

County of Los Angeles CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street, Room 713, Los Angeles, California 90012 (213) 974-1101 http://ceo.lacounty.gov

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December 15, 2009

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles 383 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

Dear Supervisors:

APPROVAL OF MEDICARE PART B PREMIUM REIMBURSEMENT FOR 2010 (ALL DISTRICTS) (3-VOTES)

SUBJECT

Recommendation to approve County reimbursement of retiree Medicare Part B premiums for retirees who are enrolled in a Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association (LACERA) administered Medicare Risk HMO or Medicare Supplement Plan in 2010.

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOUR BOARD:

- Renew for the 2010 calendar year, County reimbursement of Medicare Part B
 premiums for retirees who are enrolled in a LACERA administered Medicare Risk
 HMO or Medicare Supplement Plan. Beginning January 1, 2007, Medicare
 instituted a means test that imposes additional Part B premiums on higher
 income individuals. This recommendation does not intend that the County
 reimburse any additional costs for persons affected by the means test.
- 2. Instruct the Chief Executive Officer to report back to your Board prior to January 1, 2011 with recommendations regarding Part B reimbursement policy for the 2011 calendar year.

"To Enrich Lives Through Effective And Caring Service"

3. Reaffirm your Board's right to change or terminate the Medicare Part B premium reimbursement program at any time if it ceases to be cost effective.

PURPOSE/JUSTIFICATION OF THE RECOMMENDED ACTION

Since 1992, the County has sponsored retiree health insurance plans designed to encourage retirees to fully participate in the Federal Medicare program. This has included reimbursing retirees for the cost of participating in Medicare Part B in those instances where the retiree has enrolled in one of the Medicare Risk HMOs or the Medicare Supplement Plan administered by LACERA. By prior Board direction, reimbursing retirees for the cost of Medicare Part B requires an annual determination that the program remains cost effective. The purpose of the recommended action is to affirm that such determination has been made and to obtain your Board's authorization to continue the program through calendar year 2010.

Background

The County pays a subsidy toward the cost of retiree health insurance based on each retiree's length of active County service. The subsidy equals four percent of the cost of the coverage chosen by the retiree for each year of service, if the retiree has a threshold minimum of 10 years of service. No subsidy is paid with less than 10 years of service. For example, a retiree with the minimum 10 years of service receives a subsidy of 40 percent of premium costs and a retiree with 25 years of service receives a subsidy of 100 percent of premium costs. In no event, however, may the subsidy exceed the subsidy payable for the LACERA indemnity health plans currently known as "Anthem Blue Cross I and II." These plans have identical premiums which set a cap on the subsidy. Within these limitations, the subsidy amount covers the cost of coverage for the retiree and any eligible dependents.

The menu of County sponsored LACERA administered retiree health plans includes Medicare Risk HMOs and a Medicare Supplement Plan. A Medicare Risk HMO is an HMO in which participants have assigned over all rights to Medicare Parts A and B to the HMO. The participant effectively agrees to receive all of his or her medical care from the HMO and to waive any right to use Medicare benefits outside the HMO. In exchange, Medicare agrees to pay the HMO a monthly "capitation" fee on behalf of the participant. That fee defrays much of the cost of the HMO coverage. The reduction in cost is passed on to the retirees and the County in the form of lower premiums and lower County subsidies.

A Medicare Supplement Plan is an indemnity plan that complements Medicare benefits. Medicare becomes the primary payer, meaning Medicare pays first on each claim. A Medicare Supplement Plan essentially picks up where Medicare leaves off within the limitations set forth in the plan. Like the Medicare Risk HMO concept, the Medicare Supplement concept reduces County and retiree costs by the value of the Medicare benefits.

LACERA currently administers three Medicare Risk HMOs within California and one Medicare Supplement Plan. The HMOs are known as "Kaiser Senior Advantage," "SCAN," and "PacifiCare/Secure Horizons." The Medicare Supplement Plan is known as "Anthem Blue Cross III." There are an estimated 21,200 County retirees enrolled in these plans (28,200 lives when dependents are included).

Medicare Parts A and B

The Medicare Risk HMOs and the Medicare Supplement Plan require the eligible retirees to be enrolled in both Medicare Parts A and B. Part A generally covers hospitalization costs and Part B generally covers physician services and other ancillary items such as laboratory testing and durable medical equipment. Part A coverage may be earned by working the requisite number of quarters in Medicare covered employment and Part B may be purchased by retirees. The Part B cost takes the form of monthly premiums.

The current Part B premium is \$96.40 per month. This is the standard Part B premium that applies to individuals who are not required to pay more due to the means testing instituted by the Medicare program in 2007. According to Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the standard Part B premium will increase by 14.6 percent to \$110.50 per month effective January 1, 2010. However, CMS has also announced that this adjustment will not apply to Medicare beneficiaries who:

- Are currently receiving Social Security retirement benefits and having the Part B premium deducted from those benefits.
- Are not higher income retirees who must pay more as a consequence of means testing.

The connection to Social Security retirement benefits reflects the fact that Social Security retirement beneficiaries will not be receiving a cost-of-living adjustment on January 1, 2010. Because of that and a related hold harmless provision embedded in current Social Security law, Social Security retirement recipients will be shielded from

the Part B premium increase – unless they are higher income retirees subject to Medicare means testing.

Medicare means testing imposes higher Part B premiums on higher income people on a graduated basis beginning with retirement incomes over \$85,000 per annum. Individuals subject to the means testing are categorically excluded from the hold harmless treatment and will, therefore, be required to pay the higher Part B premium that will take effect on January 1, 2010. Under the County's current Part B reimbursement policy, only the standard Part B premium is recognized for reimbursement purposes. We are recommending no change in that policy.

CMS is estimating that 73 percent of retirees nation-wide will qualify for the hold harmless treatment, and 27 percent will not. Legislation currently pending before Congress could freeze the Part B premium for all retirees, but these are the estimates absent any new law.

Annual Re-evaluation Is Necessary

The decision to pick-up Medicare Part B premiums is essentially an annual determination that considers, among other things, year-to-year changes in the costs of Part B. From the inception of the Part B reimbursement program in 1992, the County has reimbursed the full cost of the standard Part B premium for any retiree who has enrolled in a Medicare Risk HMO or the Medicare Supplement Plan. The justification advanced to your Board in 1992, and we believe is still valid today, holds that the cost of the Part B coverage is more than offset by the reduction in subsidy costs for the lower cost Medicare Advantage coverage.

The 1992 Board action originally provided for reimbursement of the Part B premium through 1995. This included any late enrollment penalties imposed by Medicare for retirees who enrolled prior to May 1, 1993. The 1992 Board action also provided for an annual cost justification from 1996 forward. Under the original authorization, the program is subject to change or cancellation at the discretion of the Board. It may be continued only "if cost savings are realized." That requirement has been reaffirmed in all subsequent Board authorizations of this program, and should be considered reaffirmed in these recommendations as well.

Recommended Pick-Up of January 1, 2010 Part B Premium

LACERA's health insurance consultant, Mercer, is using the CMS estimate of 27 percent as the percentage of County retirees who will be required to pay the higher

basic Part B premium rate in 2010. Based on that estimate, picking up the basic 2010 Part B premium would cost an additional \$1.3 million per annum for a total of \$34 million per annum (all funds). The key question at this point is whether spending this amount will save more than it costs. In other words, is spending \$34 million necessary to retain the current level of participation in the Medicare Risk HMOs or the Medicare Supplement Plan, and thereby avoid more than \$34 million in higher subsidy costs that could be caused by a possible reverse migration out of these plans? We believe it is.

