA system for each measure. The number acknowledged (Ackn=#) for those with Pre and Post scores is an estimate based on the greatest number of matches that could be expected given the number of Pre scores acknowledged.

Table 5a	Table 5a. Top Reasons Given for "Unable to Collect"								
r Young Children	Total Pre 672	range unavailal		Parent/care provider unavailable	Parent/care provider refused	Clinician not trained in outcome measure	Other Reasons		
t for	Percent	38.69%	16.52%	9.23%	7.14%	7.14%	21.28%		
hecklist (TSCYC)	n	260	111	62	48	48	143		
Trauma Symptom Checklist (TSCYC)	Total Post 652	Premature termination	Parent/care provider unavailable	Lost contact with parent/care provider	Administration date exceeds acceptable range	Outcome measure unavailable	Other Reasons		
l ü	Percent	30.37%	20.55%	14.88%	9.97%	7.36%	16.87%		
Tra	n	198	134	97	65	48	110		

Table 5b	Table 5b. Top Reasons Given for "Unable to Collect"								
e - 2.01 (Parent)	Total Pre 412	Administration date exceeds acceptable range	Outcome measure unavailable	Parent/care provider unavailable	Parent/care provider refused	Premature termination	Other Reasons		
air	Percent	44.42%	14.08%	11.17%	7.52%	6.07%	16.75%		
ono	n	183	58	46	31	25	69		
Youth Outcome Questionnaire	Total Post 408	Premature termination	Parent/care provider unavailable	Lost contact with parent/care provider	Administration date exceeds acceptable range	Parent/care provider refused	Other Reasons		
th	Percent	32.60%	19.61%	15.20%	10.29%	7.11%	15.20%		
٧٥	n	133	80	62	42	29	62		

Table 6. Service Delivery Data – Clients Who Completed CPP						
Total Treatment Cycles	Average Length of Treatment in Weeks	Rang Treatme	ge of nt Weeks	Average Number of Sessions	Range of	Sessions
921	20	Min Max		22	Min	Max
	39	0	127	32	1	204

Note: Completed CPP is defined as having a 'yes' for completion indicated in the PEI OMA.

Table 7a. Outcome Data <sup>±</sup> – Clients who Completed CPP							
		Percent Improvement	Percent of Clients Showing Reliable Change* from Pre-CP to Post-CPP				
		from Pre to Post	Positive Change	No change	Negative Change		
Youth Outcome							
Questionnaire -	TOTAL	55.37%	66.35%	28.44%	5.21%		
2.01 (Parent)		(n=211)	140	60	11		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	140	60	11		

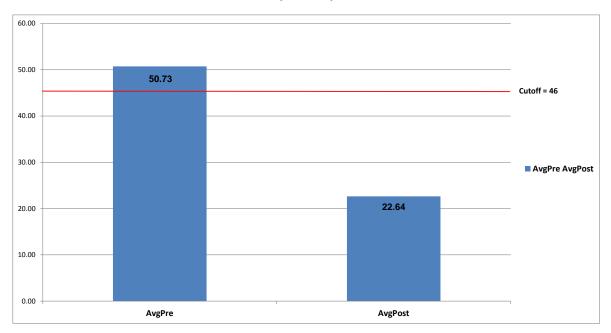
<sup>\*</sup>Please see Appendix A. for a description of the CPP outcome measures and the outcome indicators (percent improvement in average scores; and, percent of clients showing reliable change).

Note 2 Possible YOQ-Parent Total Scores can range from -16 -240, with a clinical cutoff of 46

Note 3: Aggregate outcome data based on fewer than 20 clients are not reported.

Note 4: Positive Change indicates that the scores decreased from the pre to the post measure.

## Youth Outcome Questionnaire (YOQ) - 2.01 (Parent) (N=211)



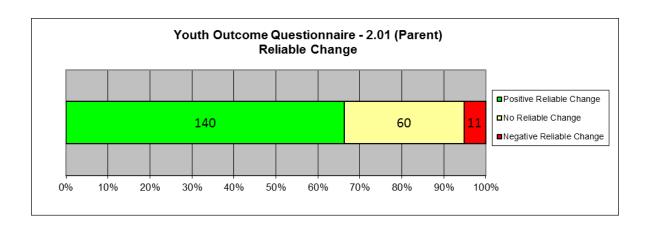
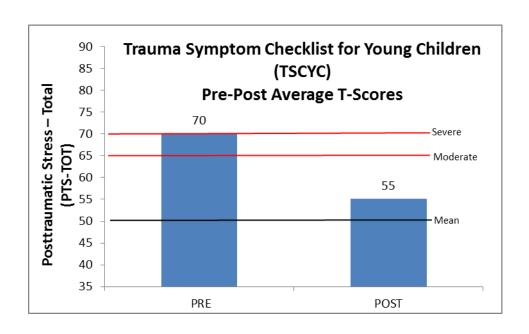


Table 7b. Outcome Data – Clients who Completed CPP					
Trauma Sympto	om Check Lis	t for Young Ch	ildren (TSCYC)		
Posttraum	atic Stress -	Total Scale (P	ГЅ-ТОТ)		
Profile	Percent Change		T-Score Average Post		
All Clients Ages 3-6	18.50% (n=328)	70	55		



### <u>Appendix</u>

Trauma Symptom Checklist for Young Children (TSCYC) The Trauma Symptom Checklist for Young Children is a 90-item parent/caregiver report measure that assesses trauma-related symptoms in children from the ages of 3 through 12. For the Los Angeles County PEI Plan, the TSCYC is utilized for the age range of 3 through 6. The TSCYC is the first fully standardized and normed measure of trauma-related symptoms for young children. The TSCYC contains 2 validity scales, 8 clinical scales, and a summary scale (comprising 3 of the clinical scales). Each trauma symptom is rated on a 4 point scale. Each TSCYC clinical scale score can range from 9 to 36. The summary scale (PTS-TOT) score can range from 27 to 108. The clinical cut points can be obtained in the TSCYC manual and can vary depending on the age and gender of the child.

### Youth Outcomes Questionnaires (YOQ)

The Youth Outcome Questionnaire is a 64-item parent-report that assesses global distress in a child's/adolescent's life from 4-17 years of age. Scores on the measure can range from -16 to 240. Scores of 46 or higher are most similar to a clinical population on the YOQ.

### Reliable Change Index

When comparing Pre and Post scores, it is very helpful to know whether the change reported represents the real effects of the treatment or errors in the system of measurement. The Reliability of Change Index (RCI) is a statistical way of helping to insure that the change recorded between pre and post assessments exceeds that which would be expected on the basis of measurement error alone. The RCI has been calculated using the Jacobson and Truax (1991) method and indicates when change exceeds that which would be expected on the basis of error at the p<.05 probability level. For a more in-depth discussion of Reliability of Change see Jacobson, N. S., & Truax. P. (1991). Clinical Significance: A statistical approach to defining meaningful change in psychotherapy research. *Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology*, 59, 12-19. Also see Wise, E. A. (2004). Methods for analyzing psychotherapy outcomes: A review of clinical significance, reliable change, and recommendations for future directions. *Journal of Personality Assessment*, 82(1), 50-59.

The number and percent of clients experiencing positive change, no change and negative change are recorded in table 7a. Healthful change in each of the measures cited here means that scores have <u>decreased</u> in value from pre to post test administrations (i.e. recorded a negative change on the RCI). To help avoid confusion, healthful reliable change is presented as positive while unhealthful reliable change is presented as negative change.