AGENDA

Members of the Public may address the Public Safety Cluster on any agenda item by submitting a written request prior to the meeting. Two (2) minutes are allowed per person in total for each item.

1. CALL TO ORDER

2. GENERAL PUBLIC COMMENT

3. INFORMATIONAL ITEM(S) [Any Information Item is subject to discussion and/or presentation at the request of two or more Board offices with advance notification]:
   
   A. Board Letter:
      AUTHORIZATION TO EXTEND CONTRACTS WITH MORRISON MANAGEMENT SPECIALISTS, INC. TO PROVIDE FOOD SERVICES FOR THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY PROBATION DEPARTMENT
      Speaker(s): Robert Smythe (Probation)
   
   B. Board Letter:
      CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT – CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT CORE SERVICE AREA FIRE CAMP 11 LIFE SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT – APPROVE REVISED BUDGET ADOPT, ADVERTISE, AND AWARD SPECS. 7163; CAPITAL PROJECT NO. 87157
      Speaker(s): Ron Bleier (Fire) and Alicia Ramos (Public Works)

4. PRESENTATION/DISCUSSION ITEM(S):
   
   A. Board Briefing:
      TRUTH ACT BRIEFING
      Speaker(s): Brendon Corbett (Sheriff)
   
   B. Board Briefing:
      PROBATION DEPARTMENT – JUVENILE INSTITUTION COST SAVINGS REVIEW
      Speaker(s): Tom Faust (Probation)
5. PUBLIC COMMENTS

6. ADJOURNMENT

7. UPCOMING ITEMS:

   A. Board Letter:
      BAILMENT AGREEMENT WITH MONTROSE SEARCH AND RESCUE TEAM FOR
      USE OF 2020 RAM 5500 FOR THE CRESCENTA VALLEY SHERIFF’S STATION
      Speaker(s): David E. Hulwager and Robert J. Galbraith (Sheriff)

   B. Board Letter:
      APPROVE SOLE SOURCE AMENDMENT NUMBER THIRTEEN TO EXTEND
      AGREEMENT NUMBER 77742 WITH HEALTHRIGHT 360 FOR A GENDER-
      RESPONSIVE REHABILITATION PROGRAM FOR FEMALE OFFENDERS
      Speaker(s): Melissa M. Kelley and Irma Santana (Sheriff)

   C. Board Briefing:
      NINE-YEAR LEASE – PROBATION DEPARTMENT 2934 EAST GARVEY
      AVENUE SOUTH, WEST COVINA
      Speaker(s): Mike Navarro (CEO)

IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO EMAIL A COMMENT ON AN ITEM ON THE PUBLIC SAFETY
CLUSTER AGENDA, PLEASE USE THE FOLLOWING EMAIL AND INCLUDE THE
AGENDA NUMBER YOU ARE COMMENTING ON:

PUBLIC_SAFETY_COMMENTS@CEO.LACOUNTY.GOV
AUTHORIZATION TO EXTEND CONTRACTS WITH MORRISON MANAGEMENT SPECIALISTS, INC. TO PROVIDE FOOD SERVICES FOR THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY PROBATION DEPARTMENT

(ALL SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICTS) (3 VOTES)

SUBJECT

The County of Los Angeles Probation Department (Probation) is requesting delegated authority to extend contracts with Morrison Management Specialists, Inc. to provide food services at Barry J. Nidorf Juvenile Hall (BJNJH) and Central Juvenile Hall (CJH).

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE BOARD:

1. Authorize the Chief Probation Officer or his designee to prepare and execute, upon approval as to form by County Counsel, modifications to two (2) contracts with Morrison Management Specialists, Inc. in the estimated amounts as set forth on Attachment I to extend contract periods for twelve (12) months effective May 1, 2021 through April 30, 2022, upon approval as to form by County Counsel.

2. Delegate authority to the Chief Probation Officer or his designee to prepare and execute modifications to these contracts for any decrease or increase not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of per unit cost, upon approval as to form by County Counsel.
3. Delegate authority to the Chief Probation Officer or his designee to approve necessary changes to scope of service, and to terminate, in whole or in part, contract numbers 77929 and 77930, with Morrison Management Specialists, Inc., once Probation has completed its solicitations and entered into contracts for food services contracts at BJNJH and CJH.

**PURPOSE/JUSTIFICATION OF RECOMMENDED ACTION**

The purpose of the recommended actions is to authorize the Chief Probation Officer or his designee to prepare and execute contract modifications to Contracts 77929 and 77930 with Morrison Management Specialists, Inc. to extend contract periods. Contracts 77929 and 77930 will expire on April 30, 2021. As such, extensions are required to provide Probation with sufficient time to complete its evaluation process and address any protest if necessary. Additionally, the extension will allow time for the Auditor-Controller (A-C) to review and approve the cost analysis of the selected vendors’ proposals to ensure that contracted services will be provided at less cost than the County.

The Chief Probation Officer or his designee will have delegated authority to terminate contracts with Morrison Management Specialists, Inc. at the sole discretion of County once the solicitation process has been completed and Probation has entered into contracts for food services.

**Implementation of Strategic Plan Goals**

The recommended actions are consistent with the County of Los Angeles Strategic Plan Goal III: Realize Tomorrow’s Government Today. Specifically, it will address Strategy III.3 to Pursue Operational Effectiveness, Fiscal Responsibility, and accountability.

**FISCAL IMPACT/FINANCING**

The estimated amount for the contract extensions are set forth in Attachment I for the twelve (12) month periods from May 1, 2021 through April 30, 2022 and fully funded through Net County Cost.

**FACTS AND PROVISIONS/LEGAL REQUIREMENTS**

The current contracts expire on April 30, 2021. The term of the contract extensions shall be for a twelve (12) month period from May 1, 2021 through April 30, 2022.

The contracts are authorized by Los Angeles County Charter 44.7 and Los Angeles County Code Chapter 2.121 (Proposition A). Probation has evaluated and determined that the Living Wage applies to the contract. Consequently, the contract includes compliance with the requirements for the County’s Living Wage Program (Los Angeles County Code, Chapter, 2.201).
The contracts contain your Board's required contract provisions, including those pertaining to consideration of qualified county employees targeted for layoffs, as well as qualified GAIN/GROW participants for employment openings, compliance with Jury Service Ordinance, Safely Surrendered Baby Law and the Child Support Program.

The County will not request the contractor to perform services that exceed the Board approved contract amount, scope of work, and/or contract terms.

**CONTRACTING PROCESS**

The current contracts expire on April 30, 2021. To provide Probation with the time necessary to complete its competitive solicitation, the contract modifications are being recommended on a sole source basis.

The CEO has approved the Sole Source Contract Checklist (Attachment II). In accordance with your Board’s contract policy requirements for Sole Source Contracts, Probation notified your Board on December 1, 2020 of its intent to extend contracts with Morrison Management Specialists.

Except as expressly provided in the contract modifications, all other provisions and conditions of the contract will remain the same and in full force and effect. The recommended contract modifications will be executed after County Counsel review and approval as to form.

**IMPACT ON CURRENT SERVICES (OR PROJECTS)**

Approval of the recommended actions will avoid a break in services and allow time for Probation to complete its solicitation process.