Eliminating the Part B reimbursement would likely cause a majority of the participants in the Part B Reimbursement program to abandon their current coverage in favor of higher cost LACERA coverage. Of the estimated 21,200 retirees currently in the program, approximately 12,400 (56 percent) are receiving a 100 percent County subsidy because they have 25 or more years of County service. These individuals could enroll in almost any LACERA health plan and have the full premium paid by the County up to the aforementioned maximum subsidy limit established by the Anthem Blue Cross I and II Plans. They could do this with no obligation to purchase Part B coverage.

Although there is no way to be certain what the costs of the retiree health insurance program would be in the absence of this incentive, Buck Consultants, an independent actuarial consulting firm, believes the likely impact on either eliminating the Part B reimbursement program or freezing the level of reimbursement at the 2009 levels would be an increase in overall County costs ranging from approximately \$22.8 million to \$42.4 million per annum. This would be in addition to the projected annual expenditures of \$34 million estimated for 2010. A copy of Buck Consultant's analysis is included in Attachment I.

LACERA independently employed the firm of Mercer to review this issue. Mercer concurs that overall County costs for retiree health care would be dramatically higher in the absence of the Part B reimbursement program. A copy of Mercer's analysis is included in Attachment II.

Attachments III through VIII provide additional information on the difference in current retiree costs and benefit coverage between the Kaiser Senior Advantage and Anthem Blue Cross III plans, and the alternative non-Medicare related Kaiser Excess I, and Anthem Blue Cross I and II Plans. The populations in Kaiser Senior Advantage and Anthem Blue Cross III represent approximately 91 percent of the total Part B reimbursement program participants.

IMPLEMENTATION OF STRATEGIC PLAN GOALS

The recommended action supports the County's Strategic Plan Goal of fiscal responsibility.

FISCAL IMPACT

The recommended action would result in additional Part B reimbursement costs of approximately \$1.3 million per annum (all funds). However, the costs of not approving the recommendation could be much greater

FACTS AND PROVISIONS

The recommended continuance of the Part B reimbursement would take effect on January 1, 2010 and be initially reflected in LACERA retiree warrants issued on December 31, 2009.

The amount reimbursed will include any late enrollment penalties paid by retirees who enrolled prior to May 1, 1993 following the introduction of the Part B reimbursement program.

The Chief Executive Officer will report back prior to January 1, 2011 with additional recommendations relating to Part B reimbursement policy for the 2011 calendar year.

Respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM T FUJIOKA Chief Executive Officer

WTF:EFS:WGL WHD:df

Attachments (8)

c: LACERA

Auditor-Controller Acting County Counsel

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November 20, 2009

Mr. William A. Lynes
County of Los Angeles
Chief Administrative Office
526 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration
500 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, California 90012

Re: Expected Impact of Modifying the Part B Reimbursement for Retirees

Dear Bill:

This letter presents Buck Consultants LLC's (Buck) analysis of the expected cost impact of modifying the current County practice of reimbursing retirees and their dependents for the Medicare Part B premium. This encourages retirees to enroll in the Blue Cross III Medicare Supplement Plan or in one of the Medicare Advantage (or sometime called Medicare Risk) plans offered by the HMO plans.

Based on our analysis, we believe that it is in the County's interest to continue the current program to reimburse retirees for their basic Part B premium but not to cover the additional means tested Part B premium that became effective January 2007. This means that the County would not pay for the additional means tested amount that Medicare will charge to high income participants. Deciding not to pay the Part B premium would cost the County between \$22.8 and \$42.4 million for 2010.

Under our analysis, we developed the expected cost impact to the County under two scenarios. In the first, the County elects to freeze the Medicare Part B reimbursement at the 2009 premium amount of \$96.40 per month. In the second, the County elects to suspend the reimbursement of the Part B premium in total. In both scenarios, we have assumed that the County will not cover the additional means tested Part B premium that became effective January 2007.

In addition, for each of these two scenarios, we modeled three alternatives because the Social Security Administration is not implementing a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to the Social Security Benefit. Because of this, any existing retiree receiving Social Security who has his or her Part B premium deducted from their monthly check will not be subject to the 2010 increase in the Part B premium. All others will have to pay the increased premium of \$110.50.

In addition, there is pending legislation in Congress that would suspend this increase for all beneficiaries for 2010. Because of these changes, we modeled three different assumptions related to the Part B premium increases:

- All members are subject to the \$110.50 monthly premium in 2010.
- The congressional legislation passes and all members pay the current \$96.40 monthly premium for 2010.
- Based on information estimated by Mercer, 73% of the members remain at the current premium amount and only 27% have to pay the higher premium rate in 2010.

In our analysis, we have assumed that LACERA will still elect to offer the Blue Cross Plan III and the various Medicare Advantage plans regardless of whether or not the County elects to continue to pay the Part B premiums. This decision is to the financial advantage of the retirees, particularly to those with less than 25 years of service at retirement.

For example, a retiree who is Medicare Eligible and has 15 years of service at retirement pays a monthly premium of \$123.88 under the Blue Cross Plan III, but would pay \$339.62 under the Blue Cross Plan II, or an increase of \$215.74 per month. Even if this individual had to pay the 2010 Part B premium of \$96.40 or \$110.50 (depending on the circumstances) he would still pay either \$119.34 or \$105.24 less per month by remaining in the Blue Cross Plan III, or a savings of between \$1,262.88 and \$1,432.08 per year as compared to dropping Part B coverage and electing the Blue Cross Plan II.

Of the approximately 22,000 participants in a Medicare Advantage or the Blue Cross III plan, 9,600 have less than 25 years of service and as such are paying some of the cost of the medical plan they elect. Keeping these plans in place for these members makes financial sense for the County and the retired members.

In developing our analysis, we focused strictly on these 22,000 participants. In the first scenario, we assumed that the County freezes the Medicare Part B reimbursement at the 2009 premium amount of \$94.60 per month. In addition, for those individual who are paying a penalty for late enrollment, the penalty reimbursement remains frozen at the amount of penalty reimbursed in 2009. Based on the current average monthly reimbursement of \$124 per retired participant, the expected reimbursement for 2010 would be \$124 if the County continued its current practice. Freezing the contributions at the 2009 levels means that on average retirees would pay between \$0 and \$14.10 per month in Part B premiums, depending on whether their Part B premiums are frozen at current levels.

In determining whether a retiree would elect to pay the additional Part B premium and remain in the current Blue Cross III or Medicare Advantage plan, we compared the difference in premium paid by the retiree for their current plan plus the additional Part B premium to the medical premium payment for a non-Medicare Plan. For this analysis, individuals in the Blue Cross III and SCAN HMO plans were compared to the Blue Cross II plan and those in CIGNA, Kaiser, and PacifiCare were compared to the available non-Medicare option for the particular HMO. We then developed the cost impact of three election alternatives:

- Maximum cost impact if the retiree cost of the current medical plan plus the additional Part B premium is less than the cost of the applicable non-Medicare plan, the retiree remains in their current plan. If the retiree cost of the current medical plan plus the additional Part B premium is greater than or equal to the cost of the applicable non-Medicare plan, the retiree moves to the non-Medicare plan.
- Minimum cost impact the additional per month average Part B payment does not cause any movement in plans; retirees remain in their current plans.
- Expected cost impact this represents our expected outcome. For those where the retiree cost of the current medical plan plus the additional Part B premium is less than the cost of the applicable non-Medicare plan, the retiree remains in their current plan. If the retiree cost of the current medical plan plus the additional Part B premium is greater than or equal to the cost of the applicable non-Medicare plan, then 50% of the retirees move to the non-Medicare plan and the other 50% remain in their current plans.

We then modeled each of these scenarios for the three alternatives due to the lack of a COLA for the Social Security Benefit. The three alternatives are shown in Exhibits I through III.

