

"WE HAVE POWER: HOW
WOMEN SHAPE POLITICS,
PUBLIC POLICY AND ACTIVISM,"

THANK YOU FOR INVITING ME.

~STEPHANIE MOLEN







"WELCOME TO FRIENDLY EL MONTE"









THE COALITION TO ABOLISH SLAVERY & TRAFFICKING



Emergency Response





Outreach and Training



Legal Services



Social Services



Survivor Leadership



Policy Advocacy



CAST
COALITION TO ABOLISH

SLAVERY & TRAFFICKING

President Barack Obama on Human Trafficking:



"It ought to concern every person, because it's a debasement of our common humanity.

It ought to concern every community, because it tears at the social fabric. It ought to concern every business, because it distorts markets.

It ought to concern every nation, because it endangers public health and fuels violence and organized crime.

I'm talking about the injustice, the outrage, of human trafficking, which must be called by its true name – modern slavery."



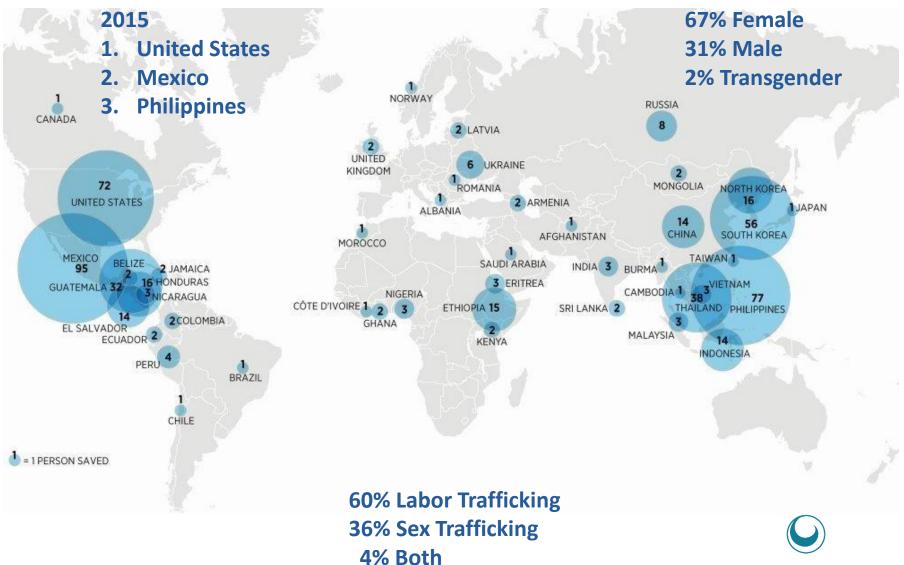
GROWING COALITION OF PARTNERS



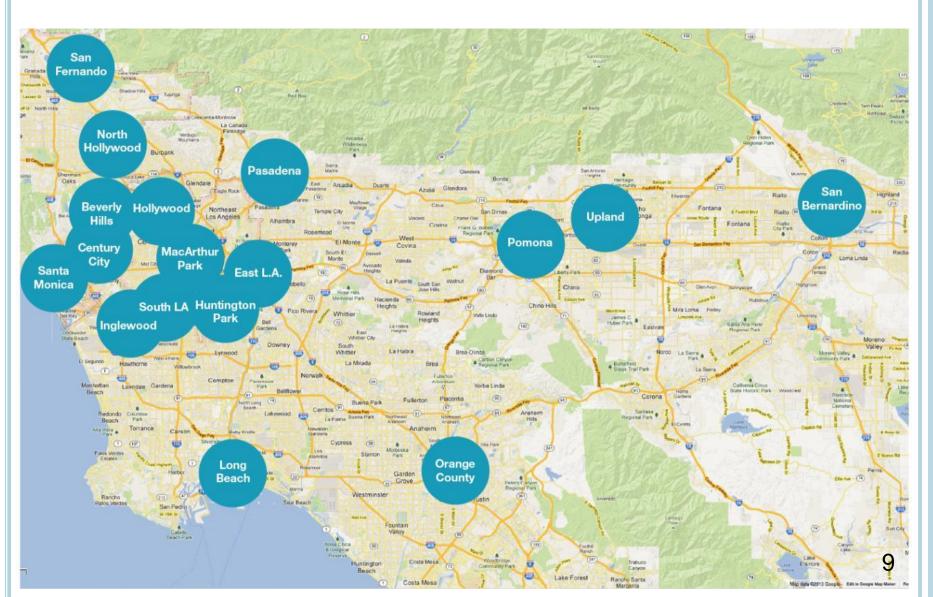




CLIENTS FROM 59 COUNTRIES

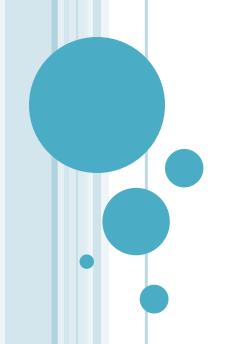


HUMAN TRAFFICKING HUB: CALIFORNIA/LOS ANGELES



HUMAN TRAFFICKING 101

COALITION TO ABOLISH SLAVERY & TRAFFICKING



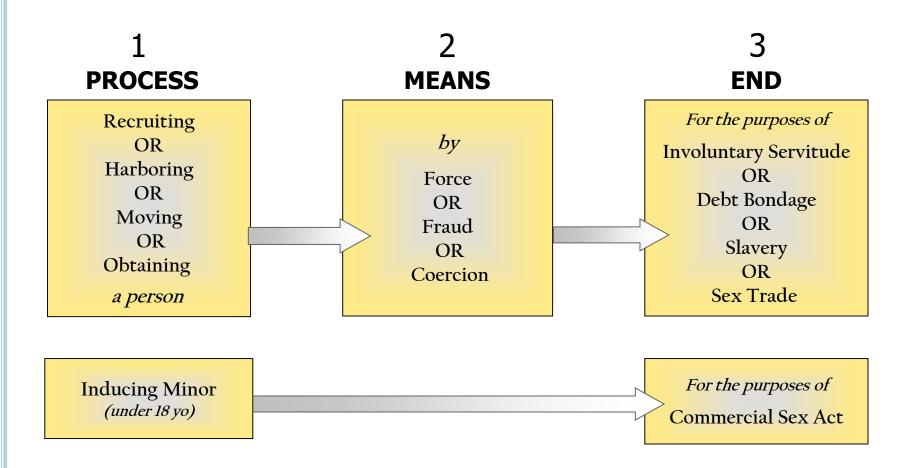


THE DEFINITION OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING

"Severe Forms" of human trafficking:

- (a) sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by **force, fraud, or coercion**, or in which the person induced to perform such an act **has not attained 18 years of age**; or
- (b) the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purposes of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.¹

THREE ELEMENTS OF TRAFFICKING



TRAFFICKING VS. SMUGGLING

Trafficking

- Contains elements of coercion (one cannot consent to enslavement)