Respectfully submitted,

ADOLFO GONZALES
Chief Probation Officer

TH:DS:yh

Enclosures

c:
Executive Officer
Chief Executive Office
County Counsel
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contractor</th>
<th>Contract Number</th>
<th>Facility</th>
<th>Contract Amounts</th>
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<td>Morrison Management Specialists, Inc.</td>
<td>77929</td>
<td>Barry J. Nidorf</td>
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<td>Juvenile Hall</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SOLE SOURCE CHECKLIST

Department Name: **Probation**

- New Sole Source Contract
- ✔ Sole Source Amendment to Existing Contract

**Date Existing Contract First Approved:** 04/09/2013

### JUSTIFICATION FOR SOLE SOURCE CONTRACTS

Identify applicable justification and provide documentation for each checked item.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Check (✓)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✔ Only one bona fide source (monopoly) for the service exists; performance and price competition are not available. A monopoly is an “Exclusive control of the supply of any service in a given market. If more than one source in a given market exists, a monopoly does not exist.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Compliance with applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Compliance with State and/or federal programmatic requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Services provided by other public or County-related entities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Services are needed to address an emergent or related time-sensitive need. The current contracts expire on April 30, 2021. As such, to avoid a break in services, extensions to the current contracts are required to provide Probation with sufficient time to complete its evaluation process and address any protest if necessary. Additionally, the extension will allow time for the Auditor-Controller (A-C) to review and approve the cost analysis of the selected vendors’ proposals to ensure that contracted services will be provided at less cost than the County.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ The service provider(s) is required under the provisions of a grant or regulatory requirement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Additional services are needed to complete an ongoing task and it would be prohibitively costly in time and money to seek a new service provider.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Services are needed during the time period required to complete a solicitation for replacement services; provided services are needed for no more than 12 months from the expiration of an existing contract which has no available option periods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Maintenance and support services are needed for an existing solution/system during the time to complete a solicitation for a new replacement solution/system; provided the services are needed for no more than 24 months from the expiration of an existing maintenance and support contract which has no available option periods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ Maintenance service agreements exist on equipment which must be serviced by the original equipment manufacturer or an authorized service representative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ It is more cost-effective to obtain services by exercising an option under an existing contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔ It is in the best economic interest of the County (e.g., significant costs to replace an existing system or infrastructure, administrative cost savings and excessive learning curve for a new service provider, etc.) In such cases, departments must demonstrate due diligence in qualifying the cost-savings or cost-avoidance associated with the best economic interest of the County.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Chief Executive Office

Date
February 9, 2021

The Honorable Board of Supervisors
County of Los Angeles
383 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration
500 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, California 90012

Dear Supervisors:

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT CORE SERVICE AREA
FIRE CAMP 11 LIFE SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
APPROVE REVISED BUDGET
ADOPT, ADVERTISE, AND AWARD
SPECS. 7163; CAPITAL PROJECT NO. 87157
(SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT 5)
(3 VOTES)

SUBJECT

Public Works is seeking Board approval to revise the project budget, adopt and advertise for construction bids, and authorize the award of a construction contract for the Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements project.

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE BOARD, ACTING AS THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY CONSOLIDATED FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT:

1. Find that the recommended actions are within the scope of previously approved exemptions to the California Environmental Quality Act for the reasons stated in this letter and in the record of the previously approved project.

2. Approve the revised project budget from the previous Board-approved amount of $6,200,000 to $3,400,000 for the Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements project, Capital Project No. 87157.

3. Adopt plans and specifications that are on file with Public Works for construction of the Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements project.

4. Instruct the Executive Officer of the Board to advertise the Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements project for bids to be received and opened on March 10, 2021, in accordance with the Instruction Sheet for Publishing Legal Advertisements.
5. Authorize the Director of Public Works or his designee to execute a consultant services agreement with the apparent lowest responsive and responsible bidder to prepare a baseline construction schedule for a $3,500 not-to-exceed amount funded by the project funds.

6. Delegate authority to the Director of Public Works or his designee to make the determination that a bid is nonresponsive and to reject a bid on that basis; to award to the next lowest responsive and responsible bidder; to waive inconsequential and nonmaterial deficiencies in bids submitted; and to determine, in accordance with the applicable contract and bid documents, whether the apparent lowest responsive and responsible bidder has timely prepared a satisfactory baseline construction schedule and satisfied all conditions for contract award. Upon such determination, authorize the Director of Public Works or his designee to award and execute the construction contract, in the form previously approved by County Counsel, to the apparent lowest responsive and responsible bidder if the low bid can be awarded within the approved total budget, to establish the effective date of the contract upon receipt by the Public Works of acceptable performance and payment bonds and evidence of required contractor insurance, and to take all other actions necessary and appropriate to deliver the project.

7. Delegate authority to the Director of Public Works or his designee to execute any easements, permits, and utility connection agreements necessary for the completion of the project, provided that the costs related to these easements, permits, and agreements do not cause the project to exceed the approved project budget.

8. Authorize the Director of Public Works or his designee to carry out, manage, and deliver the project on behalf of the Consolidated Fire Protection District of Los Angeles County; award and execute consultant agreements, amendments, and supplements within the same authority and limits delegated to the Director of Public Works or his designee by the Board for County Capital Improvement Projects; accept the project; and release retention upon acceptance.

**PURPOSE/JUSTIFICATION OF RECOMMENDED ACTION**

Approval of the recommended actions will find that they are within the scope of the Board’s previous exemption finding under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); approve the revised project budget (Enclosure A); adopt plans and specifications; advertise for construction bids; and authorize the Director of Public Works
to award and execute a construction contract for the Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements project.

Background

Fire Camp 11 is a fire suppression facility located at 8800 West Soledad Canyon Road in the unincorporated area of Acton in the County of Los Angeles. Fire Camp 11 houses low security State inmates and is jointly operated by the Consolidated Fire Protection District of Los Angeles County and the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. Under the supervision of the Fire District, inmates provide various fire prevention services, including the clearing of brush to create a defensible barrier around forest fires.

The project originally included rehabilitating the existing water well, potable water tank, and existing septic system; installing a new potable water treatment system; installing a new standby generator; and make various life safety improvements to the sleeping quarters. However, studies conducted during the design phase showed the presence of unsafe levels of certain pollutants in the vicinity of the existing well, which led to the search for a new well location. Site investigations and studies were conducted and a new well location was found which is outside of the Santa Clara River 100-year flood plain and upstream from existing leach fields, thereby eliminating the need for a potable water treatment system. In addition, the standby generator was procured by Los Angeles County Fire Department through other delivery methods. The revised proposed scope of work will construct a new water well to replace the existing water well, install potable water piping, install a new chlorination system, replace the existing septic tanks, and refurbish the existing potable water storage tank.

Plans, specifications, and jurisdictional approvals have been completed and it is recommended that the Board adopt and advertise the plans and specifications for construction bids as required under the Public Contract Code.

In order to accelerate the delivery of the project, it is recommended that the Board authorize the Director of Public Works to award and execute a construction contract with the lowest responsive and responsible bidder if the low bid can be awarded within the revised total project budget approved by the Board.

The proposed consultant services agreement requires the apparent lowest responsive and responsible bidder to prepare a baseline construction schedule that conforms to the County of Los Angeles’ schedule specification.
It is anticipated that construction of the project will begin in May 2021 and be substantially completed in March 2022.

**Green Building/Sustainable Design Program**

The project supports the Board's Green Building/Sustainable Design Program by replacing the fire camp's existing well with a new well that provides cleaner raw water; installing new equipment that will provide sufficient, clean, and safe potable water for the camp staff and inmates; and installing a new septic system that will generate cleaner wastewater effluent. The new equipment used in the potable water chlorination system is energy efficient, which will provide some cost savings.

**Implementation of Strategic Plan Goals**

These recommendations support the County Strategic Plan: Strategy II.3, Make Environmental Sustainability our Daily Reality, and Objective II.3.1, Improve Water Quality, Reduce Water Consumption, and Increase Water Supplies. These recommended actions will allow the installation of an efficient potable water chlorination system that will ensure an uninterrupted supply of potable water to the camp while reducing energy consumption through the use of energy efficient equipment.

**FISCAL IMPACT/FINANCING**

On January 07, 2014, the Board approved the project budget of $6,200,000. The total revised project budget is $3,400,000, which includes a construction cost of $1,800,000. The decrease in the project budget of $2,800,000 is due to reduction in scope, which includes the deletion of a new potable water treatment system due to the relocation of the well; the refurbishment of the existing water storage instead of installing a new tank; the replacement of the existing septic tank instead of installing a new automated onsite wastewater treatment system; and the procurement of a new standby generator through other delivery methods. Excess funds from the Fire Camp 11 capital project (CP 87157) were transferred to other Fire Camp capital projects approved in subsequent Board letters.

The project is fully funded with net County cost. Sufficient funding is available for the revised total project cost in the Fiscal Year 2020-21 Capital Projects/Refurbishment Budget, Capital Project No. 87157.
Operational Budget Impact

A 1-year Operation and Maintenance Agreement for the potable water chlorination system will be included as part of the construction contract. The Fire District will be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the new potable water system once the 1-year agreement expires. The Fire District will request ongoing funds to cover these costs as part of its Fiscal Year 2022-23 budget request. There will be no impact to the current operating budget.

FACTS AND PROVISIONS/LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

A standard construction contract will be used that contains terms and conditions supporting the Board’s ordinances and policies including, but not limited to, the County’s Greater Avenues for Independence and General Relief Opportunities for Work Programs, Contract Language to Assist in Placement of Displaced County Workers, and Notice to Employees Regarding the Federal Earned Income Credit (Federal Income Tax Law, Internal Revenue Service Notice 1015).