The table below summarizes the range of cost impact for the three Part B premium alternatives in the first scenario.

Table 1
Impact to Los Angeles County of
Freezing Part B Premium Reimbursement
Dollars in Millions

| | Maximum Cost | Minimum Cost | Expected Cost |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Alternative 1 – All members pay the \$110.50 monthly premium | \$82.8 | (\$3.7) | \$39.5 |
| Alternative 2 – All members pay the \$96.40 monthly premium | \$86.5 | \$0.0 | \$43.2 |
| Alternative 3 – 27% pay the \$110.50 monthly premium and 73% pay the \$96.40 premium | \$85.6 | (\$0.9) | \$42.4 |

Table 1 shows that for this scenario, the expected cost impact to the County would be an increase in costs of between \$39.5 and \$43.2 million, depending on the alternative. The maximum or worst case cost would be an increase of between \$82.8 and \$86.5 million. The best case would be a savings of between \$0 and \$3.7 million.

In the second scenario, we assumed that the County elects to suspend the reimbursement of the Part B premium in total. This means that on average, the retirees would have to pay an additional \$124 to \$138 per month in Part B premiums and penalties to remain in their current plans.

The table below summarizes the range of cost impact for the three Part B premium alternatives in the first scenario.

Table 2 Impact to Los Angeles County of Suspending Part B Premium Reimbursement Dollars in Millions

| · | Maximum Cost | Minimum Cost | Expected Cost |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Alternative 1 – All members pay the \$110.50 monthly premium | \$74.7 | (\$29.1) | \$22.8 |
| Alternative 2 – All members pay the \$96.40 monthly premium | \$74.1 | (\$25.4) | \$24.4 |
| Alternative 3 – 27% pay the \$110.50 monthly premium and 73% pay the \$96.40 premium | \$73.2 | (\$26.2) | \$23.5 |

Table 2 shows that for this scenario, the expected cost impact to the County would be an increase in costs of between \$22.8 and \$24.4 million, depending on the alternative. The maximum or worst case cost would be an increase of between \$73.2 and \$74.7 million. The best case would be a savings of between \$25.4 and \$29.1 million.

After your review, if you have any questions or comments, please give me a call and we can discuss.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Schionning, F.S.A., M.A.A.A.

Principal & Consulting Actuary

County of Los Angeles Cost Impact of Modifying the Part B Reimbursement Policy Alternative 1 – All Members Are Subject to the Increased 2010 Premium of \$110.50 Medicare Eligible Participants Only Calendar Year 2010

| | | Scenario 1 | - Freeze at 20 | 009 Levels | Scenario 2 | - No Part B Rein | mhursement |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | Current | <u>Maximum</u> | <u>Minimum</u> | Expected | <u>Maximum</u> | Minimum | Expected |
| Blue Cross CIGNA Kaiser SCAN PacifiCare | \$38,667,499 \$286,858 \$39,564,692 \$1,065,670 \$6,483,489 | \$66,403,214 \$281,613 \$88,624,589 \$1,998,029 \$11,523,014 | \$37,167,203 \$281,613 \$37,679,973 \$1,006,112 \$6,224,444 | \$51,785,209 \$281,613 \$63,152,281 \$1,502,070 \$8,873,729 | \$64,375,228 \$245,752 \$83,437,593 \$1,835,192 \$10,885,429 | \$26,909,857 \$245,752 \$24,794,378 \$598,918 \$4,453,383 | \$45,642,543 \$245,752 \$54,115,986 \$1,217,055 \$7,669,406 |
| Total | \$86,068,208 | \$168,830,459 | | \$125,594,902 | \$160,779,195 | \$57,002,288 | \$108,890,741 |
| Cost/(Savings) | | \$82,762,251 | (\$3,708,864) | \$39,526,693 | \$74,710,986 | (\$29,065,920) | \$22,822,533 |

County of Los Angeles Cost Impact of Modifying the Part B Reimbursement Policy Alternative 2 – All Members Premiums are kept at the 2009 Premium of \$96.40 Medicare Eligible Participants Only Calendar Year 2010

| | | Scenario 1 | - Freeze at 20 | 009 Levels | Scenario 2 | - No Part B Rei | mhursomont |
|---|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|
| | Current | <u>Maximum</u> | <u>Minimum</u> | Expected | <u>Maximum</u> | Minimum | Expected |
| Blue Cross CIGNA Kaiser SCAN PacifiCare | \$37,167,203 \$281,613 \$37,679,973 \$1,006,112 \$6,224,444 | \$88,624,589 \$1,998,029 | \$37,167,203 \$281,613 \$37,679,973 \$1,006,112 \$6,224,444 | \$281,613 \$63,152,281 \$1,502,070 | \$62,552,572 \$245,752 \$81,308,280 \$1,755,839 \$10,569,710 | \$26,909,857 \$245,752 \$24,794,378 \$598,918 \$4,453,383 | \$44,731,215 \$245,752 \$53,051,329 \$1,177,379 \$7,511,547 |
| Total | \$82,359,344 | \$168,830,459 | \$82,359,344 | \$125,594,902 | \$156,432,154 | \$57,002,288 | \$106,717,221 |
| Cost/(Savings) | | \$86,471,115 | \$0 | \$43,235,557 | \$74,072,810 | (\$25,357,056) | \$24,357,877 |

County of Los Angeles Cost Impact of Modifying the Part B Reimbursement Policy Alternative 3 – Only 27% of the Members Are Subject to the Increased 2010 Premium of \$110.50 Medicare Eligible Participants Only Calendar Year 2010

| | | | - Freeze at 20 | 009 Levels | Scenario 2 | - No Part B Rei | mhursement |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | <u>Current</u> | <u>Maximum</u> | <u>Minimum</u> | Expected | <u>Maximum</u> | Minimum | Expected |
| Blue Cross CIGNA Kaiser SCAN PacifiCare | \$37,512,271 \$282,819 \$38,113,458 \$1,019,810 \$6,284,024 | \$66,403,214 \$281,613 \$88,624,589 \$1,998,029 \$11,523,014 | \$37,167,203 \$281,613 \$37,679,973 \$1,006,112 \$6,224,444 | \$51,785,209 \$281,613 \$63,152,281 \$1,502,070 \$8,873,729 | \$62,552,572 \$245,752 \$81,308,280 \$1,755,839 \$10,569,710 | \$26,909,857 \$245,752 \$24,794,378 \$598,918 \$4,453,383 | \$44,731,215 \$245,752 \$53,051,329 \$1,177,379 \$7,511,547 |
| Total | \$83,212,383 | \$168,830,459 | \$82,359,344 | \$125,594,902 | \$156,432,154 | \$57,002,288 | \$106,717,221 |
| Cost/(Savings) | | \$85,618,076 | (\$853,039) | \$42,382,519 | \$73,219,771 | (\$26,210,095) | \$23,504,838 |

MARSH MERCER KROLL
GUY CARPENTER OLIVER WYMAN

E. Clayton Levister III Principal

777 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1900 Los Angeles, CA 90017 213 346 2539 Fax 213 346 2680 Ernest.c.levister@mercer.com www.mercer.com

November 3, 2009

Ms. Lita Payne Director Health Care Benefits Program LACERA 300 N. Lake Ave, Suite 300 Pasadena, CA 91101

Subject: Medicare Risk Savings Projections

Dear Lita:

Attached are the Medicare Risk savings projections to evaluate the 2009/2010 cost effectiveness of the County offering Medicare Risk plans and subsidizing Medicare Part B premiums for LACERA retirees and dependents enrolling in those plans.