- Subsequent exploitation and/or forced labor or commercial sex
- Crime against a person
- Trafficked persons seen as victims in eyes of the law

Smuggling

- No coercion; business transaction between migrant and smuggler
- Unauthorized crossing of borders
- Crime against a country or state
- Smuggled persons seen
 as criminals in eyes of
 the law

WHO ARE TRAFFICKED AND ENSLAVED PERSONS?

- Men, women and children
- Varying ages
- Varying levels of education
- May be US Citizens or
- Voluntary migrants
 - Seeking to improve their situation



WHO ARE THE TRAFFICKERS?

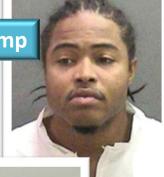
- Organized crime/Gangs
- Neighbors, friends, family members, village chiefs, returnees
- Agricultural operations
- Owners of small or medium-sized businesses
- Families (including diplomats)

Who Are the Traffickers?





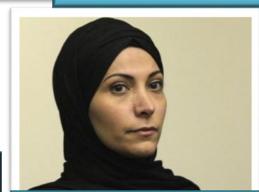
Violent OC pimp







Sex Trafficking in WI



16

Labor trafficking in HI

Sex trafficking in FL

Alleged labor trafficking in CA

How People are Recruited

- Acquaintances or family
- Labor Brokers/Recruiters
- Newspaper ads
- Fake employment agencies
- Front businesses
- Word of mouth
- Abduction



SCOPE OF THE PROBLEM



AN UNDER-IDENTIFIED CRIME

 It is estimated that 21 million people are enslaved around the world today

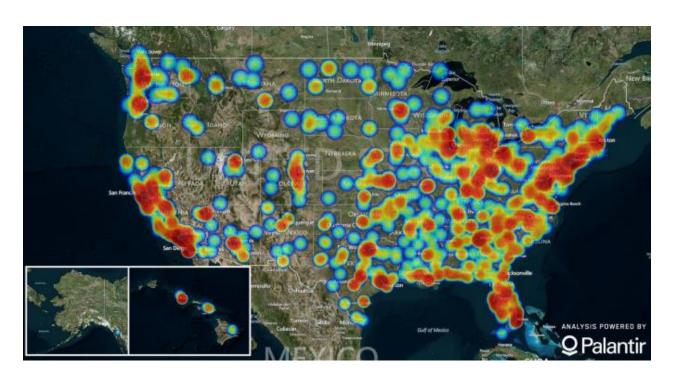
 It is the fastest growing criminal enterprise in the 21st century – a \$150 billion industry worldwide

International Labor Organization



AN UNDER-IDENTIFIED CRIME

- Between 14,500 and 17,500 human beings are trafficked in the United States annually
- U.S. Department of State
- The Los Angeles area is one of the top areas for human trafficking in the country



IDENTIFYING VICTIMS



WHO ARE TRAFFICKED AND ENSLAVED PERSONS?