The plans and specifications include the contractual provisions, methods, and material requirements necessary for this project and are on file with Public Works' Business Relations and Contracts Division.

In accordance with the Board’s consolidated Local and Targeted Worker Hire Policy amended on June 1, 2019, the project will require best effort hiring goal that at least 30 percent of the total California craft worker hours for construction of the project be performed by Local Residents.

In accordance with the Board’s Civic Art Policy amended on August 4, 2020, this project is exempt from the Civic Art fee as it consists of improvements related to underground infrastructure.

ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION

On January 7, 2014, the Board approved the project and found the project categorically exempt from the provisions of CEQA pursuant to Section 15301(a) and Section 15302(c) of the State CEQA guidelines and Class 2(e) of the County’s Environmental Document Reporting Procedures and Guidelines, Appendix G. The adjustments in project scope and the recommended actions are within the scope of the project analyzed and previously determined to be exempt.
Upon the Board's approval of the recommended actions, Public Works will file a Notice of Exemption with the Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk in accordance with Section 21152 of the Public Resources Code.

**CONTRACTING PROCESS**

Advertising for construction bids will be in accordance with the County's standard Instruction Sheet for Publishing Legal Advertisements (see Enclosure B).

As requested by the Board on February 3, 1998, this contract opportunity will be listed on the "Doing Business with Us" and "Do Business with Public Works" websites. Public Works will also inform the local small business enterprises about this business opportunity for those certified by the County of Los Angeles Department of Consumers and Business Affairs.

Participation by Community Business Enterprises (CBE) in the project is encouraged through Public Works’ CBE Outreach Program and by monitoring the good faith efforts of bidders to utilize CBE.

Standard contracts, in the form previously approved by County Counsel, will be used. The standard Board-directed clauses that provide for contract termination, renegotiation, and hiring qualified displaced County employees are included in the contract.

**IMPACT ON CURRENT SERVICES (OR PROJECTS)**

Approval of the recommended actions will have no impact on current County services or projects. The Fire Camp 11 facility will remain operational during construction of the project.
CONCLUSION

Please return one adopted copy of this letter to, Public Works, Project Management Division I.

Respectfully submitted,

MARK PESTRELLA
Director of Public Works

MP:AKM:cg

Enclosure

c: Department of Arts and Culture
   Chief Executive Office (Capital Programs Division)
   County Counsel
   Executive Office
   Fire Department
   Department of Public Social Services (GAIN/GROW Program)
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT CORE SERVICE AREA
FIRE CAMP 11 LIFE SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
APPROVE REVISED BUDGET
ADOPT, ADVERTISE, AND AWARD
SPECS. 7163; CAPITAL PROJECT NO. 87157
(SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT 5)
(3 VOTES)

I. PROJECT SCHEDULE SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Activity</th>
<th>Scheduled Completion Date</th>
<th>Revised Scheduled Completion Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Construction Documents</td>
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<td>09/2019*</td>
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<td>Construction Award</td>
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<td>Project Acceptance</td>
<td>02/2017</td>
<td>04/2022</td>
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</table>

*Completed Activity

II. PROJECT BUDGET SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Activity</th>
<th>Board-Approved Budget</th>
<th>Impact of this Action</th>
<th>Proposed Project Budget</th>
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<tr>
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<td>TOTAL</td>
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<td>$3,400,000</td>
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CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT CORE SERVICE AREA
FIRE CAMP 11 LIFE SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
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(SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT 5)
(3 VOTES)

PUBLISHING LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS: In accordance with the State of California Public Contract Code Section 20125, you may publish once a week for two weeks in a weekly newspaper or ten times in a daily newspaper. Forward three reprints of this advertisement to Business Relations and Contracts Division, Public Works, 900 South Fremont Avenue, 8th Floor, Alhambra, CA 91803-1331.

OFFICIAL NOTICE
INVITING BIDS

Notice is hereby given that the Director of Public Works will receive sealed bids for materials, labor, and equipment required to complete construction for the following project:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SD</th>
<th>SPECS</th>
<th>PROJECT</th>
<th>DATE OF BID OPENING</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>7163</td>
<td>Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements Project</td>
<td>March 10, 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Copies of the project manual and drawings for the project may be downloaded for free from the Public Works website [https://dpw.lacounty.gov/contracts/opportunities.aspx](https://dpw.lacounty.gov/contracts/opportunities.aspx). For bid information, please call Ms. Rori Rubio of Business Relations and Contracts Division at (626) 458-2584. Bids will only be accepted electronically through BidExpress, a secure bidding service website, at [www.bidexpress.com](http://www.bidexpress.com). To submit the bid electronically, register with BidExpress at least one week prior to the bid opening date. Once the bidder is registered, an invitation will be sent to the bidder to allow access to the Public Contracting and Asset Management bid opening. There is a nominal service fee to use BidExpress. Each bid shall be submitted no later than 1 p.m. on March 10, 2021. Bids will be opened, examined, and declared by Public Works on Microsoft Teams Conference Meeting at 2 p.m. on this date.

This information and link to access the bid opening will be posted on Public Works website, on the project information link.
Bids must conform to the drawings and project manual and all bidding requirements. This project requires the prime contractor to possess a valid California General Engineering (A) license classification at the time of bid submittal. The contractor should verify to his/her satisfaction that he/she holds the correct license for the project. The contractor and all of its subcontractors of any tier shall be required to pay prevailing wages to all workers employed in the execution of the work of improvement in accordance with the Labor Code Section 1770 et seq. Copies of prevailing rate of per diem wages are on file at the Public Works' Business Relations and Contracts Division, which shall be made available to any interested party upon request.

**PRE-BID CONFERENCE**

Public Works, Project Management Division I, will hold a pre-bid conference/site visit on Thursday, February 18, 2021, at 10 a.m., at the project site, 8800 West Soledad Canyon Road, Acton, CA 93510, to provide information on the project, bidding process, and answer any questions that the potential bidders may have. Attendance is strongly recommended.

For further directions, please contact Ms. Rubio with Public Works, Business Relations and Contracts Division, at (626) 458-2584 or rrubio@pw.lacounty.gov.

**OTHER INSTRUCTIONS**

The County supports and encourages equal opportunity contracting. The contractor shall make good faith efforts, as defined in Section 2000 of the Public Contract Code, to contract with Community Business Enterprises.

The Board of Supervisors reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to waive technical or inconsequential errors and discrepancies in bids submitted in the public's interest.
Americans with Disabilities Act Information

Individuals requiring reasonable accessibility accommodations may request written materials in alternate formats, physical accessibility accommodations, sign language interpreters or other reasonable accommodations by contacting our departmental Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinator at (626) 458-4081, from 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Thursday (excluding holidays). Persons who are deaf or hard of hearing may make contact by first dialing the California Relay Service at 7-1-1. Requests should be made at least one week in advance to ensure availability. When making a reasonable accommodation request, please reference PJ-2.

Información sobre la Ley de Estadounidenses con Discapacidades

Individuos que requieran acomodamiento razonable pueden solicitar materiales escritos en formatos alternativos, acomodamiento físico, intérpretes en lenguaje de señas Americano y otros acomodamientos razonables comunicándose con nuestro Coordinador Departamental de la Ley de Estadounidenses con Discapacidades al (626) 458-4081, de 7:30 a.m. a 5 p.m., lunes a jueves (excluyendo días festivos). Personas con problemas auditivos pueden comunicarse primer marcando al Servicio de Difusión de California al 7-1-1. Solicitudes pueden hacerse por lo menos una semana antes para asegurar disponibilidad. Cuando se haga una petición razonable para acomodo, por favor mencione PJ-2.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, dated February 9, 2021.

Specs. 7163

CELIA ZAVAĻA, EXECUTIVE OFFICER
OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF
THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
### PUBLIC SAFETY CLUSTER AGENDA REVIEW DATE
1/27/2021

### BOARD MEETING
2/9/2021

### SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT AFFECTED
5

### DEPARTMENT
Fire Department

### SUBJECT
Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements Project

### PROGRAM
Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements Project, Capital Project No. 87157

### SOLE SOURCE CONTRACT
☐ Yes  ☒ No

If Yes, please explain why:

### DEADLINES/TIME CONSTRAINTS
None

### COST & FUNDING
Total cost: $3,400,000

Funding source:
The Project is fully funded with NCC; sufficient funding is currently available in the Fiscal Year 2020-21 Capital Projects/Refurbishment Budget, Capital Project No. 87157.

