

APPENDIX B. CALIFORNIA CIVIL AND HEALTH AND SAFETY CODES

California Civil Code §1714.22(f)

- 1.0 Persons who administer naloxone in an emergency or who possess an opioid antagonist are protected from civil liability, criminal prosecution, or violation of any professional licensing statute, as long as the person meets the following criteria:
 - 1.1 Received specified training information
 - 1.1.1 The causes of an opiate overdose
 - 1.1.2 Mouth to mouth resuscitation
 - 1.1.3 How to contact appropriate emergency medical services
 - 1.1.4 How to administer an opioid antagonist
 - 1.2 Believes in good faith that the other person is experiencing a drug overdose and acts with reasonable care in administering naloxone.

Health and Safety Code §11376.5

- 2.0 Protects those seeking medical assistance for someone or themselves overdosing
 - 2.1 Not a crime to be under the influence/possess for personal use a controlled substance or drug paraphernalia
 - 2.2 Person cannot obstruct medical or law enforcement personnel
 - 2.3 Does not protect against:
 - 2.3.1 Selling, providing, giving, or exchanging drugs
 - 2.3.2 Forcible administration of drugs against a person's will
 - 2.3.3 Offenses that involves activities made dangerous by consumption of controlled substances (e.g., DUI)