There are several dynamics at play for the 2010 Part B premium increase. For 2010, a Hold Harmless provision in the Social Security (SS) laws will keep the Part B premium flat for those who have Part B premiums deducted from their SS checks. While this might impact some LACERA members, there will be a significant number that are not covered by the Hold Harmless provision. In addition, HR 3631 which would eliminate the increase for all Medicare beneficiaries is waiting for a vote in the Senate. Because of these issues, Mercer has prepared three analyses. The first assumes all participants have an increase in Part B. The second is that 23% have an increase in Part B. The third assumes there is no increase in Part B premiums.

Because LACERA has a number of health plan options, we have included four "migration scenarios" for each analysis. Each has a different set of assumptions of where the retirees might enroll if the County did not offer Medicare Risk plans and subsidize Medicare Part B premiums for enrollees who participate in those plans.

Under all analyses and scenarios, it is in the County's financial interest to continue offering Medicare Risk plans and subsidizing Part B premiums for enrollees in those plans.



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Background about the Part B Premium

Medicare Part B Premium

The Medicare Part B premium for the first income level, as of January 1, 2009, is \$96.40. For January 1, 2010, there is an increase to the Part B premium at this income level to \$110.50. However, due to the Hold Harmless provision in the Social Security laws, not all current Medicare beneficiaries at or below the base income level will see an increase. Also, as mentioned above, a bill (HR 3631) passed by the House and awaiting Senate action would eliminate the 2010 increase for all Medicare beneficiaries. Please see the attached Mercer GRIST article and the CMS notification which details these issues.

The County covers the Part B premium for retiree and dependent participants in the Medicare Risk HMOs and Plan III. There are approximately 22,000 retirees in such plans. According to the Medicare Part B Reimbursement and Penalty Report for the pay period 09/30/2009, the average amount paid for retirees, dependents and penalties is approximately \$124.36 per retiree.

Income-Related Medicare Part B Premium

As part of the Medicare Modernization Act, effective January 2007, Medicare Part B premiums will be income tested. Currently, the Medicare Part B premium is set at 50% of the monthly actuarial rate (MAR). The MAR represents 50% of the cost of Part B benefits. Therefore, the standard Medicare Part B premiums cover about 25% of the cost for Part B expenditures. Effective January 2007, individuals over a certain income level will pay more than the 25% target premium. For a summary of the current income related Part B premiums please refer to the attached GRIST Report: CMS issues 2010 Medicare Premiums, deductible, and coinsurance amounts. Our model assumes that the County will not reimburse the means-tested amounts of the Part B premiums. It also assumes that the County will pay only for the standard Medicare Part B premium and the late penalties for those who enrolled when the reimbursement plan was first introduced.



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Projection Methodology

Since we have no data to determine which LACERA retirees will be subject to the increase in 2010 or whether or not HR 3631 will pass, Mercer has done three Part B premium projections. The projections assume the following:

- Scenario I: The Part B increase from \$96.40 to \$110.50 will affect all LACERA retirees.
 The County reimburses all retirees at the \$110.50.
- Scenario II: The Part B increase will remain for 2010 and a portion of LACERA retirees will not have an increase due to the Hold Harmless provisions in the Social Security laws. Mercer utilized the CMS estimate that 73% of current retires are subject to the Hold Harmless and would not incur the increase. The County reimburses \$96.40 for those subject to the Hold Harmless and \$110.50 for those not subject to the hold harmless.
- Scenario III: HR 3631 will pass and there will be no increase for 2010 for any retiree. The County reimburses at the current \$96.40.

In each projection, the savings is determined by comparing LACERA's current total plan cost (medical, dental, and Part B premium) with the projected total cost if there were no Medicare Risk plan offerings. The projected costs are based upon migration of Risk participants into non-Risk plans and the removal of the Part B premium. The County's contributions are based upon years of service. For the 2009/2010 policy period, we estimate them to be 90.78% of the total cost. This factor is applied to the premium to split the County and retiree portions.

Projection A – Migration Assumptions

This projection assumes that all Medicare HMO Risk participants move from their current HMO Risk plan into the corresponding HMO's non-Risk plan; that the Kaiser Senior Advantage participants migrate to the Kaiser Excess plan; and that the Scan and Plan III participants migrate to Plan II. In addition, Projection A assumes that the County will stop paying the Part B premium for all members. Under this scenario LACERA will have saved approximately:

Scenario I: \$155.82 million in total medical cost
 Scenario II: \$157.59 million in total medical cost

Scenario III: \$158.24 million in total medical cost



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Projection B - Migration Assumptions

This projection assumes that all Medicare HMO Risk participants migrate from their current HMO Risk plans to Plan II; that Plan III enrollment remains unchanged; and that the County will continue to pay the Part B premium for Plan III participants. Under this scenario LACERA will have saved approximately:

Scenario I: \$96.99 million in total medical cost
 Scenario II: \$98.05 million in total medical cost
 Scenario III: \$98.44 million in total medical cost

Projection C - Migration Assumptions

This projection assumes that the Medicare HMO Risk participant migration is split 50/50 between Plan II and Plan III; that Plan III enrollment remains unchanged; and that the County will continue to pay the Part B premium for Plan III participants. Under this scenario LACERA will have saved approximately:

Scenario I: \$56.16 million in total medical cost
 Scenario II: \$56.69 million in total medical cost
 Scenario III: \$56.89 million in total medical cost

Projection D - Migration Assumptions

This projection assumes that the Medicare HMO Risk and Plan III participants migrate to Plan II, and that the County will stop paying the Part B premium for all members. Under this scenario LACERA will have saved approximately:

Scenario I: \$153.22 million in total medical cost
 Scenario II: \$154.98 million in total medical cost
 Scenario III: \$155.64 million in total medical cost



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Summary of Findings

Regardless of the outcome for the Part B reimbursement increase, the variance under each projection is only 1.2% to 1.6% of total savings.

Pease call me at (213) 346-2539 if you have any questions or would like to discuss any of these projections.

Sincerely,

E. Clayton Levister III

Principal

Copy:

Laurie Silva - Mercer

Attachments:

- Migration assumptions for Scenarios I, II, and III
- Grist CMS issues 2010 Medicare premiums, deductible and coinsurance
- CMS Notification

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Scenario I

Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association Medicare Risk - Medicare Supplemental - Prudent Buyer Premium Projections as of July 1, 2009 All Carriers Combined

| | July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Migration A | Migration B | Migration C | Migration D | |
| Current Plan Cost (w/Part B Subsidy) | | | | | |
| County Share | 6074 EEO 404 | #074 550 404 | 0074 550 404 | 407/77 | |
| | \$374,559,194 | \$374,559,194 | \$374,559,194 | \$374,559,194 | |
| Member Share | <u>\$38,050,788</u> | <u>\$38,050,788</u> | <u>\$38,050,788</u> | <u>\$38,050,788</u> | |
| Total | \$412,609,981 | \$412,609,981 | \$412,609,981 | \$412,609,981 | |
| Assumed Plan Cost (w/Migration | | | | | |
| and Benefit Options) | | | | | |
| County Share | \$516,010,085 | \$462,603,029 | \$425,541,744 | \$513,647,280 | |
| Member Share | \$52,420,527 | \$46,995,001 | \$43,230,012 | \$52,180,494 | |
| Total | \$568,430,611 | \$509,598,029 | \$468,771,756 | \$565,827,774 | |
| Annual Cost / (Savings) | | | | | |
| County Share | -\$141,450,891 | -\$88,043,835 | -\$50,982,550 | -\$139,088,086 | |
| Member Share | -\$14,369,739 | -\$8,944,213 | <u>-\$5,179,225</u> | <u>-\$14,129,706</u> | |
| Total | -\$155,820,630 | -\$96,988,048 | -\$56,161,775 | | |
| 1000 | Ψ100,020,000 | -\$90,900,0 4 0 | -\$30,101,773 | -\$153,217,792 | |
| Percentage Difference | | | | | |
| County Share | -27.41% | -19.03% | -11.98% | -27.08% | |
| Member Share | <u>-27.41%</u> | <u>-19.03%</u> | -11.98% | <u>-27.08%</u> | |
| Total | -27.41% | -19.03% | -11.98% | -27.08% | |

Notes:

Part B Premiums:

Assumes all members have an increase of Part B reimbursement to \$110.50.