### TERMS (if applicable):

Explanation:

### PURPOSE OF REQUEST
Approve the revised project budget from the previous Board-approved amount of $6,200,000 to $3,400,000 for the Fire Camp 11 Life Safety Improvements project.

### BACKGROUND (include internal/external issues that may exist)
Fire Camp 11 is a fire suppression facility located at 8800 West Soledad Canyon Road in the unincorporated area of Acton in the County of Los Angeles. Fire Camp 11 houses low security State inmates and is jointly operated by the Consolidated Fire Protection District of Los Angeles County and the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. Under the supervision of the Fire District, inmates provide various fire prevention services, including the clearing of brush to create a defensible barrier around forest fires.

The project originally included rehabilitating the existing water well, potable water tank, and existing septic system; installing a new potable water treatment system; installing a new standby generator; and make various life safety improvements to the sleeping quarters. However, studies conducted during the design phase showed the presence of unsafe levels of certain pollutants in the vicinity of the existing well, which led to the search for a new well location. Site investigations and studies were conducted and a new well location was found which is outside of the Santa Clara River 100-year flood plain and upstream from existing leach fields, thereby eliminating the need for a potable water treatment system. In addition, the standby generator was procured by Los Angeles County Fire Department through other delivery methods. The revised proposed scope of work will construct a new water well to replace the existing water well, install potable water piping, install a new chlorination system, replace the existing septic tanks, and refurbish the existing potable water storage tank.

### DEPARTMENTAL AND OTHER CONTACTS
Alicia Ramos, Project Manager, (626) 300-2344, aramos@dpw.lacounty.gov
Alex Bajarias, Senior Analyst, (213) 974-4263, abajarias@ceo.lacounty.gov
Sheriff’s Message

“The mission of the Los Angeles County Sheriff’s Department is to protect ALL County residents even if they are undocumented immigrants. Witnesses and victims should not be afraid to report crime because they fear deportation. We have a responsibility to respect due process rights for all and to protect our neighbors. Undocumented immigrants are entitled to feel safe in the community --- in schools, hospitals, courthouses, libraries, and even jails.”
## 2020 ICE Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Detainers Received</td>
<td>983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals Released from IRC/CRDF/Courts&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>62,791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals Released With a Detainer Request who Were Not Qualified for Transfer&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>788</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals Released With a Detainer Request who Were Qualified for Transfer but did not go to ICE&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Transfers to ICE</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals Made Available to ICE for an Interview</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Data was generated by IRC Records on 1/13/2021
1 – Includes only releases of individuals who went through intake processing at IRC or CRDF
2 – Individual had an ICE detainer but did not qualify for transfer to ICE pursuant to Department policy and/or CA Government Code §7282.5
3 – Individual had an ICE detainer and a qualifying conviction for transfer to ICE pursuant to Department policy and CA Government Code §7282.5 but did not go to ICE
2020 Transfer Demographics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country of Origin</th>
<th>Number of Transfers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>El Salvador</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guatemala</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Israel</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armenia</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>Thailand</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnam</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data was generated by IRC Records on 1/13/2021
* Indicates the number of transfers for each listed Country of Origin
2020 Compared To 2019

• Transfers to ICE were down 91%\(^1\)

• Transfers for misdemeanors were down 96%\(^2\)

• Detainers received were down 76%\(^3\)

---

1 – 457 vs. 43
2 – 71 vs. 3
3 – 4181 vs. 983
Highlights of ICE Access

- On April 24, 2020, the Sheriff ordered a moratorium on all cooperation, including transfers, with ICE for civil immigration enforcement.

- On August 3, 2020, the Sheriff made the moratorium permanent.

- No notification is made to ICE when an inmate is released, regardless of their criminal history.
Current Detainer Practices

• The Department continues to receive immigration detainers from ICE

• All detainers received are forwarded to the Public Defender’s Office and Alternate Public Defender’s Office

• Inmates are given a copy of any detainer received from ICE

• Detainers are never acted upon – no notification is made to ICE and no access to inmates is provided to ICE
On November 7, 2019, the Department stopped notifying ICE in response to immigration detainers based solely on biometric confirmation in anticipation of a ruling on the Gonzalez v ICE case.

On February 5, 2020, the judgement was entered barring ICE from issuing immigration detainers based solely on biometrics.

On September 14, 2020, the Gonzalez decision was overturned, allowing ICE to issue detainers based on biometrics.
December 3, 2020

TO: Each Supervisor

FROM: Arlene Barrera, Auditor-Controller

SUBJECT: PROBATION DEPARTMENT – JUVENILE INSTITUTION COST SAVINGS REVIEW (June 9, 2020, Board Agenda Item 10)

On June 9, 2020, the Board of Supervisors (Board) instructed the Auditor-Controller, in consultation with theProbation Department (Probation or Department), Chief Executive Office (CEO), and other relevant stakeholders to report back with an analysis of its current and projected juvenile institutions revenue and expenditures, staffing numbers, including vacancies and ratios in juvenile institutions, and cost savings realized related to the decrease in populations since the declaration of the State of Emergency of the County, and potential cost savings related to maintaining similar populations going forward.

Our review included interviewing Probation management and staff, consulting with CEO staff, evaluating Juvenile Institutions Services (JIS) revenues, expenditures, and youth populations over the past five years, analyzing direct costs associated with housing youth at Probation facilities to determine cost savings, comparing JIS actual financial performance against budgeted amounts, identifying potential issues that could affect future budgets, and reviewing JIS staffing numbers (including vacancies and staffing ratios) and Probation’s methodology for calculating staffing ratios.

Results of Review

Over the last five Fiscal Years (FY), the average youth populations at Probation facilities have decreased 33% from 1,199 to 800 youth. Despite the decrease in youth populations, JIS expenditures (actuals) increased by approximately $25.8 million (7%) primarily due to a $20.9 million increase in Services and Supplies (S&S). According to Probation, the increase was due to facility maintenance and infrastructure improvements, inflation in costs of services over time (e.g., health and mental health), and expenditure transfers from another budget unit to JIS. Probation’s Salaries and Employee Benefits (S&EB) also slightly increased by $4.6 million. Probation indicated the increase was due to cost-of-living increases offset by staff promoting out of JIS and attrition. In addition, Probation indicated they continue to incur ongoing costs associated with closed facilities (e.g., security, groundskeeping) and are working with the CEO to determine alternative uses for these facilities.

The increase in expenditures and a $34 million (34%) decrease in realized revenues (actuals) from State, federal, and other sources have resulted in a $59.8 million (23%) increase in Net County Cost from FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20. The remainder of this review discusses the analysis of the changes that occurred as a result of the recent State of Emergency, the JIS FY 2020-21 budget, and future outlook.

Help Conserve Paper – Print Double-Sided
“To Enrich Lives Through Effective and Caring Service”
The County declared a local and public health emergency on March 4, 2020 in response to the increased spread of Coronavirus (COVID-19) across the County. As part of their mitigation efforts, Probation decreased youth populations at juvenile halls (halls) and probation camps (camps) by 43% from 875 to 497 youth from March 4, 2020 to June 30, 2020. However, based on our review of direct costs (actuals) associated with housing youth in Probation facilities, Probation did not realize significant or ongoing cost savings related to the decrease in youth populations during this period.

The Department did not achieve savings because the highest cost of operating juvenile facilities is staffing (approximately 74%) and the Department did not reduce actual filled staff positions because they relocated staff to other facilities. The Department indicated the other facilities needed additional coverage beyond staffing ratio requirements for considerations such as social distancing, facility configuration and blind spots. The Department also indicated they cannot feasibly reduce staff to immediately correspond with rapid decreases in youth populations without laying off staff, but they may be able to achieve savings over time through staff attrition.

We also reviewed the following areas described in the Board directive and noted the following:

- **Staffing Ratios** – Probation exceeded the general population day staffing ratio requirements and far exceeded the night staffing ratio requirements for halls and camps from FY 2017-18 to FY 2019-20 (details of the Department’s staffing ratios are included in Attachment 1). The Department indicated additional staffing is needed beyond the ratio requirements to consider unique supervision coverage such as, social distancing, facility configuration and blind spots, staff availability to transport youth within juvenile facilities, and supervising youth in medical clinics and school classrooms.