Media

Reality





Possible Indicators or Red Flags

Victims of Sex Trafficking:

- Excess amount of cash
- Hotel room keys
- Chronic runaway/homeless
- Signs of "branding" tattoos
- Changes in behavior or dress
- Relationships with older men
- Presence of overly controlling and/or abusive "boyfriend"

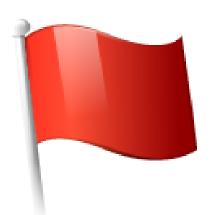




Possible Indicators or Red Flags

Victims of Labor Trafficking:

- Injuries/signs of physical or psychological abuse
- Having to work excessive hours or when sick
- Working to pay off a debt
- Not able to talk to friends or family
- Restricted/scripted communication
- Inconsistencies in story
- No ID documents





LABOR TRAFFICKING



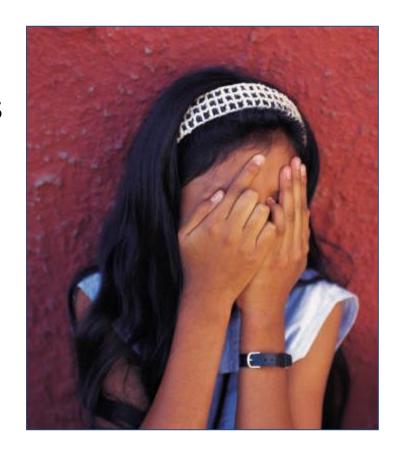
EXAMPLES OF LABOR TRAFFICKING

- Domestic service
- Factories
- Begging/Peddling
- Agriculture
- Criminal activity
- Restaurant work
- Construction
- Hotel/motel housekeeping
- Other informal labor sectors



CHILD LABOR TRAFFICKING

- Magazine crews
- Domestic Servitude/Au Pairs
- Forced to sell/make drugs
- Restaurant Work
- Forced peddling
- Agricultural work
- Hair Braiding Salons



STATS ON CHILD LABOR TRAFFICKING FROM THE NHTRC

- Most common type of child labor trafficking case calls from hotline
 - Sales crews/peddling rings (196 cases)
 - Domestic Work (25 Cases)
 - Restaurant Work (25 Cases)
 - Small Business (17 Cases)
 - Agriculture (7 Cases)



SEX TRAFFICKING



EXAMPLES OF COMMERCIAL SEX ACTS

- Street prostitution
- Pornography
- Exotic/nude massage
- Escort services
- Phone sex lines
- Gang based prostitution
- International pimping
 - Sex Tourism
- Forms of internet based exploitation







PATHWAYS TO ENTRY

- Seduction and coercion
- False advertising for "modeling," "acting," or "dancing" opportunities
- Internet enticement through chat rooms or profile sharing sites



- Peer recruitment
- Violence and force
- Kidnapping
- Parents selling children







310 S. Virgil



165 N. Hoover



132 S. Kingsley



932 Irolo



Windows are nailed shut to prevent escape



Heavy furniture is placed in front of the door





RESPONDING TO SURVIVORS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING



VICTIMS MAY NOT APPEAR TO WANT HELP

- Captivity, confinement and isolation
- Fear, shame, self-blame and hopelessness
- Non-identification as a victim
- Use or threat of violence
- Distrust of authority
- Dependency
- Debt bondage
- Stockholm Syndrome



CLIENTS REACTIONS TO TRAFFICKING EXPERIENCE MAY INCLUDE:

- Physical
- Emotional
- Cognitive
- Behavioral
- •Spiritual



HUMAN TRAFFICKING VICTIMS ARE OFTEN SEEN AS CRIMINALS

- Traffickers often force victims to commit crimes in the course of their trafficking
- Child sex trafficking is still criminalized in most states where children cannot legally consent to sex.
 - For this reason many child sex trafficking victims continue to be arrested
 - Many law enforcement partners advocate for arrest as a means of referring child victims to services

PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF TRAFFICKING

- Anxiety disorders and depression are common
- Post-traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD);
 3 clusters of symptoms:
 - Re-experiencing
 - Avoidance and numbing
 - Hyper-arousal
- Guilt, shame, low self-esteem



FACTORS AFFECTING RECOVERY

- Interaction with law enforcement and legal system
- Having basic and emergency needs met
- Access to supportive/therapeutic activities
- Return of control over own life
- Ability to work and become self-sufficient



FOR IMMEDIATE HELP WITH VICTIM RESPONSE

o Call 911

- Call CAST Hotline
 - 888.KEY.2.FRE(EDOM)
 - 888.539.2373

- Call National Human Trafficking Resource Center Hotline
 - 1.888.373.7888





CONTACT INFORMATION

Stephanie Molen
Director of Partnerships
smolen@castla.org
(213)347-9281

WWW.CASTLA.ORG
FACEBOOK (CAST LOS ANGELES)
TWITTER (@CASTLA)
INSTAGRAM (@CAST_LA)