(1) Migration A:

PacifiCare and CIGNA Risk members move to the PacifiCare and CIGNA non-Risk HMOs Kaiser Risk members move to the Kaiser Excess plan Plan III and Scan members move to Plan II County stops paying Part B premium for all members

(2) Migration B:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, and Scan members move to Plan II Plan III members stay in Plan III County continues to pay Part B premium for Plan III members

(3) Migration C:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, and Scan members move to Plan II and Plan III Plan III members stay in Plan III County continues to pay Part B premium for Plan III members

(4) Migration D:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, Scan and Plan III members move to Plan II County stops paying Part B premium for all members

Scenario II

Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association Medicare Risk - Medicare Supplemental - Prudent Buyer Premium Projections as of July 1, 2009 All Carriers Combined

| July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Migration A | Migration B | Migration C | Migration D | |
| | | | | |
| \$270 DEE 044 | #070 OFF 044 | @070.055.044 | 0000000000000 | |
| l | | | \$372,955,914 | |
| | | | <u>\$37,887,913</u> | |
| \$410,843,827 | \$410,843,827 | \$410,843,827 | \$410,843,827 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| \$516 010 00E | \$464 060 004 | £404 440 000 | ФС40 047 000 | |
| | | | \$513,647,280 | |
| | | | <u>\$52,180,494</u> | |
| \$568,430,611 | \$508,891,903 | \$467,535,177 | \$565,827,774 | |
| | | | | |
| -\$143.054.171 | -\$89,006,107 | -\$51,463,288 | -\$140,691,366 | |
| | ' ' ' I | | <u>-\$14,292,580</u> | |
| | | | | |
| -ψ107,000,704 | -\$30,040,073 | -\$50,091,550 | -\$154,983,946 | |
| i | İ | | | |
| -27.72% | -19.27% | -12,13% | -27.39% | |
| | | 1 | <u>-27.39%</u> | |
| | | | -27.39% | |
| | \$372,955,914 \$37,887,913 \$410,843,827 \$516,010,085 \$52,420,527 \$568,430,611 -\$143,054,171 -\$14,532,613 -\$157,586,784 | \$372,955,914 \$372,955,914 \$37,887,913 \$37,887,913 \$410,843,827 \$410,843,827 \$516,010,085 \$461,962,021 \$52,420,527 \$46,929,882 \$568,430,611 \$508,891,903 \$143,054,171 \$-\$14,532,613 \$-\$157,586,784 \$-27.72% \$-19.27% \$-19.27% | Migration A Migration B Migration C \$372,955,914 \$372,955,914 \$372,955,914 \$37,887,913 \$37,887,913 \$37,887,913 \$410,843,827 \$410,843,827 \$410,843,827 \$516,010,085 \$461,962,021 \$424,419,202 \$52,420,527 \$46,929,882 \$43,115,975 \$568,430,611 \$508,891,903 \$467,535,177 -\$143,054,171 -\$89,006,107 -\$51,463,288 -\$145,532,613 -\$9,041,969 -\$5,228,062 -\$157,586,784 -\$98,048,075 -\$56,691,350 -27.72% -19.27% -12.13% -12.13% -12.13% | |

Notes:

Part B Premiums:

Assumes 73% of members have no increase to Part B reimbursement of \$96.40 due to Hold Harmless and 27% have the standard increase of Part B reimbursement to \$110.50.

(1) Migration A:

PacifiCare and CIGNA Risk members move to the PacifiCare and CIGNA non-Risk HMOs Kaiser Risk members move to the Kaiser Excess plan Plan III and Scan members move to Plan II County stops paying Part B premium for all members

(2) Migration B:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, and Scan members move to Plan II Plan III members stay in Plan III County continues to pay Part B premium for Plan III members

(3) Migration C:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, and Scan members move to Plan II and Plan III Plan III members stay in Plan III County continues to pay Part B premium for Plan III members

(4) Migration D:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, Scan and Plan III members move to Plan II County stops paying Part B premium for all members

Scenario III

Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association Medicare Risk - Medicare Supplemental - Prudent Buyer Premium Projections as of July 1, 2009 All Carriers Combined

| | July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| | Migration A | Migration B | Migration C | Migration D | |
| Current Plan Cost (w/Part B Subsidy) | | | | | |
| County Share | \$372,362,920 | \$372,362,920 | \$372,362,920 | \$372,362,920 | |
| Member Share | \$37,827,672 | \$37,827,672 | \$37,827,672 | \$37,827,672 | |
| Total | \$410,190,592 | \$410,190,592 | \$410,190,592 | \$410,190,592 | |
| Assumed Plan Cost (w/Migration | | | | | |
| and Benefit Options) | | | | | |
| County Share | \$516,010,085 | \$461,724,935 | \$424,004,015 | \$513,647,280 | |
| Member Share | \$52,420,527 | \$46,905,797 | \$43,073,797 | \$52,180,494 | |
| Total | \$568,430,611 | \$508,630,732 | \$467,077,813 | \$565,827,774 | |
| Annual Cost / (Savings) | | | | j | |
| County Share | -\$143,647,164 | -\$89,362,015 | -\$51,641,095 | -\$141,284,360 | |
| Member Share | <u>-\$14,592,854</u> | <u>-\$9,078,125</u> | -\$5,246,125 | -\$14,352,821 | |
| Total | -\$158,240,019 | -\$98,440,140 | -\$56,887,220 | -\$155,637,181 | |
| Percentage Difference | | | | | |
| County Share | -27.84% | -19.35% | -12.18% | -27.51% | |
| Member Share | -27.84% | <u>-19.35%</u> | -12.18% | -27.51% | |
| Total | -27.84% | -19.35% | -12.18% | -27.51% | |

Notes:

Part B Premiums:

Assumes HR 3631 pass the Senate and no members have an increase. Part B premiums stay at \$96.40.

(1) Migration A:

PacifiCare and CIGNA Risk members move to the PacifiCare and CIGNA non-Risk HMOs Kaiser Risk members move to the Kaiser Excess plan Plan III and Scan members move to Plan II County stops paying Part B premium for all members

(2) Migration B:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, and Scan members move to Plan II Plan III members stay in Plan III County continues to pay Part B premium for Plan III members

(3) Migration C:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, and Scan members move to Plan II and Plan III Plan III members stay in Plan III County continues to pay Part B premium for Plan III members

(4) Migration D:

PacifiCare, CIGNA, Kaiser, Scan and Plan III members move to Plan II County stops paying Part B premium for all members



GRIST Report: CMS issues 2010 Medicare premium, deductible and coinsurance amounts

By Fran Bruno and Barbara McGeoch of Mercer's Washington Resource Group Oct. 21, 2009

In This Article

<u>Summary | Medicare beneficiary cost-sharing requirements | Part A – Hospital insurance | Part B – Medical insurance | Part B – Medi</u>

Summary

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services announced the 2010 beneficiary premiums, deductibles and other cost-sharing amounts for Medicare Parts A and B. The standard Part B monthly premium increases to \$110.50, up from \$96.40 in 2009. However, many Medicare beneficiaries will pay the same Part B premium they paid in 2009 because of a little-known provision of federal law. The announcement also includes special income-related Part B monthly premiums for beneficiaries in higher-income brackets.