  With youth populations decreasing, Probation may be able to reduce staffing needs and reduce costs over time. Since Probation indicated they cannot feasibly reduce/increase staff at a pace corresponding with rapid decreases/increases in youth populations, Probation should evaluate its JIS staffing numbers periodically to determine whether changes need to be made.

- **Staff Leave** - Probation should continue to work with the Department of Human Resources and County Counsel on methods for effectively returning employees to suitable employment. During FY 2019-20, Probation reported 20% of JIS staff were on continuous leave greater than six months and 9% of JIS staff had intermittent leave (on-and-off) greater than 15 days resulting in less staff available to conduct youth supervision duties and an increase in costs (e.g., additional staff to cover shifts, overtime).

- **JIS Budget** - During our analysis of current (i.e., FY 2019-20 actuals) and projected (i.e., FY 2020-21 budget) JIS revenues and expenditures, we noted that for FY 2020-21, the Department budgeted an additional $22.7 million (34%) in JIS revenue, an additional $34.6 million (12%) in S&EB, and $22.2 million (22%) less in S&S compared to the actual amounts for FY 2019-20. Overall, the revenue and expenditure variances between actual costs and budget are relatively significant, and we noted the Department underspent S&EB from $18.6 million (6%) to $32.3 million (10%) during the last three FYs (i.e., FY 2017-18 through FY 2019-20). Probation has cut 668 unfilled positions since FY 2017-18 from their budget which are factored in the variances above. Nevertheless, opportunity still exists to more closely align budget estimates with projected results given the continuing variances.

Probation indicated they coordinate with the CEO to establish the S&EB budget higher than expected actuals and use the resulting savings to cover anticipated revenue shortfalls and absorb regularly increasing S&S costs. According to Probation and the CEO, this process only impacts the individual budget components and not the overall budget as a whole. Probation and the CEO indicated that reducing budgeted positions to set budgeted S&EB at actual expected levels is not feasible given the uncertainty and extended timeframe for CEO and Board approval of additional positions when needed in the future. In addition, the CEO and Probation stated this allows Probation the ability to readily absorb
S&S increases without going through the difficult and lengthy justification process of requesting additional funding from the CEO and Board.

Budgets can help facilitate control over revenues and expenditures, and provide greater benefit when estimates are aligned with projected results. Accordingly, Probation management should work with the CEO and consider evaluating methods to bring its JIS budget closer to expected results.

- **Future Revenues and Expenditures Outlook** - Probation and the CEO identified notable issues that could affect the Department’s future budgets. The Department is planning for the following:
  
  o Closure of the State Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation Division of Juvenile Justice Facilities, which would transfer the responsibility of managing youth offenders to local jurisdictions (i.e., County facilities). The costs for these additional services and potential State revenue are not known at this time.
  
  o State Department of Justice (DOJ) Juvenile Hall Settlement Agreement where the Department indicated they are nearing completion with their negotiations with the DOJ on the recommendations for improving conditions at halls. The Department is working with the CEO to develop cost estimates for the implementation of service and infrastructure improvements including an oversight team to monitor ongoing compliance with DOJ performance expectations.
  
  o Title IV-E Child Welfare Waiver Demonstration Project (Title IV-E Waiver) funds expired in September 2019 and the Family First Transition Act was adopted in December 2019 to bridge this funding for two years. However, at this time it is not known how much funding the Department will be eligible to claim.

**Review of Report**

We discussed our report with Probation and the CEO. For details of our review, see Attachment I. The Department’s response, included in Attachment II, indicates general agreement with our findings and recommendations. The Department’s response also provides additional context regarding their budget planning process and additional information on the increase in S&S costs and ongoing costs associated with closed facilities.

We thank Probation management and staff for their cooperation and assistance during our review. If you have any questions please call me, or your staff may contact Mike Pirolo at mpirolo@auditor.lacounty.gov.

AB:OV:PH:MP:ZP:am

Attachments

c: Ray Leyva, Interim Chief Probation Officer  
  Fesia A. Davenport, Acting Chief Executive Officer  
  Lisa M. Garrett, Director of Personnel, Department of Human Resources  
  Rodrigo A. Castro-Silva, Acting County Counsel  
  Celia Zavala, Executive Officer, Board of Supervisors  
  Audit Committee  
  Countywide Communications
PROBATION DEPARTMENT
JUVENILE INSTITUTION COST SAVINGS REVIEW

Background

The Probation Department (Probation or Department) operates two juvenile halls (halls), four probation camps (camps), and one residential treatment facility that is often referred to as a camp. The halls provide temporary housing for youth detained on an arrest, awaiting a court date, awaiting adjudication (i.e., formal judgement or decision), and/or awaiting disposition (i.e., placement). The camps provide housing in a residential setting for youth committed by the Juvenile Court, with an average stay of six months. Youth at halls and camps attend school and engage in recreational activities and also receive health, mental health, educational and family assessments, and transitional community services and vocational training opportunities tailored to meet each individual's needs.

The Department’s Budget and Fiscal Services Unit is responsible, among other duties, for overseeing the Department’s operational costs, and the preparation and implementation of the Department’s budget. This includes monitoring and analyzing financial activity of the Department, preparing various financial reports, certifying the availability of funds for purchases and contracts, and providing support to Probation’s bureaus and managers.

Probation’s services are administered and financed through five separate budget units. Hall and camp operations are administered through the Juvenile Institutions Services (JIS) budget unit. For Fiscal Year (FY) 2020-21, the Department has a total of 5,671 budgeted positions and an annual budget of approximately $976.5 million, with the JIS budget unit consisting of 2,259 (40%) budgeted positions with an annual budget of approximately $398.6 million (41%). Halls and camps account for approximately 92% of the JIS budget unit expenditures. The remaining 8% includes intake and detention control, community detention services, and transportation.

Approximately 83% of JIS is funded through the Los Angeles County (County) General Fund. JIS also receives revenues from other sources, such as the federal government and the State of California (State), including the Youthful Offender Block Grant for the custody and care of youthful offenders who would have been committed to the State Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation’s Division of Juvenile Justice.

Review Scope

On June 9, 2020, the Board of Supervisors (Board) instructed the Auditor-Controller, in consultation with Probation, Chief Executive Office (CEO), and other relevant stakeholders to report back with an analysis of its current and projected juvenile institutions revenue and expenditures, staffing numbers, including vacancies and ratios in juvenile institutions, and cost savings realized related to the decrease in populations.

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1 References to the FY 2020-21 Budget refer to the FY 2020-21 Final Recommended Budget.
since the declaration of the State of Emergency of the County, and potential cost savings related to maintaining similar populations going forward.

With the support and active participation of Probation, we have completed a review of JIS revenues and expenditures, the costs associated with the reduction in youth populations, and staffing numbers as directed by the Board.

Our review included interviewing Probation management and staff, consulting with CEO staff, evaluating JIS revenues, expenditures, and youth populations over the past five years, analyzing the direct costs associated with housing youth at Probation facilities to determine cost savings, comparing JIS actual financial performance against budgeted amounts, identifying potential issues that could affect future budgets, and reviewing JIS staffing numbers (including vacancies and staffing ratios) and Probation’s methodology for calculating staffing ratios.

**Juvenile Institution Revenue, Expenditures, and Youth Population**

Probation has collaborated with justice partners and community leaders to systematically reduce the number of youth detained in its facilities. From FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20, the average youth population at halls decreased by approximately 21% from 651 to 515 youth, and decreased at camps by 48% from 548 to 285 youth. The combined reduction is approximately 33% over the five years. Changes in legislation, judicial decisions, and Probation’s focus on expediting placements and more stringent detention assessment screenings have all contributed to the population declines in Probation facilities. With the decrease in youth populations in the last five FYs, the Department has closed one juvenile hall and 12 camps, which includes the recent temporary closure of Camp Joseph Scott (Camp Scott).

Throughout the same time period (last five FYs), JIS revenues (actuals) decreased by approximately $34 million (34%) while expenditures (actuals) increased by approximately $25.8 million (7%).

According to Probation, the Department experienced reductions in realized State and federal revenue (e.g., Public Safety Realignment funds) and most of the expenditure increase was attributable to rising Services and Supplies (S&S) costs from facility maintenance and infrastructure improvements, inflation in costs of services over time (e.g., health and mental health, maintenance), and expenditure transfers from another budget unit to JIS. Probation also indicated that Salaries and Employee Benefits (S&EB) costs slightly increased over the five-year period due to cost-of-living increases offset by staff promoting out of JIS and attrition. In addition, Probation indicated they continue to incur ongoing costs associated with closed facilities (e.g., security, repairs, maintenance, pest control, groundskeeping, utilities) and are working with the CEO to determine alternative uses for these facilities (e.g., homeless housing, sober living facilities).

