

PREVENTING DOG BITES

Prepared by Chief Executive Office, Risk Management Branch Loss Control and Prevention Section 3333 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1000, Los Angeles, CA 90010



Contact Loss Control and Prevention at (213) 738-2269 for additional information.

Each year, 800,000 people seek medical attention for dog bites. Of those injured, 386,000 require treatment in an emergency room. Dog bites are a serious public health problem that can inflict considerable physical and emotional damage on victims. The following recommendations are made to assist in preventing dog bites.

If you encounter a strange dog:

- Do not scream. Speak calmly and firmly. Do not give the dog a reason to become excited or aggressive.
- Do not throw things at the dog.
- Do not run or turn your back on the dog.
- Remain motionless and avoid making eye contact with the dog. Once the dog loses interest, slowly back away until the dog is out of sight.
- If the dog attacks, "feed" it a jacket, purse, backpack or any other object to create a barrier between you and the dog. This may buy you enough time to escape.
- If the dog knocks you down, curl into a ball, protect your ears, back of your neck and your face with your arms. Remain motionless.
- If you are bitten, immediately wash the wound with soap and water and see a doctor. Report the bite to your supervisor and local animal control agency.

More safety tips:

- Do not run past a dog.
- Never approach a dog that is tied up in a yard.
- Do not reach through a fence to pet a dog.
- Never bother a dog that is eating, sleeping or caring for puppies.
- Do not try to help a dog that is hurt or frightened.

When you pet a dog:

- Always let the dog see you first.
- Let the dog come to you.
- Make a fist and hold your hand out towards the dog's nose so it can sniff your hand.