Medicare beneficiary cost-sharing requirements

Medicare beneficiaries are subject to various cost-sharing requirements, including monthly premiums, daily coinsurance amounts for certain benefits and deductibles. These amounts are adjusted annually based on Medicare rules. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) announced the 2010 amounts for Medicare Parts A and B. (For prior years' amounts, see GRIST #20080213, Sept. 19, 2008.) Because Social Security benefits won't get a cost of living increase in 2010, many Medicare beneficiaries will pay the same Part B premium as in 2009.

Part A - Hospital insurance

Medicare Part A beneficiaries are subject to a deductible for inpatient hospital stays. If hospitalized more than 60 days, beneficiaries are also responsible for daily coinsurance amounts, which vary depending on duration of the stay. Beneficiaries who receive services in a skilled nursing facility are subject to separate daily coinsurance amounts.

Although most individuals qualify for premium-free Part A coverage, those who haven't had enough quarters of Medicare <u>covered employment</u> must pay monthly Part A premiums. The amount of the premium depends on the number of the beneficiary's covered quarters and whether enrollment in Medicare is due to age (such as seniors age 65 and older) or disability. The table below shows the Part A deductibles, coinsurance amounts and premiums for 2009 and

2010. For more detail on how these amounts are calculated, see CMS's regulatory issuance on the <u>Part A premium</u> and <u>Part A deductible</u> and co-insurance amounts.

| Part A Hospital Insurance | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|--|--|
| | 2010 | 2009 | | |
| Hospital inpatient deductible | \$1,100 | \$1,068 | | |
| Hospital daily coinsurance | | | | |
| Days 61-90 | 275 | 267 | | |
| Lifetime reserve days | 550 | 534 | | |
| Skilled nursing facility daily coinsurance | 137.50 | 133.50 | | |
| Monthly premium | | | | |
| Seniors with fewer than 30 covered quarters and certain people with disabilities under 65 | 461 | 443 | | |
| Seniors with 30-39 covered quarters and people with disabilities who have 30 or more covered quarters | 701 | 110 | | |
| | 254 | 244 | | |

Part B - Medical insurance

Medicare beneficiaries with Part B coverage pay a monthly premium and an annual deductible. People in higher-income brackets pay higher premiums – on a graduated scale – depending on their annual income. (For background information on income-related Part B adjustments, which began in 2007, see <u>GRIST #20060055</u>, Mar. 7, 2006.)

No increase in Part B premium for many in 2010. Although the Medicare Part B standard premium will increase to \$110.50 (up from \$96.40 in 2009), more than three quarters of Medicare beneficiaries will continue paying the 2009 amount. Individuals in this group are primarily those who already receive both Social Security and Medicare benefits, aren't subject to the Part B adjustment for people in higher-income brackets, and have Part B premiums deducted from their monthly Social Security checks.

Obscure rule applies in 2010. A special provision of the Medicare law prohibits reducing Social Security benefits from one year to the next solely due to an increase in Medicare Part B premiums. Because there will be no cost of living increase for 2010 Social Security benefits, beneficiaries who have Part B premiums deducted from their checks would suffer a reduced net benefit if required to pay the increased 2010 Part B premium. These beneficiaries will continue paying the 2009 amount throughout 2010. A bill (HR 3631) passed by the House and awaiting Senate action would eliminate the 2010 increase for all Medicare beneficiaries.

Medicare beneficiaries who don't fall into the above categories will pay the increased Part B premium in 2010. Any Medicare beneficiary subject to the income-related increases will pay the

new, higher Part B premium in 2010 (along with the required increase, as noted in the chart below).

The table below lists the Part B deductible and monthly premiums for 2009 and 2010. For more detail on how these amounts are calculated, see CMS's regulatory issuance on the <u>Part B</u> <u>premium and deductible</u>.

Part B Medical Insurance*

| | 2010 | | 2009 | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| Annual deductible | \$155.00 | | \$135.00 | |
| Monthly premium if income is: | Annual income | Premium | Annual income | Premium |
| from \$ through \$ | 0 – 85,000⊝ | 110.50 | 0 – 85,000⊛ | 96.40 |
| | 85,000 – 107,000 | 154.70 | 85,000 – 107,000 | 122.20 |
| over \$ through \$ | 107,000 – 160,000 | 221.00 | 107,000 – 160,000 | 160.90 |
| | 160,000 214,000 | 287.30 | 160,000 - 213,000 | 199.70 |
| over\$ | 214,000 | 353.60 | 213,000 | 238.40 |

^{*} this table does not reflect income brackets/premium amounts for individuals filing a joint tax return, or married but filing a return separate from their spouse who lived with them any time during the taxable year

GRIST is prepared by Mercer's Washington Resource Group. For more information, contact the InfoServices team at +1 202 263 3950.

WRG only: #20090252

O income bracket for most unmarried beneficiaries filing individual returns

this premium amount applies only to a limited number of beneficiaries due to a rarely applied Medicare law exempting many from a Part B premium increase in 2010

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

Print This Page

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Fact Sheets

Details for: CMS ANNOUNCES MEDICARE PREMIUMS, DEDUCTIBLES FOR 2010

Return to List

For Immediate Release: Friday, October 16, 2009

Contact:

CMS Office of Public Affairs

202-690-6145

CMS ANNOUNCES MEDICARE PREMIUMS, DEDUCTIBLES FOR 2010

Most Medicare beneficiaries will not see a Part B monthly premium increase as a result of a "hold harmless" provision in the current law. This allows for 73 percent of beneficiaries to be protected from an increase raising the 2010 Part B monthly premiums from \$96.40 to \$110.50. The Administration continues to urge Congressional action that would protect all beneficiaries from higher Part B premiums and eliminate the inequity of a high premium for the remaining 27 percent of beneficiaries.

By law, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is required to announce the Part A deductibles and Part B premium amount - a notice that is published annually in the Federal Register.

Under the Medicare law, the standard premium is set to cover approximately one-fourth of the average cost of Part B services incurred by beneficiaries aged 65 and over. The remaining Part B costs are financed by Federal general revenues. This monthly premium paid by beneficiaries enrolled in Medicare Part B covers a portion of the cost of physicians' services. outpatient hospital services, certain home health services, durable medical equipment, and other items.

In calculating the monthly Part B premium each year, the CMS Office of the Actuary includes a contingency margin to provide for possible variation between actual and projected costs. The size of the contingency margin estimated to be needed for 2010 is affected by two main factors.

First, the current law formula for physician fees, which will result in a reduction in physician fees of approximately 21 percent in 2010 and is projected to cause additional reductions in subsequent years, is one factor affecting the 2010 contingency margin. For each year from 2003 through 2009, Congress has acted to prevent physician fee reductions from occurring.

In recognition of the strong possibility of increases in Part B expenditures that would result from similar legislation to override the decreases in physician fees in 2010 or later years, it is appropriate to maintain a significantly larger Part B contingency reserve than would otherwise be necessary. The asset level projected for the end of 2009 is not adequate to accommodate

this contingency.

Second, the Social Security Administration announced there would be no increase in Social Security benefits for 2010. As a result of the hold-harmless provision, the increase in the Part B premium for 2010 will be paid by only a small percentage of Part B enrollees. Most Part B enrollees will pay the same monthly premium that they paid in 2009 (\$96.40 was the 2009 standard monthly premium).

Approximately 27 percent of beneficiaries are not subject to the hold-harmless provision because they are new enrollees during the year (3 percent), they are subject to the incomerelated additional premium amount (5 percent), they do not have their Part B premiums withheld from social security benefit payments (19 percent), including those who qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid and have their Part B premiums paid on their behalf by Medicaid (17 percent).