The decrease in revenue and increase in expenditures have resulted in a Net County Cost (NCC) increase of approximately $59.8 million (23%) from FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-
20. NCC is the cost of departmental operation expenditures funded by County general purpose revenues, such as property taxes.

Overall, despite the decrease in youth populations, JIS expenditures have increased during this period. JIS revenues, expenditures, NCCs, and average youth populations (actuals) for last five FYs are shown in Table 1 below.

The remainder of this review discusses the analysis of the changes that occurred as a result of the recent State of Emergency, the JIS FY 2020-21 budget, and future outlook.

Cost Savings During Declaration of State of Emergency

On March 4, 2020, the County declared a local and public health emergency in response to the increased spread of coronavirus (COVID-19) across the County. Probation, in collaboration with other agencies, worked to reduce the youth population housed at juvenile halls and camps to help prevent the spread of COVID-19 in juvenile facilities. From March 4, 2020 to June 30, 2020, Probation’s youth populations decreased 43% from 875 to 497 youth, as shown in Table 2 below.
We reviewed direct costs (actuals) associated with housing youth at Probation facilities throughout FY 2019-20 on a monthly basis to determine whether Probation generated cost savings due to the State of Emergency and reduction in youth populations, and noted the following:

- **Salaries and Employee Benefits (S&EB)** – S&EB expenses made up approximately 74% of JIS’s FY 2019-20 expenses. We noted no cost savings with S&EB expenditures as the monthly expenditures remained relatively constant throughout the FY at approximately $21.4 million per month with notable increases of approximately $6.2 million at the end of each quarter for insurance expenses.

Probation did not generate S&EB cost savings during the pandemic because they did not reduce actual filled staff positions. Although Camp Scott temporarily closed due to the decrease in youth during this period, camp staff relocated to another camp facility. The Department indicated additional staffing is needed beyond the ratio requirements for other coverage considerations (e.g., social distancing, facility configuration and blind spots). In addition, management indicated they cannot feasibly reduce staff to immediately correspond with rapid decreases in youth populations without laying off staff, but may be able to achieve savings over time through staff attrition.

The Department also reported having a high percentage of staff on long-term leave, which impacts their ability to reduce S&EB costs (though this issue precedes COVID-19 and overall reduction in youth populations). These issues are discussed in the Juvenile Institution Staffing Section below.

- **Overtime** – Overtime is a component of S&EB expenditures, including costs noted above. We reviewed the monthly overtime expenditures in detail for FY 2019-20 and noted the average monthly overtime costs decreased from approximately $2.2 million per month to approximately $721,000 per month during the last two months of the FY (i.e., May and June 2020), a reduction of approximately $1.5 million (67%) per month.

According to the Department, the decrease was due to the temporary deployment of up to 500 field Deputy Probation Officers (non-hall/camp employees) and Transportation Deputies working up to two shifts per week at halls/camps to limit...
their public interaction due to COVID-19 and achieve the required staffing ratios at halls/camps, thereby reducing overtime by hall/camp staff. In addition, costs associated with these Officers were not accounted for in the JIS budget. Given the temporary nature of this practice, it does not appear as though the reductions in overtime will continue on a long-term basis.

- **Health and Mental Health Services** – The Department of Health Services (DHS) and Department of Mental Health (DMH) provide health and mental healthcare services to youth at juvenile institutions and bill Probation for these services up to the agreed upon amounts via departmental service orders (DSO). DHS provides youth with comprehensive healthcare services including pediatric medical care, nursing, dental, pharmacy, laboratory, radiology, and optometry services. DMH provides mental health assessments, medication, and substance abuse treatment.

  We reviewed monthly health and mental healthcare costs for FY 2019-20 and noted the average monthly costs decreased from approximately $3.9 million per month to approximately $3.3 million per month during the last four months of the FY (i.e., March 2020 through June 2020), for a reduction of approximately $600,000 (15%) per month. However, the Department reported that the decrease is due to DMH and DHS meeting their agreed upon billing cap amounts earlier in the FY and absorbing costs beyond the DSO amounts. We are working with DMH and DHS to obtain the true monthly health and mental healthcare costs (i.e., actual costs including any absorbed costs) for FY 2019-20 and will report on these costs in a separate report.

- **Facilities** – As discussed earlier, Probation reported they continue to incur ongoing costs associated with closed facilities (e.g., security, repairs, maintenance) and are working with the CEO to determine alternative uses for these facilities.

- **Food and Clothing** – Food and clothing costs comprise a relatively small portion of JIS’ overall costs (2%). Therefore, any changes will not significantly impact JIS costs as a whole.

Based on our review, Probation did not generate significant or ongoing cost savings related to the decrease in youth populations since the State of Emergency. As indicated earlier, staffing is the highest cost (approximately 74%) of operating juvenile facilities, and the Department did not reduce actual filled staff positions because they relocated staff to another camp facility. The Department indicated they needed to maintain staffing beyond the general population ratio requirements for other coverage considerations (e.g., social distancing, facility configuration and blind spots). Management also indicated they cannot feasibly reduce staff to immediately correspond with rapid decreases in youth populations without laying off staff, but may be able to achieve savings over time through staff attrition.
Budget Process

As directed by the Board, we performed an analysis of current (i.e., FY 2019-20 actuals) and projected (i.e., FY 2020-21 budget) JIS revenues and expenditures. For FY 2020-21, the Department budgeted an additional $22.7 million (34%) in JIS revenue, an additional $34.6 million (12%) in S&EB, and $22.2 million (22%) less in S&S compared to the actual amounts for FY 2019-20. Overall, the revenue and expenditure variances between actual costs and budget are relatively significant, and we noted that the Department underspent S&EB from $18.6 million (6%) to $32.3 million (10%) during the last three FYs (i.e., FY 2017-18 through FY 2019-20). Probation has cut 668 unfilled positions since FY 2017-18 from their budget which are factored in the variances above. Nevertheless, opportunity still exists to more closely align budget estimates with projected results given the continuing variances.

Probation indicated they coordinate with the CEO to establish the S&EB budget higher than expected actuals and use the resulting savings to cover anticipated revenue shortfalls and absorb regularly increasing S&S costs. According to Probation and the CEO, this process only impacts the individual budget components and not the overall budget as a whole. Probation and the CEO indicated that reducing budgeted positions to set budgeted S&EB at actual expected levels is not feasible given the uncertainty and extended timeframe for CEO and Board approval of additional positions when needed in the future. In addition, the CEO and Probation stated this allows Probation the ability to readily absorb S&S increases without going through difficult and lengthy justification process of requesting additional funding from the CEO and Board.

Budgets can help facilitate control over revenues and expenditures, and provide greater benefit when estimates are aligned with projected results. Accordingly, Probation management should work with the CEO and consider evaluating methods to bring its JIS budget closer to expected results.

**Recommendation**

1. Probation Department management work with the Chief Executive Office and consider evaluating methods to bring its Juvenile Institutions Services budget closer to expected results. [Priority 3]²

Future Revenues and Expenditures Outlook

As directed by the Board, we discussed potential issues that may impact the outlook of Probation’s revenue and expenditures in future years with the Department and the CEO. The following includes some notable issues Probation and the CEO identified and are monitoring for future budget implications:

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² *Priority Ranking:* Recommendations are ranked from Priority 1 to Priority 3 based on the potential seriousness and likelihood of negative impact on departmental operations if corrective action is not taken.
• **Closure of State Department of Corrections & Rehabilitation’s Division of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) Facilities** – In May 2020, the State announced its plan to transfer the responsibility of managing youth offenders to local jurisdictions (i.e., County facilities). The State plans to stop the intake of new juvenile offenders effective July 1, 2021 and begin the closure of its juvenile facilities through the attrition of the current population.

Probation indicated that in addition to community reentry services provided to returning youth/young adults, the Department will incur additional costs associated with longer stays than a typical camp program and additional costs with implementing greater security required for housing older more sophisticated clients for youth that would have otherwise been committed to DJJ facilities. The costs for these additional services and potential State revenue are not known at this time.

• **State Department of Justice (DOJ) Juvenile Hall Settlement Agreement** – The Department indicated they are nearing completion with their negotiations with the DOJ on the recommendations for improving conditions at halls. The Department is working with the CEO to develop cost estimates for the implementation of service and infrastructure improvements, including an oversight team to monitor ongoing compliance with DOJ performance expectations.

• **Elimination of Fines and Fees** – On February 18, 2020, the Board directed Probation to immediately discontinue the collection and acceptance of payment for all discretionary fines and fees (e.g., administrative fee for collecting victim restitution). The Department estimates a $6 million per year revenue shortfall that will be funded by S&EB savings.

• **Phase Out of Oleoresin Capsicum (OC) Spray** – OC spray is commonly known as pepper spray. The Department submitted a plan to the Board in June 2019 to eliminate the use of OC spray at halls. The plan includes modifications to processes and procedures, training, updated staffing ratios, mental health services, and youth supervision techniques. However, the Department indicated that many of these modifications have not moved forward due to the current economic challenges.

• **Title IV-E Waiver and Family First Funding** – Title IV-E Child Welfare Waiver Demonstration Project (Title IV-E Waiver) funds provide for federal reimbursement for portions of maintenance and administrative costs incurred by public agencies working with children in foster care or at imminent risk of foster care. Title IV-E Waiver funds expired in September 2019 and the Family First Transition Act was adopted in December 2019 to bridge this funding for two years. However, at this time it is not known how much funding the Department will be eligible to claim.

**Juvenile Institution Staffing**

JIS staffing is primarily composed of staff who work with and provide direct supervision to youth at halls and camps. Staff providing direct supervision to youth hold classification
series titles of Detention Services Officers, Deputy Probation Officers, and Group Supervisors (Nights). Probation’s FY 2020-21 budget includes 2,259 budgeted JIS positions (approximately 40% of the Department’s total positions). Table 3 below provides a summary on the status of budgeted JIS positions for FY 2019-20 (as of June 30, 2020) and FY 2020-21 (as of August 19, 2020).

<table>
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<th>FY 2020-21 (as of 8/19/20)</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frozen</td>
<td>319</td>
<td>203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacant</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Positions</td>
<td>2,509</td>
<td>2,259</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: electronic Human Resources (eHR) system and Probation Department.

According to Probation, closed positions are those identified by the Department/CEO as positions to be eliminated the following FY; frozen positions are those the Department, working with the CEO, have frozen primarily to generate salary cost savings to offset decreases in revenue and/or cover over-expenditures in S&S; and vacant positions are those available to fill. Frozen and vacant positions make up approximately 17% of JIS’s total budgeted positions for FY 2020-21. The Department indicated they plan to fill all 186 vacant positions.

**Staffing Ratios**

Appropriate staffing ratios provide for the security of staff and youth and are presented with the number of staff who provide direct youth supervision compared to the number of youth per staff (i.e., 1 staff to 8 youth). Different ratios are required for youth waking hours (day), sleeping hours (night), and based on facility type (e.g., halls, camps).

Staffing ratio requirements come from various sources, such as the State through the Board of State and Community Corrections (BSCC) which requires staffing ratios by facility type (e.g., halls, camps); the Department’s Settlement Agreement with the DOJ which includes stricter staffing ratios for camps than those mandated by the BSCC; and the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA), a federal law, which took effect on October 1, 2017 where the PREA Juvenile Facility Standards issued by the DOJ include staffing ratio requirements for juvenile facilities.

In addition, as noted above, in June 2019, the Department submitted a plan to the Board to phase out the use of OC spray, which includes new updated juvenile hall staffing ratios. The new OC staffing ratios only apply to juvenile halls since the last camp authorized to use OC spray closed in July 2019. The Department indicated funding to fully implement the new OC staffing ratios at juvenile halls is pending. Therefore, the Department
currently follows the PREA minimum staffing ratio requirements unless the DOJ Settlement requires stricter minimum staffing ratios. The BSCC, DOJ, PREA and OC staffing ratios are shown in Table 4 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staffing Ratio Requirements</th>
<th>BSCC</th>
<th>DOJ*</th>
<th>PREA</th>
<th>OC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Halls</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1:8</td>
<td>1:5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Night</td>
<td>1:30</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1:16</td>
<td>1:12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Camps</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day</td>
<td>1:15</td>
<td>1:5-1:10</td>
<td>1:8</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Night</td>
<td>1:30</td>
<td>1:16</td>
<td>1:16</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* DOJ Settlement Agreement includes specific day staffing ratios for each camp ranging from 1:5 to 1:10 and a night ratio for all camps at 1:16.

With each new requirement/proposal the ratios have increased, thereby requiring more staff to supervise youth in Probation facilities. For example, to supervise 30 youth at halls during the day the staffing requirements from BSCC to PREA increased from 3 to 4 staff, an increase of 33%, and with the implementation of the OC ratios, the staffing needs will increase to 6 staff, an increase of 50%, for an overall increase of 100% in staffing requirements from BSCC to OC staffing ratios.

Probation calculates staffing ratios by taking the average daily general population at each location and dividing it by the total number of staff who provide direct youth supervision. Table 5 below shows the Department’s average staffing ratios for halls and camps for FYs 2017-18 to 2019-20.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Probation Reported Average Juvenile Institution Staffing Ratios</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requirements Actuals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOI (1) PREA (1) FY 2017-18 FY 2018-19 FY 2019-20 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Halls</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day - 1:8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Night - 1:16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Camps</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 1:5-1:10 1:8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Night 1:16 1:16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Met Requirements / Did Not Meet Requirements**

* Probation currently follows PREA ratio requirements unless the DOJ Settlement Agreement requires stricter minimum staffing ratios. The DOJ Settlement Agreement includes specific day staffing ratios for 10 of 11 camps with ratios ranging from 1:5 to 1:10 and a night ratio for all 10 camps at 1:16. Probation currently operates two juvenile halls and five camps, and closed one juvenile hall and six camps during the review period.

(2) Field Officers temporarily deployed to work in halls and camps are not included in the ratios.
The ratios in Table 5 above illustrate whether the Department reported meeting the required DOJ or PREA ratio requirements. Probation exceeded the day ratio requirements and far exceeded the night ratio requirements for halls and camps. The Department indicated additional staffing is needed beyond the ratio requirements to consider unique supervision coverage such as, social distancing, facility configuration and blind spots, staff availability to transport youth within juvenile facilities, and supervising youth in medical clinics and school classrooms.

With youth population decreasing, Probation may be able to reduce staffing needs and reduce costs over time. Since Probation indicated they cannot feasibly reduce/increase staff at a pace corresponding with rapid decreases/increases in youth populations, Probation should evaluate its JIS staffing numbers periodically to determine whether changes need to be made.

**Recommendation**

2. Probation Department management evaluate Juvenile Institutions Services staffing numbers periodically to determine whether changes need to be made. [Priority 3]

**Staff Leave**

The Department indicated staffing at halls and camps have been impacted due to staff leave time (e.g., Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), workers’ compensation). Table 6 below shows the number of JIS staff, as reported by Probation, with intermittent leave (e.g., on-and-off FMLA leave) greater than 15 days per year and continuous leave greater than six months during FY 2019-20. Only staff who provide direct supervision to youth and staff supervisors are included in the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Staff</th>
<th>Staff with intermittent leave greater than 15 days</th>
<th>Staff with continuous leave greater than 6 months</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Staff</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>Staff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Halls</td>
<td>1,059</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camps</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>1,629</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Probation reported that 20% of JIS staff were on continuous leave greater than six months and 9% of JIS staff had intermittent leave greater than 15 days resulting in less staff available to conduct youth supervision duties and an increase in costs (e.g., additional staff to cover shifts, overtime).

The Department indicated that in addition to working with the Department of Human Resources and County Counsel on methods for effectively returning employees to
suitable employment, they also perform wellness checks on staff who are on leave due to illness or injury to remind staff they are to be home between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. Monday through Friday and to provide information on the Department's peer support program.

**Recommendation**

3. Probation Department management continue to work with the Department of Human Resources (Disability Compliance and Management Section) and County Counsel on methods for effectively returning employees to suitable employment. [Priority 3]
TO: Arlene Barrera
Auditor-Controller

FROM: Ray Leyva
Interim Chief Probation Officer

SUBJECT: RESPONSE TO REVIEW OF JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES, STAFFING, AND REALIZED COST SAVINGS

The Probation Department (Probation or Department) provides this response to accompany the Auditor-Controller’s (A-C) review of Probation’s Juvenile Institutions Services (JIS) revenue, expenditures and related budget processes and cost savings. This response is intended to provide greater detail to supplement the A-C’s recommendations response template (attached), and to clarify a few key observations made by the A-C team. Probation appreciates the collaboration with the A-C and the value they add to the transparency and context of our budget planning and financial results.