As required in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA), beginning in 2007 the Part B premium a beneficiary pays each month is based on his or her annual income. Specifically, if a beneficiary's "modified adjusted gross income" is greater than the legislated threshold amounts (\$85,000 in 2010 for a beneficiary filing an individual income tax return or married and filing a separate return, and \$170,000 for a beneficiary filing a joint tax return) the beneficiary is responsible for a larger portion of the estimated total cost of Part B benefit coverage. In addition to the standard 25 percent premium, such beneficiaries now pay an income-related monthly adjustment amount. These income-related Part B premiums were phased-in over three years, beginning in 2007. About 5 percent of current Part B enrollees are expected to be subject to the higher premium amounts

The 2010 Part B monthly premium rates to be paid by beneficiaries who file an individual tax return (including those who are single, head of household, qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, or married filing separately who lived apart from their spouse for the entire taxable year), or who file a joint tax return are:

| an individual tax return | Beneficiaries who file a joint tax return with income: | Income-related monthly adjustment amount | Total monthly premium amount |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| | Less than or equal to \$170,000 | \$0.00 | \$110.50 |
| and less than or equal | Greater than \$170,000 and less than or equal to \$214,000 | \$44.20 | \$154.70 |
| Greater than \$107,000 and less than or equal to \$160,000 | | \$110.50 | \$221.00 |
| Greater than \$160,000 and less than or equal to \$214,000 | | \$176.80 | \$287.30 |
| Greater than \$214,000 | Greater than \$428,000 | \$243.10 | \$353.60 |

In addition, the monthly premium rates to be paid by beneficiaries who are married, but file a separate return from their spouse and lived with their spouse at any time during the taxable

year are:

| Beneficiaries who are married but file a separate tax return from their spouse: | Income-related monthly adjustment amount | Total monthly premium amount |
|---|--|---------------------------------|
| Less than or equal to \$85,000 | \$0.00 | \$110.50 |
| Greater than \$85,000 and less than or equal to \$129,000 | \$176.80 | \$287.30 |
| Greater than \$129,000 | \$243.10 | \$353.60 |

Part B Deductible

The Part B deductible was increased to \$110 in 2005 and, as a result of the Medicare Modernization Act, is currently indexed to the annual percentage increase in the Part B actuarial rate for aged beneficiaries. In 2010, the Part B deductible will be \$155.

Part A Premium and Deductible

Today, CMS is also announcing the Part A deductible and premium for 2010. Medicare Part A pays for inpatient hospital, skilled nursing facility, hospice, and certain home health care services. The \$1,100 deductible for 2010, paid by the beneficiary when admitted as a hospital inpatient, is an increase of \$32 from \$1,068 in 2009. Beneficiaries must pay an additional \$275 per day for days 61 through 90 in 2010, and \$550 for lifetime reserve days. The corresponding amounts in 2009 are \$267 and \$534, respectively. Daily coinsurance for the 21st through 100th day in a skilled nursing facility will be \$137.50 in 2010, up from \$133.50 in 2009.

Approximately 99 percent of Medicare beneficiaries do not have to pay a premium for Part A services because they have at least 40 quarters of Medicare-covered employment (or are the spouse or widow(er) of such a person). However, other seniors and certain people under age 65 with disabilities who have fewer than 30 quarters of coverage may obtain Part A coverage by paying a monthly premium set according to a statutory formula. This premium will be \$461 per month for 2010, an increase of \$18 from 2009. A reduced premium applies in the case of individuals with 30 to 39 quarters of coverage, who will pay a premium of \$254 in 2010, compared to \$244 in 2009.

| # | # | # | |
|---|---|---|--|
|---|---|---|--|

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ATTACHMENT III

KAISER MEDICARE AND NON-MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN RATE COMPARISON (BASED ON JULY 1, 2009 TO JUNE 30, 2010 RATES) RETIREE ONLY

| | | | MED | ICARE RIS | К НМО | НМО | | | | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| | | į | | SENIOR AD | | | | aiser Exce | | | |
| | MAXIMUM COUNTY SUBSIDY FOR ALL PLANS | 2010 MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM | MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM |
| 10 YOS (40%) | \$339.62 | \$110.50 | \$85.37 | \$195.87 | \$128.05 | \$213.42 | \$0.00 | \$334.62 | \$334.62 | \$501.93 | \$836.55 |
| 15 YOS (60%) | \$509.44 | \$110.50 | \$128.05 | \$238.55 | \$85.37 | \$213.42 | \$0.00 | \$501.93 | \$501.93 | \$334.62 | \$836.55 |
| 20 YOS (80%) | \$679.25 | \$110.50 | \$170.74 | \$281.24 | \$42.68 | \$213.42 | \$0.00 | \$669.24 | \$669.24 | \$167.31 | \$836.55 |
| 25 YOS (100%) | \$849.06 | \$110.50 | \$213.42 | \$323.92 | \$0.00 | \$213.42 | \$0.00 | \$836.55 | \$836.55 | \$0.00 | \$836.55 |

ATTACHMENT IV

KAISER TWO-PARTY MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN RATE COMPARISON (BASED ON JULY 1, 2009 TO JUNE 30, 2010 RATES) RETIREE AND SPOUSE *

| | | t | | ENIOR AD | | | Kaiser Excess I (Retiree & Spouse Assigned only Part A) | | | | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | MAXIMUM COUNTY SUBSIDY FOR ALL PLANS | 2010 MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM | MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM | |
| 10 YOS (40%) | \$723.06 | \$221.00 | \$169.54 | \$390.54 | \$254.30 | \$423.84 | \$0.00 | \$668.04 | \$668.04 | \$1,002.06 | \$1,670.10 | |
| 15 YOS (60%) | \$1,084.60 | \$221.00 | \$254.30 | \$475.30 | \$169.54 | \$423.84 | \$0.00 | \$1,002.06 | \$1,002.06 | \$668.04 | \$1,670.10 | |
| 20 YOS (80%) | \$1,446.13 | \$221.00 | \$339.07 | \$560.07 | \$84.77 | \$423.84 | \$0.00 | \$1,336.08 | \$1,336.08 | \$334.02 | \$1,670.10 | |
| 25 YOS (100%) | \$1,807.66 | \$221.00 | \$423.84 | \$644.84 | \$0.00 | \$423.84 | \$0.00 | \$1,670.10 | \$1,670.10 | \$0.00 | \$1,670.10 | |

^{*} Based on Anthem Blue Cross I and Anthem Blue Cross II subsidy cap applicable to family coverage. Indicated Kaiser costs apply to retiree and one or more dependents.

ATTACHMENT V

ANTHEM BLUE CROSS MEDICARE AND NON-MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN RATE COMPARISON (BASED ON JULY 1, 2009 TO JUNE 30, 2010 RATES) RETIREE ONLY

| | | MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT | | | INDEMNITY PLAN | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| | | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS III (Assigned both Parts A & B) | | | | | | THEM BL | | L L | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS II (MEDICARE NOT REQUIRED) | | | |
| | MAXIMUM COUNTY SUBSIDY FOR ALL PLANS | 2010 MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM |
| 10 YOS (40%) | \$339.62 | \$110.50 | \$123.88 | \$234.38 | \$185.81 | \$309.69 | \$339.62 | \$339.62 | \$509.44 | \$849.06 | \$339.62 | \$339.62 | \$509.44 | \$849.06 |
| 15 YOS (60%) | \$509.44 | \$110.50 | \$185.81 | \$296.31 | \$123.88 | \$309.69 | \$509.44 | \$509.44 | \$339.62 | \$849.06 | \$509.44 | \$509.44 | \$339.62 | \$849.06 |
| 20 YOS (80%) | \$679.25 | \$110.50 | \$247.75 | \$358.25 | \$61.94 | \$309.69 | \$679.25 | \$679.25 | \$169.81 | \$849.06 | \$679.25 | \$679.25 | \$169.81 | \$849.06 |
| 25 YOS (100%) | \$849.06 | \$110.50 | \$309.69 | \$420.19 | \$0.00 | \$309.69 | \$849.06 | \$849.06 | \$0.00 | \$849.06 | \$849.06 | \$849.06 | \$0.00 | \$849.06 |

ATTACHMENT VI

ANTHEM BLUE CROSS TWO-PARTY MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN RATE COMPARISON (BASED ON JULY 1, 2009 TO JUNE 30, 2010 RATES) RETIREE AND SPOUSE

| | | (Retir | ANTHEI ee & Spouse | M BLUE CF Assigned | | A & B) | | ANTHEM E | BLUE CRO RE NOT RE | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| | MAXIMUM COUNTY SUBSIDY FOR ALL PLANS | 2010 MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM | MEDICARE PART B SUBSIDY | ACTUAL COUNTY SUBSIDY | TOTAL COUNTY COST | RETIREE COST | TOTAL INSURANCE PREMIUM |
| 10 YOS (40%) | \$612.88 | \$221.00 | \$247.04 | \$468.04 | \$370.57 | \$617.61 | \$0.00 | \$612.88 | \$612.88 | \$919.31 | \$1,532.19 |
| 15 YOS (60%) | \$919.31 | \$221.00 | \$370.57 | \$591.57 | \$247.04 | \$617.61 | \$0.00 | \$919.31 | \$919.31 | \$612.88 | \$1,532.19 |
| 20 YOS (80%) | \$1,225.75 | \$221.00 | \$494.09 | \$715.09 | \$123.52 | \$617.61 | \$0.00 | \$1,225.75 | \$1,225.75 | \$306.44 | \$1,532.19 |
| 25 YOS (100%) | \$1,532.19 | \$221.00 | \$617.61 | \$838.61 | \$0.00 | \$617.61 | \$0.00 | \$1,532.19 | \$1,532.19 | \$0.00 | \$1,532.19 |

ATTACHMENT VII

KAISER MEDICARE AND NON-MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN BENEFITS COMPARISON

| | MEDICARE RISK HMO | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Kaiser Senior Advantage (Assigned both Parts A & B) | Kaiser Excess I (Assigned only Part A) | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Calendar Year Deductibles | None | | | | |
| Annual Maximum Out-of-Pocket Expenses | Max Co-payments of: \$1,500 – Individual \$3,000 - Family | | | | |
| Lifetime Maximum Benefits | Unlimited | | | | |
| Hospital Benefits | | | | | |
| Room and Board | No charge | | | | |
| Surgical Services | No charge | No charge for inpatient; \$5 copay for outpatient | | | |
| Hospital Services and Supplies | No charge | | | | |
| Emergency Benefits | | | | | |
| Inpatient | \$5 copay; waived if admitted | No charge | | | |
| Outpatient | \$5 copay; waived if admitted | | | | |
| Ambulance | No charge for emergency | | | | |
| Outpatient Benefits | | | | | |
| Doctor's Office Visit | \$5 copay | | | | |
| Preadmission x-ray and lab tests | No charge | | | | |
| Routine checkups | \$5 copay | | | | |
| mmunizations | No charge | | | | |
| Outpatient Surgical services | \$5 copay per procedure | | | | |
| Physical Therapy | \$5 copay | | | | |
| Speech Therapy | \$5 copay | | | | |
| Prescription Drugs | \$7 copay for up to 100-day suppl | y, covers dental prescriptions | | | |
| Vision/Hearing Care Benefits | | | | | |
| Eye Exams | \$5 copay | | | | |
| Lenses | Eye care purchased from plan optical sales offices every 24 months; \$150 allowance | Not covered | | | |
| - rames | Eye care purchased from plan optical sales offices every 24 months; \$150 allowance | Not covered | | | |
| Hearing Exams | \$5 copay | | | | |
| learing Aids | Not covered | | | | |
| Durable Medical Equipment | Covered | Not covered | | | |

ATTACHMENT VIII

BLUE CROSS MEDICARE AND NON-MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN BENEFITS COMPARISON

| | MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT | INDEMNITY PLAN | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS III (Assigned both Parts A & B) | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS I (Medicare not required) | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS II (Medicare not required) | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Calendar Year Deductibles | None | \$100 individual, \$100 family | \$500 individual; \$1,500 family | | | |
| Annual Maximum Out- of-Pocket Expenses | None | N/A | \$2,500 including deductible | | | |
| Lifetime Maximum Benefits | Unlimited | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | | | |
| Hospital Benefits | | | | | | |
| Room and Board | Plan pays all Medicare inpatient deductibles for approved Medicare days | \$75/day \$150/day special care unit | 90% PPO hospital; 80% non-PPO | | | |
| Surgical Services | Plan pays all Medicare inpatient deductibles for approved Medicare days | According to schedule + 80% of balance | 80% | | | |
| Hospital Services and Supplies | Plan pays all Medicare inpatient deductibles for approved Medicare days | 100% | 90% PPO hospital; 80% non-PPO hospital | | | |
| Emergency Benefits | | | | | | |
| Inpatient | Plan pays all Medicare inpatient deductibles for approved Medicare days | \$75/day \$150/day special care unit | 90% PPO hospital; 80% non-PPO hospital | | | |
| Outpatient | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 100% at a hospital only | 80% | | | |
| Ambulance | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 80% for transportation to first hospital where care is given | 80% for transportation to first hospital where care is given | | | |
| Durable Medical Equipment | Covered | 80% for covered, medically necessary medical equipment after deductible met | 80% for covered, medically necessary medical equipment after deductible met | | | |

ATTACHMENT VIII (Continued)

BLUE CROSS MEDICARE AND NON-MEDICARE HEALTH PLAN BENEFITS COMPARISON

| | MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT | INDEMNITY PLAN | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS III (Assigned both Parts A & B) | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS I (Medicare not required) | ANTHEM BLUE CROSS II (Medicare not required) | | | |
| Outpatient Benefits | The second secon | | | | | |
| Doctor's Office Visit | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 80% | | | | |
| Preadmission x-ray and lab tests | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 100% | | | | |
| Routine checkups | Not covered except for dependent children under age 17 | \$25 copay; covered innetwork only; maximum \$250 | \$25 copay; covered in- network only; maximum \$250 | | | |
| Immunizations | Not covered except for dependent children under age 17 | Not covered except for dependent children under age 17 | | | | |
| Outpatient Surgical services | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 100% | 100% (80% hospital facility fees) | | | |
| Physical Therapy | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 80% in accordance with requirements | | | | |
| Speech Therapy | 20% of Medicare approved charges | 80% in accordance with require | ments | | | |
| Prescription Drugs | 80% in-network and 60% out-of-netwo \$10 generic/\$30 brand/\$50 non-prefe supply | | for mail order for 90-day | | | |
| Vision/Hearing Care Be | nefits | | | | | |
| Eye Exams | Not covered | Covered after accident only | | | | |
| Lenses | Not covered unless 1st lens after eye surgery | Covered after accident and afte | r eye surgery | | | |
| Frames | Not covered unless after eye surgery | Covered after accident or after eye surgery only | | | | |
| Hearing Exams | One per year; 80% | Covered after accident only | | | | |
| Hearing Aids | 50% up to \$300 lifetime maximum | Covered after accident only | | | | |