JIS Budget Performance

The JIS budget is a plan developed seven months (each December) before each fiscal year (FY) begins, and in-part based on informed estimates. Data of sufficient depth to begin to inform projections of actual results emerges approximately one year later, and final actual results are available approximately nineteen months (July) after the Department’s initial budget request is assembled. Actual results are dependent upon circumstances such as Federal and State funding and regulatory actions, the detained youth population and actions of the Court and the Board of Supervisors, general economic vitality that impacts revenue streams, recruitment and hiring timeframes, known and unknown infrastructure needs, and incurring qualifying costs upon which revenue drawdowns are dependent. We agree with the A-C’s generalization that there is opportunity to seek closer alignment of budget estimates with actual results but seek the importance of ensuring sufficient context.

The A-C’s report states that for FY 2020-21 Probation budgeted “…additional” amounts of revenues and expenditures compared to the actual revenues realized and expenditures incurred. The Department did not budget “additional” revenues and expenditures, and in fact revenue and expenditure budgets were lower than the prior FY. Actual revenue and expenditure amounts were less than budget within the context of the JIS budget unit, but not for the Department as a whole. Probation JIS budget unit cannot be managed in isolation from the department-wide budget because each of Probation’s five budget units influences one another. Final budget results are discussed below.

Rebuild Lives and Provide for Healthier and Safer Communities
For the first three of the five FYs of the A-C’s study sample (ending FY 2019-20), Probation maintained essentially a roll-over JIS Salaries and Employee Benefits (S&EB) budget. In FY 2017-18, the Department began slowing hiring and closed camps in anticipation of federal Title IV-E Waiver Program revenue cessation in FYs 2018-19 and 2019-20. During the last two of five FYs of the A-C’s study sample, realized revenue in JIS dropped $21.7 million and the Department cut 418 JIS positions across the two fiscal periods to balance the respective FYs’ budgets. The Department also experienced COVID-19 curtailments in FY 2020-21 resulting in an additional 253 position cuts, for a three-year total of 671 JIS position cuts.

The A-C reports that “The Department did not reduce actual filled staff positions because they relocated staff to other facilities.” As the data above notes, the Department did reduce staff positions by relocating staff away from closed facilities and cutting vacant positions from those closed facilities as a prudent means of addressing budget challenges including revenue losses. The Department did not reduce actual filled staff positions within the facilities that remained in operation because of the staffing needs described in the A-C’s report (i.e., staff-to-youth ratio compliance, one-on-one supervision needs, medical transport, etc.).

Department-Wide Budget Performance

To put Probation’s budget and actual spending performance in context, the net difference between JIS’s FY 2019-20 budgeted ($397.7) and actual ($383.5) expenditures was +3.6%. The plus (“+”) sign is used as an indicator that the Department stayed within its spending (“appropriation”) authority.

It is important to also consider the Department-wide budget alignment concluded FY 2019-20 with a budget-to-actual variance of less than +1%. The precision of that variance is a matter of close monitoring and partnership with the Chief Executive Office (CEO). Comparison of the JIS and Department-wide variance demonstrates the interrelationship of budget units, where some sacrifice more than others to ensure maintenance of the most critical client services and support mandated staffing ratios.

Probation and the CEO agree that substantially reducing or increasing each year’s budgeted S&EB to more precisely match each year’s projections is generally not realistic given Probation (like all County departments) cannot feasibly layoff staff or risk the uncertainty and extended timeframe for approval of additional positions and the subsequent timeframe for classification studies, exams, and hiring. The 418 position cuts noted above were the result of a strategy initiated well in advance and adapted as circumstances evolved. Probation further explained to the A-C team that the real-world pace of curtailments or hiring seldom will seamlessly align with the pace and uncertainty of the budget process.

Structural Services and Supplies (S&S) Shortfall

Probation and the CEO advised the A-C that the Department is underfunded for actual S&S costs, and therefore relies on generating Department-wide salary savings to offset an ongoing structural S&S budget deficit. This circumstance is not unique to Probation. The
A-C report notes that most of the JIS budget unit’s expenditure increase was attributable to rising S&S costs.

Probation as a whole is funded by about one-third revenue and two-thirds net County cost (NCC). The structure of the County’s inter-departmental billing process results in “provider” departments that bill much if not all of their costs to “customer” departments. For many services (e.g., vehicle repairs, plumbing, electrical, etc.), Probation (like other NCC “customer” departments) has no option to choose a non-County department provider. This process is not unique to craft services, as central administrative providers also pass along their increasing costs for service such as accounting, banking, and information technology.

As provider department costs increase, they increase their billing rates resulting in customer department expenditure increases. These provider rate increases, in addition to inflation associated with routine commodities, employee benefits, and energy prices, are at times not accompanied by customer department budget (NCC) increases and thus necessitate customer departments to find a way to absorb the increasing costs, generate revenue, or cut service levels. This is effectively the circumstance Probation experiences annually.

Provider and commodity increases can be a multi-million-dollar impact to customer departments each year. Thus, departments like Probation that have few (if any) customer departments to pass along cost increases are beholden to service provider departments that are effectively monopolies. Therefore, customer departments retain vacancies to generate salary savings and shift those savings to their “Services and Supplies” appropriation to cover provider department billings and commodity increases. Without such action, in just a few years NCC departments would not have sufficient funding for basic needs.

Closed Juvenile Facilities

As noted by the A-C, Probation continues to incur costs for closed facilities. For example, during FY 2019-20 the Department incurred approximately $730,000 to maintain the tandem Camps Munz and Mendenhall. These costs primarily include security, maintenance, and pest control. We estimate the annual cost to maintain recently closed Los Padrinos Juvenile Hall at $2.1 million. By County policy, Probation is responsible for these costs unless/until another tenant is found. We are working with the CEO to explore alternative uses for vacant juvenile facilities.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to this important review. The responsiveness and professionalism of your staff is very much appreciated. Please contact me if you have questions, or your staff may contact Robert Smythe, Administrative Deputy, at (562) 940-2516.

Attachment

c: Fesia Davenport, Acting Chief Executive Officer
Justice Deputies
## ISSUE 1: JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS SERVICES BUDGET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A/C Recommendation</th>
<th>Probation Department management work with the Chief Executive Office and consider evaluating methods to bring its Juvenile Institutions Services budget closer to expected results.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td>PRIORITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agree/Disagree</td>
<td>Agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department Action Plan</td>
<td>The Department will continue its ongoing collaboration with the CEO to align budget estimates as closely as possible with projected results. As noted in our cover letter, estimates are generated seven months or more prior to the start of each fiscal year, prior to the known impacts of State and federal legislation, and prior to the State’s annual budget passage which potentially includes funding changes, new mandates, and regulatory changes impacting client services and deployment of Department resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planned Implementation Date</td>
<td>July 1, 2021, consistent with the County budget calendar.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## ISSUE 2: STAFFING NUMBERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A/C Recommendation</th>
<th>Probation Department management evaluate Juvenile Institutions Services staffing numbers periodically to determine whether changes need to be made.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td>PRIORITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agree/Disagree</td>
<td>Agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department Action Plan</td>
<td>The Department will continue to regularly assess juvenile facilities’ staffing needs based on factors described within the A-C’s report (e.g., required ratios, one-on-one supervision, facility logistics and blind spots, hospital transport, social distancing, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planned Implementation Date</td>
<td>July 1, 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## ISSUE 3: STAFF ABSENCES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A/C Recommendation</th>
<th>Probation Department management continue to work with the Department of Human Resources (Disability Compliance and Management Section) and County Counsel on methods for effectively returning employees to suitable employment.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td>PRIORITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agree/Disagree</td>
<td>Agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department Action Plan</td>
<td>The Department identifies challenging workers’ compensation matters and assesses them in a roundtable setting. Department of Human Resources and County Counsel will continue to be consulted on return-to-work challenges of varying difficulties to advocate for solutions such as accommodation needs, disability retirement, change in classification, or other solutions as applicable to the unique circumstances of each case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planned Implementation Date</td>
<td>July 1, 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 In this section the Department should only describe the efforts they plan to take to implement the recommendation.